"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; moderate south winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,205. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ROOSEVELT NOW FIGHTS SHERMAN

Before 10,000 Grangers He Lauds Senator Davenport, Who Is Fighting Vice President.

SHOWS HIS OLD-TIME FIRE

"I Am Against a Crook, Rich or Poor," He Says—He Demands Good Public Servants.

CROWD WILDLY CHEERS HIM

Evidence at Great Picnic That His Popularity Remains—He Will Make State Fight Without Compromise.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—In his first public political utterances since he left the White House a year and a half ago Col. Theodore Roosevelt made it perfectly clear to the people of Herkimer and Oneida Counties, whom he was addressing at the annual State Grange picnic at Oriskany, that his heart and soul were against the group of Republican leaders in this State represented by Vice President Sherman and his immediate coterie. It was the second shot Col. Roosevelt had taken at Mr. Sherman to-day, and coming so promptly after the letter from President Taft to Lloyd C. Griscom it was taken as being all the more significant. The opinion was expressed immediately that Mr. Roosevelt had "blacked Jim Sherman's other eye."

The picnic brought out at least 10,000 people to see and hear Col. Roosevelt. They greeted him with wild hurrahs and familiar cries of the sort that are dear to his heart. They wanted to hear him talk politics and made it mighty plain to him that they wanted the red-hot, sizzling kind of politics that he could give them if he would. He had prepared a steady-going kind of a talk about the necessity of making farm life better, but coming up from New York there had been intimation that some interjections might be made. It was these interjections that caught the crowd and made them stand up and yell.

The first shot Mr. Roosevelt took at the Vice President to-day was just before his train left the Grand Central Station in New York. As he was about to step aboard the private car Republic he turned to the newspaper men and made this comment on the letter from Mr. Taft to Mr. Griscom:

"I am very much pleased with Mr. Taft's statement. If Nassau County wants me to go to the State Convention I shall go. I regard the issue as straight and clean-cut. As far as I am concerned, there will not be a particle of compromise."

Indorsement of Sherman's Foe.

The second shot came when he appeared before the Grangers. It was in the shape of an unqualified indorsement of Senator F. M. Davenport of this district, who had just been turned down by Sherman for renomination, but is making a fight for it just the same. Senator Davenport was on the platform when Col. Roosevelt arrived at the beautiful natural amphitheatre in Summit Park, where the speech was delivered. In full view of the great crowd packed in among the trees, Col. Roosevelt grasped the Senator's hand and gave it a hearty pumphandling. The crowd howled its delight, for Davenport is popular hereabout and Sherman is fast losing his grip. Then, when the Colonel had been duly introduced and had worked off the preliminaries in getting down to his prepared speech, he turned toward the men sitting behind him on the platform, and, with a wave of his hand indicating Senator Davenport, said:

"I am glad to see on this platform Senator Davenport." Whoop! went the crowd. The Colonel put up his hand to check the cheering. "Because the only kind of politics I care for," he went on, "is the kind of politics where decency is combined with efficiency." Again the crowd cheered, for the application of the remark was made instantly. "I hold that the only way in which a politician can really and truly serve his party," said Col. Roosevelt, "is by helping that party efficiently to serve the people, and because the Senator and those who have acted with him have stood for this principle, I am glad to be on the platform with him."

At this there were louder cheers than before, and the crowd kept it up longer. The Colonel showed his pleasure, and presently, when quiet was restored, he gave them just one more touch to drive home and clinch his meaning and make the local application of it absolutely sure.

"You will at least notice," he said, "that my utterances are free from ambiguity."

Against the Crook, Rich or Poor.

When the cheering that greeted that sally had died away, Mr. Roosevelt entered upon the delivery of the prepared speech, but he digressed from it in numerous instances to inject homely illustrations that helped to drive in with what he was saying. In the main he stuck closely to his text, and there was only one other pointed political reference. That was when he was laying an injunction upon the farmers to insist on their proper share of representation "both in action and in council," he said. The farmers caught that point on the instant and whooped it up again. Then the Colonel went on: "I will not go with the farmer who says he is against the lawyer or the banker or the business man just because he is a lawyer, banker, or business man. The test is not occupation but conduct. People have sometimes said that I am the poor man's friend. I am the poor man's friend if he is straight. I am the rich man's friend if he is straight, but I'm against the crook, rich or poor." Then

Continued on Page 2.

BACON JEWELS WERE BURIED

Police Commissary's Acuteness Led to the Discovery of the Thief.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A telegram from Vichy gives details of the recovery of the jewelry, worth $45,000, stolen recently at St. Moritz from Mrs. Daniel Bacon of New York, sister-in-law of Sir Gilbert Parker.

The thief was an Italian barber, who obtained admission to the hotel in which Mrs. Bacon was stopping by passing himself off as a messenger. He ransacked her room while she was at dinner.

Sir Gilbert Parker, in a telegram to the press reporting the theft, described it as a very skillful performance, but declined to give particulars, possibly fearing that the work of tracing the thief might be hampered.

The robber, who was arrested at Vichy yesterday, to-day made a full confession. He took the police to the foot of a tree, where he had buried the stolen jewels in lemonade bottles. The jewels, which included two pearl necklaces, were intact.

The thief's wife had been engaged as ladies' maid by Mrs. Bacon at Vichy.

According to the thief's own account, the robbery was the simplest matter in the world. He knew Mrs. Bacon was at St. Moritz, and he took a train for there, put up at a small inn, and walked in at the main entrance of the hotel. It was the luncheon hour, and he went straight to Mrs. Bacon's rooms and filled his pockets with the most valuable things on which he could lay his hands. Besides the jewelry, he took several banknotes and a letter of credit, but this he tore up on his way back to Vichy.

The identity of the thief might never have been discovered had not the Police Commissary at Vichy heard of a remarkable journey made by a man named Cattaneo, who had been in Switzerland and had come back in one day. This long trip, taken when the man was out of work, made the Commissary suspicious, and he called Cattaneo to his office. The man confessed the theft immediately.

EMPRESS EUGENIE'S TOMB.

Unique Resting Place Prepared in Church at Farnborough.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—When in the fullness of time the Empress Eugénie comes to die she will be interred in a tomb which is unique in England, if not in the world.

There has just been made a remarkable addition to the mausoleum in the Benedictine Abbey Church at Farnborough, which was built by the Empress Eugénie at a total cost of over $500,000.

On either side of the high altar are granite sarcophagi containing the remains of Napoleon III. and the Prince Imperial. Behind the altar is a small door leading into the monastery, and over this an arcosolium has now been built into the wall. It is designed by French architects, and is of stone throughout.

This new work forms the framework of a tomb, the third which the church is destined to receive, and in which the Empress is to be interred.

HOKE SMITH WINS.

Again Nominated for Governor of Georgia Over Man Who Once Beat Him

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 23.—Hoke Smith "came back" to-day and was nominated for the second time for Governor of Georgia, defeating Gov. Joseph M. Brown, who two years ago defeated Smith after he had dismissed Brown from the Railroad Commission on the ground that Brown was dominated by the railroad interests.

The fight was between the progressive Democrats, represented by Smith, and the standpat elements represented by Brown.

In the Congressional fights Congressman Livingston, the dean of the Georgia delegation, has been defeatd by W. Schley Howard. Livingston's defeat is due to the fact that he bolted the party and supported Speaker Cannon in the fight on rules. Howard in the Eighth District seems to have won. Lee of Seventh, who also bolted and supported Cannon, has apparently won over Wright. Edwards of the First, another Cannon Democrat, has probably won over Giles. Congressman Hardwick of the Tenth has been renominated in spite of the fact that Tom Watson stumped the district for Hardwick's opponents. Hardwick's victory eliminates Watson from Georgia politics. Bartlett of the Sixth seems to have been defeated, while Bell of the Ninth retains his seat, defeating Perry. Addison of the Fourth, Brantley of the Eleventh, Hughes of the Third, and Roddenberry of the Second had no opposition.

MRS. GREEN'S JEWELRY GONE.

Trinkets Worth $1,000 Missing from National Biscuit Co. President's House.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 23.—It was reported to the police here to-day that jewelry and money to the value of nearly a thousand dollars have been missing from the villa of A. W. Green, President of the National Biscuit Company, since some time between 11:30 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. yesterday. So far no clue to the manner of the disappearance has been obtained.

Among the trinkets were a sapphire and diamond pin valued at $250, a pearl and sapphire pin valued at $300, a diamond hair ornament valued at $200, a pearl and gold lorgnette valued at $175, and a diamond bracelet, besides a gold purse containing $25 and a silver purse containing $7. Some of the articles were in Mrs. Green's room, and some were in the guest chamber of the house.

At 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon Mr. Green's daughter, Mrs. O. B. Garret, went to Mrs. Green's room to get her purse, but could not find it. Within half an hour other articles were found to be missing, and then a search was instituted with the result that the articles named were found to be gone. Mrs. Green said to-day that, so far as the family know, no stranger had entered the house between the hour when the missing things were last seen, and the hour when their loss was discovered.

Aplanatic invisible Bisight eyeglasses, near and distant vision. Spencer's, 31 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

AUTO UNDER TRAIN; THREE DEAD; 9 HURT

Caught by a Long Island Freight on the Merrick Road Crossing at Springfield.

GATES RAISED TOO SOON

Other Autoists, Just Missing Death, Wave a Warning—Little Girls and Chauffeur the Victims.

Three persons were killed and nine others seriously injured yesterday afternoon at the Merrick Road crossing of the Long Island Railroad, Montauk Division, at Springfield, about three and one-half miles east of Jamaica, when a construction train crashed into a touring car bound for Far Rockaway.

Three were killed, the chauffeur and two little girls, all of this city, and the two women injured were in the touring car belonging to Adolph Hirsch, a Manhattan wholesale dealer in skins and hides, who has a Summer home at Far Rockaway. The others injured were trainmen and laborers on the construction train, one car of which jumped the rails, tearing up the track for a dozen yards.

THE DEAD.

BERBON, J., chauffeur, 50 years old, of East Forty-seventh Street, Manhattan; instantly killed.

GLASS, BERTHA, 9 years old, daughter of Mrs. Fannie Glass of 301 West 108th Street, Manhattan; internal injuries and contusions all over the body; died at Jamaica Hospital at 6:30 o'clock.

WEISS, BERTHA, 11 years old, daughter of Louis Weiss of 17 Livingston Place, Manhattan; instantly killed.

THE INJURED.

BOLGIA, FRANK, 17 years old, Italian laborer, of Forest Hills, L. I.; lacerations of the scalp.

DOOHAN, ST. JOHN, section foreman, 36 years old, of 47 Borden Avenue, Long Island City; crushed hand.

ERBLO, ANGELO, 22 years old, Italian, of 45 Willow Street, Jamaica; contusions of the head and hands.

GLASS, Mrs. FANNIE, 51 years old, of 301 West 108th Street, Manhattan; leg fractured, internal injuries, bruises; Jamaica Hospital.

HAAG, LEWIS E., 22 years old, of 300 Hobart Avenue, Brooklyn; brakeman on construction train; lacerations of the head and face; St. Mary's Hospital.

HIRSCH, Miss BELLA, 30 years old, of Riverside Drive and West 108th Street; left leg broken, concussion of the brain, and probable fracture of the skull; may die.

MATCHO, ANGELO, 30 years old, Italian, of Forest Hills, L. I.; contusions on body and legs.

SIDO, JULIUS, 18 years old, of Forest Hills, L. I.; lacerations of the left wrist, concussion of the brain.

SCHNEIDER, CHARLES, 51 years old, of 52 McCauley Avenue, Jamaica, foreman of construction gang, fracture of the right arm, contusions.

Both Mrs. Glass and Miss Hirsch were sisters of Mr. Hirsch, the owner of the car, and with the children were on their way to Far Rockaway to join Mr. Hirsch, he having gone there from Manhattan by train earlier in the afternoon. The little girls were first cousins of each other and nieces of the Hirsches.

Mr. Hirsch, with his sisters, was occupying the Whitson cottage, Bay View and Prospect Avenues, Far Rockaway, for the Summer. The little Weiss child was their guest. Mr. Hirsch owned a touring car, which he put at the disposal of his sisters for rides into town on shopping trips and for pleasure through the Long Island roads.

Crossing Much Used.

It was while returning to Far Rockaway from a spin which brought the party of two women, two girls, and the chauffeur to within a few miles of Manhattan that the accident happened. It occurred at what is said to be the most used railroad crossing in all Long Island because all automobile travelers bound for Freeport, Far Rockaway, and a dozen other popular Long Island resorts find the Merrick Road the most direct route.

When the Hirsch car reaced the crossing Berbon, the chauffeur, found the gates down and a freight train passing. For a mile or so down the road he had trailed behind another automobile, and when this halted at the crossing he stopped just behind it. The freight, coming in toward New York, puffed laboriously past.

Now, at this point, there are gates on either side of the double track and a bell on the west, or New York, side, automatically rung on the approach of a train in either direction. The gateman operates his guard rails by means of a lever inside of his little house, but has windows on all sides so he can readily see, it is supposed, not only trains approaching from east and west, but traffic along the highway.

According to the police and Coroner Schaefer of Flushing, the gateman in charge of this crossing yesterday, William Peach, who lives on the Springfield Road, a few hundred yards from the scene of the accident, let the gates go up as soon as the freight train had cleared the crossing. He had evidently failed to see the approach of another train from the west.

Failed to See Other Train.

This was on the track nearer him. Whether or not he was so taken up with watching the freight train get out of the way, no one knows. He was so broken up by the accident that he could give no coherent statement.

As soon, however, as the west side gate swung up, the first automobile waiting to cross leaped forward, and a second later had cleared the rails on which the second train was approaching. This train was a dirt or construction train, in charge of Conductor Snyder and Engineer Luke J. Lavin, 134 Willet Street, Jamaica. It consisted of two flat cars, engine, and tender, and was backing east, or in opposite direction from that taken by the freight. On the leading flat car, as the train backed, were the Italian laborers and some of the trainmen.

The occupants of the first automobile—who they were no one not even the Coroner or the police could find out—evidently realized the narrow escape they had had, and the imminent peril of those behind them. They whirled in their seats almost instantly after clearing the tracks to wave frantically and shout to Berbon, the Hirsch chauffeur, to stop his car if he could. But the warning was too late.

Berbon had evidently not seen the second train, but had sent his car ahead at good speed behind the first car as soon as the gates were lifted. In an instant the crash came. The auto ran under the first flat car, so that the radiator hood was pushed up against the bottom of this car until the last truck and wheels were reached. The front of the auto was then dashed somewhat to one side, but its

Continued on Page 4.

A GREAT STORY!

"The Man Who Found the Truth," which will begin in NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES, is the greatest of the great stories written by Leonid Andreyev. It smacks strongly of Poe at his best. No one should miss this masterpiece, which is the confession of a prisoner sentenced for a murder of which he was innocent.

MRS. "JACK" CUDAHY GETS A DIVORCE

Decree Granted on Incompatibility Only, for the Sake of the Children.

A FIFTEEN-MINUTE TRIAL

Wife to Get $5,000 a Year, Even If She Marries Again—Children to Go to Paternal Grandparents.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 23.—Upon her testimony of incompatibility, supported by the testimony of her maid, Mrs. Ella Cowin Cudahy this afternoon obtained a divorce from John P. Cudahy, son of the millionaire Chicago packer. The case was hurried through, and but few persons in the courtroom knew that one of the most sensational domestic scandals in the history of Kansas City had reached its climax. The court proceedings lasted just fifteen minutes.

Before the Cudahy divorce suit was taken into the Circuit Court there was an agreement between the attorneys on each side. By the terms of that agreement Mrs. Cudahy is to receive $5,000 annually as long as she lives. This money is to be paid to her by Michael P. Cudahy, the packer, and father of "Jack" Cudahy. There are no reservations in that part of the agreement. Should Mrs. Cudahy marry again the $5,000 annuity will be forthcoming.

The same agreement provides a fund of $100,000 to be held in trust for the four children. It is to be divided among them equally as they reach the age of maturity. The eldest is now 10 years of age.

The decree of the court gave the custody of the children to Michael P. and Mary Cudahy, the paternal grandparents. The agreement out of court provided that Mrs. Cudahy should see her children at intervals, but the agreement is ironclad that the grandparents shall have unqualified and unprejudiced control in regard to this matter. The mother is to get permission from the grandparents to see the children.

Mrs. Cudahy was on the stand ten minutes only, and immediately after her testimony that her husband had treated her cruelly, a decree of divorce was granted to her.

Mrs. Cudahy's maid, Elizabeth Johnson, testified that she had heard Mr. Cudahy call his wife "improper names," and that he had used vulgar and abusive language to her. That was the extent of this witness's testimony.

"To protect the children" from learning of other testimony was the reason given for alleging nothing in the petition except incompatibility.

Mr. Cudahy, the wife said, was not living with her and had refused to speak to her or to visit her. She said that ever since they had been married he had been guilty of acts of violence to her.

The marriage was in Omaha in 1899. She said she had been a dutiful wife, but that her husband had treated her cruelly. He had been abusive, and had called her vile names. He had abused her before her children and before the servants. She testified that she had three girls and one boy.

It is said that Mrs. Cudahy expects to go on the vaudeville stage, where she will sing and play her own accompaniments. She has a friend said to-day, an offer of a thirty-week contract at $500 per week.

The trouble between John P. Cudahy and his wife came to a climax on the night of last March 6, when the husband returned home unexpectedly with his chauffeur and attacked Jere F. Lillis, a millionaire banker of Kansas City, whom he found with Mrs. Cudahy. When the cries of the injured man brought the police to the house Lillis was found lying bound on the floor of the room, moaning and covered with blood. Cudahy was standing over him with his sleeves rolled up and blood on his hands. Lillis had cuts on his face, arms, and legs.

The wounded man was removed to St. Mary's Hospital and Mrs. Cudahy went to her mother's house with her children. In interviews given out to the newspapers Mrs. Cudahy denied that there was anything improper in her friendship with Lillis, and stated that they were in the library after an automobile ride when her husband rushed in and struck her over the eye.

She also said that for six years after they were married Mr. Cudahy never dined with her, and used to compel her to serve him with supper between 2 and 3 A. M., and if she remonstrated he became abusive and insulting to her in the presence of the servants. When they were married she was only 19 years old and he was 23.

On the day of the marriage Cudahy's father made him manager of the Kansas City packing interests. The couple purchased one of the finest homes in the city.

It was stated at the time of the scandal that Lillis had broken off his engagement with Miss Johnson, a Southern girl whom he met at Palm Beach, on account of his supposed infatuation for Mrs. Cudahy.

Relatives of the two families tried to bring about a reconciliation on account of the children, but Mrs. Cudahy absolutely refused to have any negotiation with her husband and lived with her parents until the suit for divorce was brought.

KENTUCKY FEUDIST KILLED.

Hounds to Trace Assassins of John Abner, Prominent in Hargis Feud.

JACKSON, Ky., Aug. 23.—John Abner, a noted feudist, who took part in the Hargis, Callahan, Deaton, and Smith factional quarrels, was shot and killed by unknown parties here last night. An effort will be made to trace the assassins with bloodhounds.

Abner had been accused of being one of the men employed by Judge James Hargis and others to assassinate Dr. B. D. Cox, James Cockrell, and James B. Marcum during the feud fights eight years ago, but on each trial the jury disagreed and the charges were never pressed.

LOW RATES TO TORONTO FAIR
Aug. 31st. $12.55 via West Shore; $13.50 via New York Central. Phone 6310 Madison.—Adv.

KILLED HIMSELF FOR HIS WIFE'S SAKE

Grand Union Hotel Suicide's Letters Say That He Wanted Her to Wed Another.

HOW HE FELT FACING DEATH

"Im a Little Dizzy," He Wrote, "but I'm No Coward"—No Money in His Pockets.

Bruno J. Feder, a Hungarian living at 316-18 East Fourteenth Street, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself in the head at the Grand Union Hotel. From letters he left it appears that he did so through the hope that his wife might be better off if he was out of the way. He had been pursued for months by bad luck, and felt that he could not support his wife and three-year-old daughter, and that if he died his wife might marry again more fortunately.

Feder came on Monday morning to the Grand Union with a suit case and registered as L. Brown, Kingston, N. Y. He was well dressed, and there was nothing to call attention to him. He was assigned to Room 439, on the top floor, and left word on Monday night that he was not to be disturbed. He did not appear all day yesterday, and at 6 o'clock last night Daniel Carragher, the head hall man, went to his room and unlocked the door with his pass key.

He saw Feder sitting fully dressed in an armchair. A bullet wound was in his right temple and a new revolver lay at his feet. He was living but unconscious. Carragher notified the manager, who summoned Policeman Frewin of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station. An ambulance was called from Bellevue Hospital and Dr. Russell attended the man. He died an hour after being admitted to the hospital. It is believed that he had shot himself not long before he was found.

Left Six Letters.

In the room at the hotel were found six letters addressed to Feder's wife, his sister, Mrs. Sidonia Kaufstein, at 535-7 West 137th Street; his mother, Mrs. Bertha Feder, at the Montefiore Home; the Coroner, "the officer," apparently meaning a policeman, and to a newspaper. Coroner Holzhauser was called and took charge of these. In the pocket of Feder's coat was also found a letter to him from the McArthur Construction Company, the contractors who have large works on foot at the Ashokan Dam, offering him a job as "agent" at $125 a month and expenses.

The letter to the newspaper was written in pencil. It read:

I planned this suicide, and will write the following about how a man feels arranging his last trip for h—. You can use this any way you wish. I write this note just before using my gun. At present I feel a little dizzy. Up till now I felt good. I am not a coward, but determined to accomplish something that must be done so as to save a woman who I dearly love, (my wife,) and know that I do not deserve her, so I want her to be free so that she may marry a man who can give her love, luxury, and happiness. I could not do that. I intended to leave her, but then she could not marry again unless she gets a divorce. She loved me true and I love her. Therefore I commit this act as to see her in happiness with a better man than I was. God bless her and my child Ruth. Yours truly,

B. J. FEDER.

It's 8:50 A. M. I am going now.

Feder's body was removed to the Morgue. The police took charge of the sealed letters.

Letter to the Coroner.

In his letter to the Coroner, Feder said:

New York, Aug. 23, 1910.

To the Coroner: I, the undersigned, herewith state that I will commit suicide at the Grand Union Hotel in Room 479 to-day in the forenoon, and beg the Coroner to advise my mother, Mrs. Bertha Feder, who is the matron at the Montefiore Home, Broadway and 138th Street, New York, and my wife, who is Lena Feder, 316-318 East Fourteenth Street, Apartment 37. My mother will probably arrange for my burial. My sister, Mrs. Kaufstein, lives at 535 West 133d Street. She also will see that I shall receive a decent burial.

I am a Jew, and wish to be buried in the Jewish cemetery. I will put $10 in a letter addressed to my wife, which I hope that through your kindness will go to her and no one's hands. I am sorry, Coroner, to have caused you this little trouble, but it is your duty. Also thank you in advance for your kind attention in loking after this, before mentioned desires. I am going for ever yours, BRUNO J. FEDER.

I am 28 years old.

Another letter was also addressed to the Coroner and was inscribed on the outside:

To the Coroner: Please give this to my wife. It contains $10 and a receipt for the gas bill, $4.

His $10 Bill Missing.

This letter had been opened when Coroner Hotzhauser got to the Grand Union Hotel. In it was the receipt for the gas bill mentioned and also a receipt from a pawnbroker for a revolver at $5 and a suitcase at $1. But there was no $10 bill.

Coroner Holzhauser said last night that of course he had nothing but the word of the suicide, as expressed in the letter that there had ever been a $10 bill. But it was curious that this should have been the only letter besides that addressed "To to the Officer," which was opened, and that he had asked the Central Office detectives to look into the matter. The letters to the suicide's relatives were unopened.

The Feders live on the top floor of a large tenement house at 316 and 318 East Fourteenth Street. They occupied a four-room apartment, and were described last night by their neighbors as being a quiet, well-conducted family, which seemed, however, to be in very hard circumstances.

Mrs. Feder said last night that last Sunday she had had a quarrel with her husband about money matters. He spoke nine languages, and this made him successful when he worked at his business as a labor agent. He owned the Lenox Employment Bureau at 196 East Fourth Street. She said he liked to gamble, and that this had made away with his money.

Mrs. Feder denied that there was any other man who was paying attentions to her, and set down her husband's references to her marrying again to his consciousness that he was not a good husband to her, and that she might do better with some other man.

HIGH COLLAR KILLED HIM.

Coroner's Verdict on Pittsburg Tailor Found Dead In His Chair.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—Charles E. Thompson, aged 30, a tailor on the North Side, fell asleep in a chair in the rear of his shop this morning, and when a customer went to awake him he was dead. His face was discolored and a deep red ridge marked his neck.

"Choked to death by a high collar," was the Coroner's verdict when he was called.

FASSETT FOR HARMONY.

Suggests Roosevelt as Temporary and Sherman as Permanent Chairman.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

FASSETT, Quebec, Aug. 23.—The action of the State Committee is unfortunate. We need Taft, Roosevelt, Hughes, Sherman, and the State Committee in harmony for the essentials, putting the party above personalities. Taft and Roosevelt are too big and too loyal friends and Republicans to be thrust apart by designing small fry, to the peril of party success.

I suggest Roosevelt for Temporary Chairman of the convention, Sherman for Permanent Chairman, a conciliatory and sane attitude on primary reforms, a short platform covering Republican principles, and a get-together club that scorns admission of possible defeat.

J. S. FASSETT.

ENGAGED TO ABRUZZI?

Miss Elkins Said to Have Promised to Marry Him Two Years Ago.

PARIS, Wednesday, Aug. 24.—The Petit Parisien's Rome correspondent says that the Duke of the Abruzzi and Miss Katherine Elkins have been engaged unofficially for more than two years, with the approval of King Victor Emmanuel, who stipulated that the official announcement should not be made until the Duke had attained the rank of Rear Admiral at the end of this year.

The marriage of the couple, the correspondent adds, will follow shortly upon that event.

BRYAN'S COUSIN HURT.

Kinsman of Nebraskan Crushed by Runaway Team So That He Will Die.

BUTLER, Penn., Aug. 23.—T. J. Bryan, aged 65, a second cousin of William J. Bryan of Nebraska, was fatally injured to-day at his farm near Hooker, sixteen miles from here.

Bryan was crushed against a stone wall by a runaway team while haying, and his skull was fractured.

NEW DIVORCE DECISION.

Divorced Woman Is Her ex-Husband's Widow, Though He Reweds, Says Judge.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 23.—That a divorced woman is the widow of her former husband, although he may have married after the divorce, was a decision handed down yesterday by Judge Graham. This is the first time such a finding has been made in this State, and it affects many estates held in trust.

The decision was the result of a suit for the restoration of records in an estate involving $500,000 by Charles E. James on behalf of Mrs. Eugenia Jones.

GIRL BURNED TO DEATH.

Nine-Year-Old Mary Coan Trapped as She Slept.

Mary Coan, 9 years old, daughter of Thomas Coan of 212 Railroad Avenue, Corona, Queens, was burned to death in her bed last night.

The family had retired when about 10:30 o'clock fire was discovered in the building, which was a small two-story frame structure. The other occupants escaped, and it was thought the child had also. She could not be found anywhere, however, and when the fire had been put out by the volunteer firemen the child's badly burned body was found in what remained of her bed.

AGAINST STRIKE PICTURES.

Union Protests Especially Against Cinematographs of Strikebreaking Scenes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—A campaign against the display of moving pictures of strikes and strikebreaking scenes was opened last night at a meeting of the Washington Central Labor Union. Resolutions of protest against the showing of such pictures were adopted unanimously.

Copies of the resolutions will be distributed throughout the country and the American Federation of Labor will be asked to indorse the movement. The labor leaders hold that the pictures put their cause before the public in a false and damaging light.

BRITISH MOTOR BATTLESHIP?

Admiralty Said to Have Decided to Build an Experimental Vessel.

PORTSMOUTH, Aug. 23.—A local newspaper asserts that it has excellent authority for the statement that the British Admiralty has decided to build an experimental motor-driven battleship, propelled by an internal combustion gas engine.

Naval engineers have long had their eyes on this type of engine as the ultimate form of power for naval vessels, and experiments have been carried on with the gunboat Rattler with satisfactory results.

A battleship equipped with such a motor would have no boilers, stokers, or smokestacks, except such vents as are necessary to carry off the products of combustion, and it is asserted that such a vessel, if successful, would by the economies effected in weight, space, and cost of working, and by the additional speed obtained, render all vessels of the present Dreadnought type obsolete.

DRAGGED UNDER MOTOR BUS.

Messenger Boy Had Tried to Cross in Front of It on a Bicycle.

"Ain't I a lucky kid?" was the remark of Samuel Bilinski, a sixteen-year-old messenger boy as he was pulled from underneath a motor bus in Fifth Avenue last night by Policeman La Due of the East Fifty-first Street Station after he had been dragged fifteen feet by the vehicle. When examined by Dr. Johnson of Flower Hospital he was found to be suffering from bruises and injuries to both legs.

Bilinski, who lives at 320 East Forty-ninth Street, was coming down Fifth Avenue with a package and riding on a bicycle. The motor bus was proceeding in the same direction. Between Fifty-first and Fiftieth Streets Bilinski undertook to cross in front of the bus so as to get from near the curb to the centre of the street. He miscalculated the speed of the heavier vehicle and the rear wheel of the bicycle was struck by the front wheel of the bus. The boy was thrown from the bicycle and under the bus, where his clothing was caught in the machinery.

A HAPPY anticipation and a pleasant memory are born of a Hudson River Day Line trip.—Adv.

BARNES DEFIANT TO ROOSEVELT

Defends Sherman's Election as Temporary Chairman and Gets Ready for War.

ATTACKS ONE-MAN RULE

Political Agitator at Work, He Says, Tending Toward Populism.

NO TRUCE, CRIES COLONEL

Declares He Will Carry the Fight to the Convention If Chosen a Delegate.

"If Nassau County wishes me to go to the State Convention I shall go. I regard the issue as clean-cut, and as far as I am concerned there will be absolutely no compromise," said Col. Roosevelt just before he left New York yesterday morning on the first leg of his Western trip.

"All citizens will rejoice at the statement of Mr. Roosevelt that he will go to the Saratoga convention if Nassau County will send him, and that there will be no compromise on his part," said William Barnes, Jr., political boss of Albany and one of the leaders of the Republican State machine which turned down Mr. Roosevelt as temporary Chairman of the Republican State Convention and selected Vice President James S. Sherman in his stead.

"From one end of the country to the other," continued Mr. Barnes, "the political agitator is still at work trying to arouse the people to a sense of alleged wrong that they may make him important, but he will be opposed with all the intelligence and power of those who recognize in this popullstic departure the beginning of the fall of representative government."

Both Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Barnes are stripped for a fight, and there was every indication yesterday that when their forces are lined up at the State Convention on Sept. 27, the greatest political battle of recent years will be waged.

Calls the Old Guard Together.

Mr. Barnes was the only one of the Old Guard in New York yesterday, and he said he did not pretend to talk for the others. The call for the Old Guard has gone out, however, and they are hurrying here for a conference to determine what to do to offset the effects of the bomb which President Taft threw into their camp by his letter to Lloyd C. Griscom, President of the Republican County Committee, in which he repudiated the selection of Vice President Sherman for temporary Chairman.

Timothy L. Woodruff, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, has cut short his vacation, and he will reach New York to-day. Mr. Sherman and William L. Ward are expected later. A plan of campaign will then be agreed upon. The battle cry on both side will be "No compromise." Friends of Mr. Sherman here last night said that the Vice President would indignantly spurn the suggestion that he resign as temporary Chairman. He will fight just as hard as Mr. Roosevelt will, they predicted.

Mr. Roosevelt came in from Oyster Bay early yesterday morning and met Mr. Griscom at the Grand Central Station. He had previously announced that he would make no statement, but after a whispered consultation with the County Chairman the former President said this:

"I am very much pleased with Mr. Taft's statement. It makes the situation perfectly clear. If Nassau County wishes me to go to the State Convention I shall go. I regard the issue as clean-cut, and as far as I am concerned there will be absolutely no compromise."

Barnes is Defiant.

Mr. Roosevelt looked as if he meant every word. He did not look any more pugilistic, however, than did Mr. Barnes when the reporters met him at the Republican Club last night. "All I've got to say is embodied in this statement," said Mr. Barnes, handing out the following:

"All citizens will rejoice at the statement of Mr. Roosevelt that he will go to the Saratoga Convention if Nassau County will send him, and that there will be no compromise on his part, because the people are entitled to know where the Republican Party stands on all public matters.

"Differences between the members of a political party should be fought out at political conventions. Then when the majority opinion has been recorded it is the duty of all to support the ticket and the platform, or leave acitivity in the party.

"Two years ago the Republican platform contained a plank calling for a reform of the convention system and practically repudiated direct nominations. The Legislature passed a bill in conformity with that platform and Gov. Hughes vetoed it. This year it is apparent now that we will get a clean-cut decision upon this subject and possibly upon direct legislation, the initiative, referendum, and other forms of populistic proposal.

The Republican Party's Record.

"The Republican Party has been the bulwark in this country for many years against the folly of the hour. When secession lifted its head Horace Greeley, a leader of the Republican Party, said: 'Let the erring sisters go in peace,' but the Republican Party stood for the preservation of the Union even to war. The Republican Party sandbagged the greenback baby and killed the free silver devil. Its mission is not yet over. To-day a pall hangs over the business and industrial world. Capital is timid, enterprise falters, industry lags because of political agitation.

"From one end of the country to the

other the political agitator is still at work trying to arouse the people to a sense of alleged wrong that they may make him important. What the business man and the worker for wage wants is peace; an opportunity to pursue his calling and secure happiness without the constant interference of politicians endeavoring, to arouse them to a sense of fancied misfortune.

"Representative government is the foundation stone of the American Republic. Individualism has run riot. It is made to appear that the people had lost their minds in the demand for dictatorship.

"When Mr. Roosevelt, at a Harvard commencement, after an absence of over one year, sent a telegram that the method of making nominations in the State of New York should be revised in accordance with a measure which had not yet been printed, the details of which were known to not half a dozen men, the Legislature rightfully resented his action.

Defends Sherman's Election.

"When Mr. Griscom interjected Mr. Roosevelt's name as a candidate for the Temporary Chairmanship of the Republican State Convention without the members of the State Committee knowing where Mr. Roosevelt stood on the issues now before the people in this State, and after the Vice President had been placed in nomination before that committee, thereby forcing an issue which it was not the intention of the majority of the committee to create, he simply threw a firebrand in the Republican situation entirely unwarranted, and for what purpose it is not for me to say.

"So unwise was his action that President Taft has been called upon to disclaim the absurd charge that he was responsible for the selection of Mr. Sherman. Of course he was not responsible, nor was he consulted. Why should he be? The selection of Mr. Sherman, a highly proper one, was made by the State Committee itself, which was a function belonging to it and to no other body of men or to a single man.

"It is, therefore, highly sensible on the part of Mr. Roosevelt, if he hopes to control the policies of the Republican Party in this State, that he should go to the State Convention as a delegate and there thrash out what he thinks ought to be the policy of the party with those who have different opinions from him. It is assumed, of course, that he will abide by the decision of that convention, as will those who will oppose him there, if he is unsuccessful.

"I am not informed what attack upon the representative form of government he will make, except that he has already committed himself to the destruction of the convention system of making nominations. Upon that question he will be opposed with all the intelligence and power of those who recognize in this populistic departure the beginning of the fall of representative government. There can be no compromise on this subject.

Party Greater Than Any Man.

"It is high time that the Republican Party of New York presented to the people of this State fixed and positive issues; that its candidates for office, if elected, should abide absolutely by the principles adopted at the State Convention, and not be swayed by each gust of wind that may blow from our opponents in the endeavor to drive the party from its foundations, and to make it a copy of the Democracy or a party which has for its purpose the exploitation of only an individual.

"The Republican Party is greater than any man who is a member of it, no matter what his prestige or his fame, and each of its members is entitled to battle at its State Convention for such policies as he believes embody the spirit which has made it powerful in the past, and will make it successful in the future.

"That Mr. Roosevelt has ceased to send telegrams to those over whom he has no control, and intends to fight like any other citizen as a delegate to the convention, is a source of congratulation to everybody. That he desires to commit the party to the extreme folly of the direct nominations' fad is unfortunate. The weight of his influence, although greatly impaired, may have some effect in this direction, but it is the sincere hope of all those Republicans who believe in the conservative instincts of the party that he will fail to commit it to the path which must of necessity lead to Populism.

"This great Nation wants peace, and is looking to President Taft to secure it.

Struggle for Delegates On.

Republican politicians generally agreed yesterday that President Taft's letter had thoroughly cleared the air and forced the two factions in the party to clear-cut issues. From now until convention time there will be a struggle for delegates.

Neither side is going to let grass grow under its feet. When Mr. Woodruff arrives to-day he will immediately line up his forces and with the other members of the Old Guard concentrate his energy toward showing that it will be suicide for the party to follow the fortunes of the mighty African hunter.

Col. Roosevelt will be gone about three weeks, but in his absence Mr. Griscom will work every moment to try and follow up the advantage he gained by getting President Taft to tell the inside history of the alleged attempt made by the Old Guard to get the indorsement of the Administration. The fact that the President in his letter came out squarely for direct nominations is considered by Mr. Griscom and his followers as not the least of the advantages they obtained.

According to one of the delegates who voted against Mr. Roosevelt when his name was presented to the committee a week ago yesterday, the big fight against the former President will be made on the floor of the convention. Mr. Sherman will not pay the slightest heed to the present clamor that he resign, according to this delegate, and he will take the chair.

The Supreme Test.

It is expected that some of the insurgents will then offer a resolution that some one else, undoubtedly Mr. Roosevelt, be selected for temporary Chairman. The question will then be put squarely up to the delegates. If Mr. Roosevelt is selected it will mean the downfall of the Old Guard. It can be stated positively that in this event Mr. Barnes will retire from active politics. Mr. Woodruff, Mr. Ward, and even Mr. Sherman may follow his lead.

That, at least, is the programme the regulars hope the insurgents will follow. They figure that if the fight upon Mr. Sherman is precipitated thus early in the convention the insurgents will lose many delegates who will resent the humiliation thus heaped upon the Vice President of the United States. It is the present plan of the regulars to present Mr. Sherman's name for permanent Chairman.

A Letter for Sherman, Too.

Many new sidelights upon what has happened within the last week were shown yesterday. President Taft, for instance, mailed copies of his letter to every member of the Old Guard and they received it at the time Mr. Griscom got his. The President took particular pains to send one to Mr. Sherman, and he had it long before the newspapers made it public.

The night before the committee met there was a conference of the Old Guard at the Manhattan Hotel. At this conference friends of Mr. Barnes said yesterday, Speaker Wadsworth's name was mentioned first of all for temporary Chairman. Mr. Barnes himself favored Mr. Wadsworth, as he considered that he was more intimately identified with the direct nominations issue than any one else. Mr. Wadsworth demurred, however, and suggested Mr. Sherman. This was the first mention of Mr. Sherman's name for the position, it is said.

According to Mr. Barnes's friends, no attempt was made then or next day to make the delegates believe that Mr. Sherman had the indorsement of President Taft.

Barnes Denies Trickery.

Mr. Barnes was asked to explain the charges made by President Taft. He said so far as he was concerned there was nothing to explain. Sherman, Woodruff, and Ward, he intimated, would have to clear themselves as best they could. He denied, however, that any trickery or deception was used by any of them.

This is flatly contradicted by Mr. Griscom's friends, who assert that the old guard laid deep plans to bring about the elimination of Col. Roosevelt in State affairs. They carried out a deliberate plan, it is charged, to "play" the President and the ex-President against each other.

As soon as Col. Roosevelt returned from Africa, according to the story, an effort was made to enlist the help of Col. Roosevelt against direct nominations. When the Colonel refused to let the Old Guard "nail their flag to his mast" they started in to create trouble between Beverly and Sagamore Hill.

Seeing their control of the State slipping away they posed as supporters of the Administration, and spread the impression that the President was in favor of their scheme to sidetrack Col. Roosevelt. They relied, it is said, upon the supposition that the President would not risk a break with the Vice President.

"I have received a great many communications from people all over the State praising the stand the President has taken and criticising Mr. Sherman," said Mr. Griscom yesterday. "More are coming in by every mail. The communications all show a strong sentiment for direct nominations. The matter is now up to the people, and they will speak at the convention in no uncertain way."

More Praise for Taft Letter.

"President Taft's letter was a splendid thing for the party," said Collin H. Woodward, Vice President of the County Committee. "The President is with the progressive element of the party and heart and soul for direct nominations. The Old Guard has got to win or we have. There can be no compromise. I believe that the vast majority of the Republican voters are with us."

Col. Roosevelt was in a happy mood when he reached the Grand Central Station. As he pushed his way through the crowd he said it reminded him of campaign days. Mrs. Roosevelt, Congressman and Mrs. Longworth, and Quentin Roosevelt were at the station. Mrs. Roosevelt and Quentin went as far as Utica where they will visit relatives. On the Western trip the Colonel will be accompanied by William B. Howland, Ernest Hamlin Abbott, Harold J. Howland, all connected with The Outlook, and Frank Harper, his private secretary. The party will travel in the private car Republic. There was a special car for reporters and another will be added at Chicago.

There was a rousing cheer from railroad employes and others as the Colonel's car attached to a regular train, pulled out of the station shed. The Colonel stood on the back platform and waved goodbye with his large black felt hat.

WOODRUFF HERE TO-MORROW.

Will Hurry from Adirondacks—Silent on the Taft Letter.

ALBANY, Aug. 23.—Timothy Woodruff, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, who is at Kamp Kill Kare, on his Adirondack estate, declined to-night to comment on President Taft's letter to Lloyd C. Griscom concerning the action of the State Committee in defeating Theodore Roosevelt.

Mr. Woodruff, who returned to his camp to-night after a three days' absence, said over the telephone that news of the President's letter had reached him, but he preferred to say nothing about it at present. He expects to return to New York on Thursday.

SHERMAN MACHINE SHAKEN.

Division Likely Because of Taft Letter—Will Not Talk.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Here in the stronghold of Vice President Sherman, the letter from President Taft to Lloyd C. Griscom, Chairman of the New York County Republican Committee, repudiating Mr. Sherman, has stunned his friends. In the absence of Mr. Sherman to-night the Republican Club of Utica, which he founded, and which is composed of men who in all the years of Hughes propaganda have remained "regular," is anxiously awaiting an explanation from him.

The blow comes on the eve of the primaries, and the organization bossed by the Vice President is already engaged in bitter warfare with the progressive element, who formed the Republican League two years ago. This organization, which is recruiting its strength daily, demands the complete elimination of Mr. Sherman and his stalwarts from the affairs of the Republican organization.

Local Republicans who have allied themselves with the anti-Sherman forces were jubilant to-day. Until the Taft letter appeared they had been at a loss for a big issue on which to meet the regulars at the primary polls.

Mr. Sherman was not to be found by any of his adherents here to-day. He went to Watertown on business connected with a new trust company, leaving this morning. Inquirers were told he was not expected back until midnight.

There was nothing about Mr. Sherman to suggest the soubriquet "Sunny Jim" when he returned from his trip to Watertown shortly before midnight. The sunshine had all worn off, and in its place there was a heavy scowl, a set jaw, and an expression generally that proclaimed worry and vexation of spirit.

As his big touring car turned into the Sherman grounds a TIMES correspondent was waiting. The Vice President invited him to a seat on the piazza of the darkened house.

"Mr. Sherman, have you seen the letter of President Taft to Chairman Griscom?" asked the correspondent.

"Nothing to say," was the curt reply.

"Would you care to state whether the telegram reached you which is quoted by the President in his letter as having been sent to you urging you to communicate with Messrs. Woodruff and Ward with a view of consulting Mr. Roosevelt before the election of a temporary Chairman?"

"I have nothing to say; I have not a word to say on any subject on top of the earth," was the reply.

The reporter started to ask another question, but Mr. Sherman brought his hand down with a bang on a small table at his elbow.

"I have just said that I had nothing to say on any subject whatever," Mr. Sherman exclaimed with apparent anger. "Isn't that enough? Are you going to prod a man? Good night."

ODELL BACKED MR. TAFT

Before He Learned the Taft-Roosevelt Quarrel Had Been Denied.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—Ex-Gov. Odell of New York declares that President Taft will win in the struggle with Mr. Roosevelt for the control of the Republican policies. This and other opinions on the political situation in the United States he expressed here since reading the cabled reports of the action of the New York State Committee.

"Roosevelt," he said, "has alienated many sympathies. The present party differences originated in the peculiarities of his temperament, which have caused a great number of Americans to dread his return to power. It may be said that the majority of business men in America have become from this cause uncompromising enemies of Roosevelt and most ardent partisans of Taft, the line being closely drawn between the radicals and the conservatives. I believe the latter, as represented by Taft, giving the best guarantee to the Nation, will succeed at the November elections.

"The struggle is lamentable, for there is no doubt that it has much to do with the present depression in affairs in America."

WHERE SHERMAN WILL SPEAK

Illinois, Missouri, and Oklahoma People to Hear Vice President.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—The itinerary of Vice President Sherman in his speech-making trip was made public to-day at Republican Congressional Headquarters as follows:

Aug. 27, Clinton, Ill., afternoon, and Decatur, Ill., evening; Aug. 29, Marshfield, Mo.; Aug. 30, Joplin, Mo.; Aug. 31, Guthrie, Okla.; Sept. 1, Enid, Okla.; Sept. 2, El Reno, Okla.; Sept. 3, Oklahoma City.

Later it may be decided to assign one or two additional dates in Missouri to Mr. Sherman.

Other prominent Republicans who have been invited by the committee to take the stump are Senator Theodore E. Burton, and Congressman Nicholas Longworth and Ralph D. Cole of Ohio; D. J. Foster of Vermont; J. W. Fordney and Edward Denby of Michigan; W. C. Hawley of Oregon; M. E. Olmstead of Pennsylvania; Edward Vreeland of New York, and E. J. Hill of Connecticut. The Rev. John Wesley Hill of the Metropolitan Tabernacle, New York, also is on the list.

ROOSEVELT NOW FIGHTS SHERMAN

Continued from Page 1.

the crowd really did yell.

Col. Roosevelt's car was attached to the St. Louis and Cincinnati express, which left the Grand Central Station at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Longworth, and Quentin Roosevelt accompanied the party. The members of the family left the train at Utica and went to the country home of Douglas Robinson at Mohawk, where the Colonel went to-night.

It was a hot and dusty trip up from New York, but the Colonel seemed to enjoy it. He made brief platform talks at Albany and Schenectady. At each place a few hundred people gathered in the station and called him out of his car. At Albany he started in by saying: "Naturally I can't forget the days when I was here." He was going on when a man in the crowd cut in, "Neither can we." The Colonel threw up his hands at that and cut his speech short at once.

Supt. of Insurance Hotchkiss, who is being pushed by Hughes men for the Republican nomination for Governor, was at the station. He held a few moments' whispered conversation with Col. Roosevelt, but neither would talk of it.

Crush at Granger Picnic.

Automobiles were waiting at Oriskany, and at once upon the arrival of the train Col. Roosevelt and his party were picked up and rushed out to Summit Park. It is a wonderful place for such a meeting. There is a perfect natural amphitheatre in the woods. In the centre a small stand has been erected, and around it arise tier on tier of seats. These were all taken, and the aisles were also occupied. Outside the fence inclosing the seats the rising banks were jammed full on all sides with men and women and children. They rose in solid ranks all around the stand and stretched far out on either side. Many of them had been waiting there patiently most of the day, and it was nearly 5 o'clock when Mr. Roosevelt arrived.

The entrance to the park, where the automobiles stopped, is a quarter of a mile from the stand. The march across the intervening distance was a great pushing and hauling bee. The place swarmed with people, who had been amusing themselves in the various ways that picnics afford. They all tried to crowd around the Colonel, to see or touch him. Preceded by a band that enlivened the occasion with Senator Heyburn's two favorites, "My Maryland" and "Dixie," the Colonel pushed his way good naturedly through.

As soon as the crowd could be quieted after Col. Roosevelt reached his place ex-Gov. N. J. Batchelder of New Hampshire, National Master of the Grange, was introduced and in turn presented the Colonel. Mr. Batchelder was a bit flamboyant, but the crowd liked it a lot. He said he would introduce a man "who is known from the jungles of Africa to the North Pole, from Sagamore Hill to the Orient, from Wall Street to the humblest cottage, from President Taft to the wildest Indian in the Northwest." There were loud hurrahs at that.

Children His Favorite Crop.

The Colonel got into his stride on the moment by saying: "I am glad that the opening of my formal speechmaking should be at a meeting of this kind, a meeting of farmers and farmers' wives, for I hold that the two institutions most important to the welfare of the United States are, first, the family, and, second, the farm."

There were many Grand Army men in the crowd, and the Colonel quickly noticed their buttons. Then, as he always does under such circumstances, he gave them a little special talk, declaring that they had helped to perform the greatest service to the nation that had been rendered since its birth.

"There is only one person I place above the veteran," he exclaimed, "and that is the mother who does her full duty. I like all your crops, but I like children best."

Somebody on the platform cried out, "You're all right, Teddy." He looked around and grinned. "Sure," he replied, with a vigorous nod. Then he went on with his remarks about Senator Davenport. The significance of that part of his talk was caught instantly by every man in the crowd. Senator Davenport was first nominated for the Senate by the organization and had the support of Mr. Sherman. But at Albany he developed into a supporter of Gov. Hughes, and the Sherman-Barnes-Woodruff crowd lost their use for him. He could not be controlled. He is the man to whom Senator Root sent the telegram last Spring urging the election of Senator Hinman of Binghamton as leader in place of Allds.

A short time ago Senator Davenport called on Mr. Sherman at the Vice President's home here, and the two talked over the Senator's candidacy for renomination. Mr. Sherman then told Mr. Davenport that he could not have the place again. Soon afterward Mr. Davenport made an open statement, in which he narrated what had occurred at this call. Mr. Sherman came out with a statement setting forth his side of the case, but admitting that he was against Davenport. Mr. Davenport, nevertheless, busied himself about his candidacy, and a great deal of interest developed in the question whether he could win the nomination against the organization.

Crowd Clearly With Davenport.

This picnic was one of the tests of the sentiment of the people. The answer was just about as complete as such a meeting could make it. The frank and hearty indorsement of Mr. Davenport by Col. Roosevelt was cheered to the echo, and then at the close of the Roosevelt speech there was a loud and insistent call for Davenport. The Senator made a speech of hardly a hundred words, but in the neatest possible fashion he capped what Mr. Roosevelt had said for him.

He declared his pleasure at being on the platform with the "man who represents better than any man since Abraham Lincoln the heart and the conscience and the courage of the whole country; the man who stands for what is right, for what is true, for what is fair and just before all men. And just as he stands, not for the under man, not for the over man, but for every man, I desire to stand in public and private life."

Then the crowd cheered and yelled and whooped and swarmed up on the platform to shake hands, and made it particularly clear that they wanted to grasp Mr. Davenport's hand as well as that of the Colonel. Mr. Roosevelt got away as quickly as he could, and was taken in an automobile down to Henderson Farm, the place of his brother-in-law, Douglas Robinson, below Herkimer. He will spend the day there to-morrow, coming into Utica in the evening to resume his Western journey.

ROOSEVELT TO THE FARMERS.

Betterment of Rural Life One of the Nation's Great Needs.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt's speech at the picnic of the State Grange in Summit Park, Oriskany, this afternoon was as follows:

"There are no two public questions of more vital importance to the future of this country than the problem of conservation and the problem of the betterment of rural life. Moreover, these two problems are really interdependent, for neither of them can be successfully solved save on condition that there is at least a measurable success in the effort to solve the other.

"In any great country the prime physical asset—the physical asset more valuable than any other—is the fertility of the soil. All our industrial and commercial welfare, all our material development of every kind depends in the last resort upon our preserving and increasing the fertility of the soil. This, of course, means the conservation of the soil; it furthermore implies the development of country life, for there cannot be a permanent improvement of the soil if the life of those who live on it and make their living out of it is suffered to starve and languish, to become stunted and weakened, and inferior to the type of life lived elsewhere.

"We are now trying to preserve, not for exploitation by individuals, but for the permanent benefit of the whole people, the waters and the forests, and we are doing this primarily as a means of adding to the fertility of the soil, although in each case there is a great secondary use both of the water and of the forests for commercial and industrial purposes. In the same way it is essential for the farmers themselves to try to broaden the life of the man who lives in the open country; to make it more attractive; to give it every adjunct and aid to development which has been given to the life of the man of the cities. Therefore, friends, the conservation and rural life policies are really two sides of the same policy; and down at bottom this policy rests upon the fundamental law that neither man nor nation can prosper unless, in dealing with the present, he steadily take thought for the future.

Cities' Drain on the Country.

"In one sense this problem with which we have to deal is very, very old. Wherever civilizations have hitherto sprung up they have always tended to go through certain stages and then to fail. No nation can develop a real civilization without cities. Up to a certain point the city movement is thoroughly healthy; yet it is a strange and lamentable fact that always hitherto after this point has been reached the city has tended to develop at the expense of the country by draining the country of what is best in it, and making an insignificant return for this best. In consequence, in the past, every civilization in its later stages has tended really to witness those conditions under which 'the cities prosper and the men decay.'

"There are ugly signs that these tendencies are at work in this nation of ours. But very fortunately we see now what never before was seen in any civilization—an aroused and alert public interest in the problem, a recognition of its gravity, and a desire to attempt its solution.

"The problem does not consist merely in the growth of the city. Such a growth in itself is a good thing and not a bad thing for the country. The problem consists in the growth of the city at the expense of the country; and, even where this is not the case, in so great an equality of growth in power and interest as to make the city more attractive than the country, and therefore apt to drain the country of the people who ought to live therein.

"The human side of the rural life problem is to make the career of the farmer and the career of the farm laborer as attractive and as remunerative as corresponding careers in the city. Now, I am well aware that the farmer must himself take the lead in bringing this about. A century and a quarter ago the wise English farmer, Arthur Young, wrote of the efforts to improve French wool: 'A cultivator at the head of a sheep farm of 3,000 or 4,000 acres would in a few years do more for their wools than all the academicians and philosophers will effect in ten centuries.'

Need for the Aid of Experts.

"It is absurd to think that any man who has studied the subject only theoretically is fit to direct those who practically work at the matter. But, friends, I wish to insist to you here—to you practical men, who own and work your farms—that it is a pernicious absurdity for the practical man to refuse to benefit by the work of the student. The English farmer I have quoted, Young, was a practical farmer, but he was also a scientific farmer.

"One reason why the great business men of to-day—the great industrial leaders—have gone ahead, while the farmer has tended to sag behind the others, is that they are far more willing, and indeed eager, to profit by expert and technical knowledge—the knowledge that can only come as a result of the highest education. From railways to factories no great industrial concern can nowadays be carried on, save by the aid of a swarm of men who have received a high technical education in chemistry, in engineering, in electricity, in one or more of scores of special subjects. The big business man, the big railway man, does not ask college-trained experts to tell him how to run his business; but he does ask numbers of them each to give him export advice and aid on some one point indispensable to his business. He finds this man usually in some graduate of a technical school or college in which he has been trained for his life work.

"In just the same way the farmers should benefit by the advice of the technical men who have been trained in phases of the very work the farmer does. I am not now speaking of the man who has had an ordinary general training, whether in school or college. While there should undoubtedly be such a training as a foundation (the extent differing according to the kind of work each boy intends to do as a man,) it is nevertheless true that our educational system should more and more be turned in the direction of educating men toward, and not away from, the farm and the shop.

Cites Example From Long Island.

"During the last half-century we have begun to develop a system of agricultural education at once practical and scientific, and we must go on developing it. But, after developing it, it must be used. The rich man who spends a fortune upon a fancy farm, with entire indifference to cost, does not do much good to farming, but, on the other hand, just as little is done by the working farmer who stolidly refuses to profit by the knowledge of the day; who treats any effort at improvement as absurd on its face, refuses to countenance what he regards as newfangled ideas and contrivances, and jeers at all book farming.

"I wish I could take representatives of this type of farmer down to Long Island, where I live, to have them see what has been done, not as philanthropy, but as a plain business proposition, by men connected with the Long Island Railroad, who believe it pays to encourage the development of farms along the line of that railway. They have put practical men in charge of experimental farms, cultivating them intensively, and using the best modern methods, not only in raising crops, but in securing the best market for the crops when raised. The growth has been astounding, and land only fifty miles from New York, which during our entire National life time has been treated as worthless, has within the last three or four years been proved to possess a really high value.

To Make Farm Life Interesting.

"The farmer, however, must not only make his land pay, but he must make country life interesting for himself and for his wife and his sons and daughters. Our people as a whole should realize the infinite possibilities of life in the country; and every effort should be made to make those possibilities more possible. From the beginning of time it has been the man raised in the country—and usually the man born in the country—who has been most apt to render the services which every nation most needs. Turning to the list of American statesmen, it is extraordinary to see how large a proportion started as farm boys. But is rather sad to see that in recent years most of these same boys have ended their lives as men living in cities.

"It often happens that the good conditions of the past can be regained, not by going back, but by going forward. We cannot recreate what is dead; we cannot stop the march of events, but we can direct this march, and out of the new conditions develop something better than the past knew. Henry Clay was a farmer who lived all his life in the country; Washington was a farmer who lived and died in the country; and we of this Nation ought to make it our business to see that the conditions are made such that farm life in the future shall not only develop men of the stamp of Washington and Henry Clay, but shall be so attractive that these men may continue as farmers; for remember that Washington and Henry Clay were successful farmers.

"I hope that things will so shape themselves that the farmer can have a great career and yet end his life as a farmer; so that the city man will look forward to living in the country rather than the country man living in the city.

Urges Organization of Farmers.

"Farmers should learn how to combine effectively, as has been done in industry. I am particularly glad to speak to the Grange, for I heartily believe in farmers' organizations, and we should all welcome every step taken toward an increasing co-operation among farmers. The importance of such movements cannot be overestimated, and through such intelligent joint action it will be possible to improve the market just as much as the farm.

"Country life should be as attractive as city life, and the country people should insist upon having their full representation when it comes to dealing with all great public questions. In other words, country folks should demand that they work on equal terms with city folks in all such matters. They should have their share in the memberships of commissions and councils; in short, of all the organized bodies for laying plans for great enterprises affecting all the people. I am glad to see on such bodies the names that represent financial interests, but those interests should not have the right of way, and in all enterprises and movements in which the social condition of the country is involved the agricultural country—the open country—should be as well represented as the city.

"The man of the open country is apt to have certain qualities which the city man has lost. These qualities offset those which the city man has, and he himself has not. The two should be put on equal terms, and the country talent be given the same opportunity as the city talent to express itself and to contribute to the welfare of the world in which we live.

"The country church should be made a true social centre, alive to every need of the community, standing for a broad individual outlook and development, taking the lead in work and in recreation, caring more for conduct than for dogma, more for ethical, spiritual, practical betterment than for merely formal piety. The country fair offers far greater possibilities for continuous and healthy usefulness than it at present affords. The country school should be made a vital centre for economic, social, and educational co-operation; it is naturally fitted to be such a centre for those engaged in commercial farming, for those who live on and by the small farms they themselves own. The problem of the farm is really the problem of the family that lives on the farm. On all these questions there is need of intelligent study, such as marks the books of Prof. Bailey of Cornell and of Horace Plunkett's book on the 'Rural Life Problems of the United States.'

Farm Laborers and Wives.

"One feature of the problem should be recognized by the farmer at once and an effort made to deal with it. It is our duty and our business to consider the farm laborer exactly as we consider the farmer. No country life can be satisfactory when the owners of farms tend, for whatever reason, to go away to live in cities instead of working their farms; and, moreover, it cannot be really satisfactory when the labor system is so managed that there is for part of the year a demand for labor which cannot be met, and during another part of the year no demand for labor at all, so that the farmers tend to rely on migratory laborers who come out to work in the country with no permanent interest in it and with no prospect of steady employment.

"It is exceedingly difficult to make a good citizen out of a man who can't count upon some steadiness and continuity in the work which means to him his livelihood. Economic conditions on the farm—in variety and kind of crop growing, especially as distributed in time, and in housing for the men—must be so shaped as to render it possible for the man who labors for the farmer to be steadily employed under conditions which foster his self-respect and tend for his development.

"Above all, the conditions of farm life must always be shaped with a view to the welfare of the farmer's wife and the farm laborer's wife, quite as much as to the welfare of the farmer and farm laborer. To have the woman a mere drudge is at least as bad as to have the man a mere drudge. It is every whit as important to introduce new machines to economize her labor within the house as it is to introduce machinery to increase the effectiveness of his labor outside the house.

"I haven't the slightest sympathy with any movement which looks to excusing men and women for the non-performance of duty and fixes attention only on rights and not on duties. The woman who shirks her duty as housewife, as mother, is a contemptible creature; just as the corresponding man is a contemptible creature. But the welfare of the woman is even more important than the welfare of the man; for the mother is the real Atlas, who bears aloft in her strong and tender arms the destiny of the world. She deserves honor and consideration such as no man should receive. She forfeits all claim to this honor and consideration if she shirks her duties. But the average American woman does not shirk them; and it is a matter of the highest obligation for us to see that they are performed under conditions which make for her welfare and happiness and for the welfare and happiness of the children she brings into the world."

Roosevelt Committed to Fight.

Two features of the day with Col. Roosevelt stand out with especial prominence. In the first place he has declared himself very plainly as to the fight in this State. There can be no doubt that he was in a better position personally before the publication of the letter from President Taft this morning than he is in now. As the man turned down by the machine leaders, he was under no obligation to take any hand in the campaign. He could stand aside and cheerfully watch them ride to their certain fall. After the fall no amount of explanation on their part could have convinced the people that the fault was other than their own.

Now the situation is materially changed. Mr. Roosevelt must in all probability assume the major share of responsibility for the campaign. He will probably go to the convention and may be temporary Chairmon. He has made it entirely clear that he will demand the adoption of a clean-cut, progressive platform and the nomination of clean-cut, progressive candidates. He will no doubt get into the campaign with all his energy.

What he thinks of the possibilities of election day has not on any way appeared, but it is plain that plenty of other political observers regard Democratic success as almost certain. The discontent among the rank and file of Republicans throughout the State is tremendous. They have been saying everywhere that they would vote the Democratic ticket simply to get rid of the Sherman-Barnes-Woodruff leadership. What they will say now that Col. Roosevelt is taking hold remains to be seen. From what little political talk could be heard during the day it was evident that the fighting attitude of President Taft in his letter to Mr. Griscom was immensely popular, and that, with the strong injection of Roosevelt virus, may stem the ebb tide. Certainly it will prevent such a wholesale defection as would have resulted otherwise.

People With Roosevelt.

The second significant feature of the day was the manner in which the Oriskany crowd listened to Col. Roosevelt. When he preached about the farmers they grew restless, and some of them went away, but when he made even a slight reference to politics they sat up and yelled straightway. When he came out for Davenport they fairly howled their delight.

Unless the people of other parts of New York State are mightily different from those of Oneida and Herkimer Counties, Col. Roosevelt got a most decided answer to-day to the question whether or not he has lost any of his hold in New York. Most emphatically he has not. These people to-day were with him with all the old-time enthusiasm. It is as a rule hard to tell from the demeanor of this kind of a crowd what those who compose it think of the man who is addressing them or how much of a hold he has upon their feeling and sympathies. That difficulty was responsible for the failure of Bryan and his friends to interpret correctly the actions of the crowds who heard him in 1896. But to-day the crowd made it unmistakable that they wanted Col. Roosevelt to talk progressive Republican politics. It was only such talk on his part that stirred them to real enthusiasm, and every least indication of it always brought out the cheers.

Plainly there is a great disgust with Mr. Sherman. It was made quite clear by the talks with men in the crowd to-day that they were glad to get a chance to show their repudiation of the Vice President. He has lost very greatly by the events of the last few days, even in his home district.

A Version of the Taft Incident.

The letter of President Taft to Mr. Griscom was the subject of much discussion during the day, but beyond the brief statement he gave just before starting, Col. Roosevelt could not be induced to say anything. An explanation of the whole incident which is attributed in a way to Col. Roosevelt is this: Mr. Sherman and his colleagues in the scheme to defeat Col. Roosevelt for the temporary Chairmanship of the Republican State Convention may easily have thought that they had the acquiescence of President Taft in their machinations. It was the sort of a scheme which would have been reported to the President only in the language of insinuation and intimation in which such politicians are adept. President Taft is not expert in that sort of talk, as has been demonstrated on numerous occasions. He prefers calling a spade a spade, especially when it is a political instrument, and it is possible that Mr. Sherman actually thought he had conveyed the idea to Mr. Taft without having made the least impression on the President as to what was actually to be attempted.

The indignation of the President upon discovering the trick and the manner in which he had been used to help it along, is hardly revealed by his letter to Mr. Griscom, because he is of an optimistic nature and would still believe that some show of harmony between the progressive and the machine factions of Republicans in this State could be maintained. He is likely to think differently about it when he reads the declaration of Col. Roosevelt this morning that, so far as he is concerned, there will be "not a particle of compromise."

TAFT SAYING NOTHING.

Said to be Content with the Situation at Present.

Special to The New York Times.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 23.—Not a word was forthcoming from the President or from the executive offices to-day about Vice President Sherman or Col. Roosevelt. Secretary Norton proclaimed anew the policy of official silence both before and after he went to the cottage to take up the day's tasks with the President. These had to do chiefly with the completion of the St. Paul speech. The President has finished the rough draft of that document.

He had no callers of moment and during the day stuck very closely to his desk. He is willing that others should do the political talking for the present, but is keeping watch both upon the political developments in New York and upon that special car bearing his predecessor in office away into the West. By keeping out of the turmoil as much as he can the President counts on improving the prospects of the party and winning approval for his Administration.

The assurance that just now he is in accord with Col. Roosevelt on the New York situation is plainly very gratifying to the President's friends. Senator Aldrich told him, when here a few weeks ago, that if Col. Roosevelt did not offer some show of harmony with the Administration while touring across the continent and back again nothing but a humiliating defeat at the polls could be expected in November.

Because of the President's ardent desire for a Republican victory in November he hopes nothing untoward will happen while Col. Roosevelt is en tour. Now that there is agreement between them as to party procedure in New York, it is claimed at Beverly that there are better prospects for general unanimity during the Congressional campaign. The likelihood of this will be measured in no small degree by a comparison of Col. Roosevelt's speeches during the next two weeks with President Taft's utterances during the same period. These will include his letter for the campaign book and his St. Paul conservation speech.

PLAIN TALK BY ROOSEVELT.

Gov. Vessey Says He Will Show That He Is a Progressive.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 23.—"Theodore Roosevelt is an unqualified progressive," said Gov. Vessey of South Dakota at the Frederic Hotel this morning. He has just returned from New York and a visit to the former President.

"Mr. Roosevelt will state his position clearly in the speeches he is to make on his Western trip," continued Gov. Vessey. "He will not attack any one or anything at the time, but he will make it clear that he stands for progressive sentiments. The effect of his speeches will be most marked, and the progressive element in the Western States will be sure to assert itself under the leadership of Mr. Roosevelt.

"In my opinion it would be impossible for Roosevelt to take a position opposed to the progressive idea. He is the logical centre around which the progressive element of the Republican Party naturally gathers. The strength of this element can only be determined after Roosevelt has announced his position and the people have expressed their opinion of his position. This announcement will be made within a day or two."

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TAFT OFFERS PLAN OF TARIFF REVISION

Changes in Individual Schedules on Basis of Fair Profit to Home Manufacturers.

LOOKS FOR INSURGENT AID

This to be the Keynote of Congress Campaign — Plans to Avoid Business Disturbance.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 23.—President Taft's keynote for the coming Congressional campaign became known here to-night. The President will favor a further revision of the tariff.

While he is still convinced that the Payne-Aldrich law is the best tariff the country has had up to this time, he has at last reached the conclusion that there is decided room for improvement.

Mr. Taft does not propose that business shall be upset by another wholesale revision, but he will recommend to Congress that individual schedules in the tariff system be taken up separately and be disposed of on a scientific basis.

The new revision is to be based upon the findings of the Tariff Commission as to the cost of production at home and abroad. Only a fair profit is to be allowed the American producer.

"Extortionate and unreasonable" profits, the President declares, are to be tolerated no longer.

The President has stated these facts, and has outlined his position in detail in the letter he has sent to Representative McKinley of Illinois for publication in the Republican Congressional campaign textbook. The letter was mailed from Beverly yesterday afternoon. The time of making it public has been left entirely to the judgment of the committee.

Political observers regard this move as about the shrewdest that has been made during the present Administration. It offers an excellent opportunity for the insurgents and regulars to get together in the campaign, and President Taft has been exceedingly anxious to find a ground upon which the different factions could meet without embarrassment to either.

The principal fight of the insurgents was upon certain schedules of the Tariff bill. President Taft is meeting them more than half way in admitting that individual schedules need further revision. At the same time he is backing up the regulars in that he believes they did the best they possibly could with the unreliable information that was in their hands.

With the creation of the Tariff Board under the Payne-Aldrich act, and the enlargement of its power by provision of the last Congress, the President believes a way has been opened to put the tariff on a scientific basis for the first time in the history of the country.

The objection has been raised and urged upon the President that the opening of an individual schedule of the tariff would mean the possible throwing open of the entire tariff act, with another long debate and a stirring up of conditions generally.

Mr. Taft plans to meet this with the recommendation to Congress that before any schedule is taken up for further consideration a rule shall be passed both by the House and by the Senate providing that amendments to a certain schedule of the tariff shall be in order, and that any amendments not germane to that particular schedule shall be declared out of order. It is believed that with a workable majority in the two houses of Congress and with the insurgents lined up with the regulars for the programme outlined by the President there will be little or no difficulty in putting through such a rule.

From the very first President Taft has been deeply interested in the work of the new Tariff Commission. He regarded the creation of that board as one of the most important provisions of the new tariff act ,and one of the reasons for his declaration that it was the best tariff fact ever passed.

The President takes the ground that it was impossible to revise the tariff immediately after the Republican platform was adopted and to revise it at the same time on a basis of the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad. He believes that substantial progress was made in the Payne-Aldrich act, and now that the Tariff Commission has put its inquiries well under way it soon will be possible to take up the individual schedules as fast as the facts and figures are available and revise them actually on the basis declared for in the party platform.

The President already has had two conferences with Chairman H. C. Emery of the Tariff Commission this Summer. The first of these was on board the yacht Mayflower at Bar Harbor late in July and the second was at Burgess Point two week ago. The President proposes to have the entire tariff board meet him here in Beverly some time in September.

Prof. Emery recently spent several months abroad. James B. Reynolds, a member of the commission, has been abroad for a long time. There is every reason to believe that a preliminary report from the commission will be available this Fall.

Representative Ebenezer J. Hill of Connecticut, a member of the House Committee on Ways and Means, which drafted the first Payne bill, had a conference with the President ten days or more ago. He agreed, it is said, that a revision of the tariff by individual schedules was the best possible solution of the puzzle.

CHANGE IN HIS PLANS.

Taft Won't Return to Washington After St. Paul Trip.

Special to The New York Times.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 23.—President Taft has postponed his September trip to Washington. It was his purpose to stop off there on his way back from St. Paul and spend several days starting the machinery of government. There is always a let-up in activity when he is away. Officials are averse to terminating their own vacations as long as the head of the Government is away.

Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel are making more of a visit in Alaska than was planned at first. They cannot return in time to attend the Cabinet meeting, called for Sept. 9. The President planned to have them and all the other members of the Cabinet as his house guests for several days. As a matter of fact there would have been an almost continuous Cabinet meeting for that period. Having cleared away a lot of work and seen the Government's official force bending to their tasks once more, the President planned to return to Beverly for the fine Autumn days.

Now he has decided to come straight back from St. Paul and will tarry in Beverly for a couple of weeks thereafter. Then he will make his contemplated trip to Washington, meet his Cabinet, and return to New York by Sept. 30, when he will deliver his speech before the League of Republican Clubs. In early October he comes again to Beverly for some time.

CHASING THE SKIPPER.

Capt. Down of the Trent Invents a New Game for Young Passengers.

Capt. Down of the Royal Mail steam packet Trent, which will sail to-day for Bermuda, has invented a new game for children on board ship. At 10 o'clock each morning in fine weather he musters the youngsters on the promenade deck and makes a chalk cross mark on the woodwork. After the juvenile passengers have counted 200 they follow the skipper's trail through the ship. He has to make a mark every ten paces, and they have to find each one, a difficult task when the chalk marks are made on white paint under the lifeboats and inside the deck houses.

Out of twenty who started in a chase on the last voyage of the Trent the Captain said that only three kept on to the end and caught him in the bo'sun's locker. The prizes were nautical brooches and silver flags.

Steamship Captains on Atlantic liners, as a rule avoid children like they do clergymen.

DRIVEN TO POSE AS A BOY.

English Girl Had to Forsake Waiting to Avoid Customers' Attentions.

While Detective Giery of the Fourth Branch Bureau was questioning Robert Carlington, proprietor of a theatrical rooming house at 163 West Sixty-fourth Street, yesterday about a burglary there last Sunday, a small but well-built boy walked into the parlor and volunteered a description of the thief, who, he said, he had seen slipping out of a window. The detective noticed that the boy had a very slim waist and a very soft voice.

As Giery returned to the house last night for a detailed description of the stolen loot he was met in the hall by the same slim-waisted boy, who beckoned him, in great agitation, to a near-by room.

"I see you have discovered it," said the boy. "I am a girl. But please do not tell the people in the house that I am masquerading."

She would not tell why she was masquerading, however, nor divulge her name or anything further about herself. Giery then arrested her on a charge of masquerading as a boy.

At the detective bureau she would give her name only as Richard Brockton and her age as 17 years. In the Night Court, however, later, she told Magistrate House she was Flora Landon, 21 years old, and that her father was a porter in a hotel in London.

She said she had left England two years ago, coming first to Boston, and working as a waitress there and in this city. Men patrons, she said, annoyed her with their unwanted attentions, and to escape them she finally adopted male attire. For a while she worked as a waiter in various cheap retaurants, but could not do the strenuous work expected of her, and found herself about a month ago stranded, with no work and no money.

At that time she read in the papers that Dr. Mariano Scimeca of 2 Prince Street had offered a reward of $5,000 for the recovery of his boy, Michael, who had been kidnapped from his home. She said she applied to Dr. Scimeca and asked for a chance to earn the reward. The physician, because of her youth, told her he had little faith, but would give her a chance.

Still wearing male attire, she says, she searched through Little Italy and the lower east side for three weeks, but ended with no more information about the missing boy than when she started. Thereafter she fell back upon work as a grocer's clerk and a waiter, earning $6 a week until her arrest last night.

Magistrate House, noting her refined carriage and behavior, confessed himself at a loss as to what to do with her.

"If I have been guilty of any crime, Your Worship," she said, "I suppose you must send me to jail. But I want very much to get home and to live again with my people, if I can ever earn enough money to accomplish that."

Magistrate House finally telephoned to Miss Margaret Luther, Deaconess of the Florence Crittendon Home, who agreed to take care of the girl and to communicate with the Society of St. George with a view to returning her to her own country. The Magistrate then discharged her.

DOG PULLED HIM OVERBOARD.

Brown Tied Leash to His Foot—His Friends Whistled.

Walter Balzan, a chauffeur of Montgomery Avenue, Tompkinsville, S. I.; George Quirk, a Stock Exchange clerk of Second Avenue, New Brighton, and John Moser, a clerk of Richmond Turnpike, Tompkinsville, went crabbing yesterday afternoon in New Creek, South Beach, S. I. They were camping in that neighborhood, and another of their party, Joseph Brown, also of Tompkinsville, lay reading a book on the other bank of the creek.

He had with him a large Newfoundland dog that he did not wish to go into the water. To keep the dog with him Brown tied the strap attached to its collar to his own foot. All went well till one of the crabbers began to whistle and call "Towzer!" At once the big dog made for the water with such eagerness that it pulled Brown into the water.

The tide was running in at a great pace and the dog, frightened by the man tugging at the strap, made for the shore. This was altogether too much for Brown's swimming ability, and he was dragged under. He was near drowning, and Balzan had to jump in to his rescue. It was only after five minutes' vigorous work that he managed to get him to the shore. He was unconscious, but a few minutes' rolling on the meadows brought him back to life again.

SIBLEY IS ARRESTED ON BRIBERY CHARGE

Accuse Millionaire, Secretary, and Campaign Managers of Conspiracy to Debauch Voters.

HE AND HIS WIFE ARE ILL

Reform League in Pennsylvania District Not Satisfied with Sibley's Withdrawal as a Candidate.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Aug. 23.—Former Representative Joseph C. Sibley, for many years member of Congress from this district, who yesterday formally withdrew his name from the contest for election after getting a majority in the Republican primaries, is under arrest here charged with "conspiring to debauch voters." Charles Crandall, D. M. Howard, and Charles B. Munn, prominent men of Warren County, who are alleged to have acted as campaign managers for Sibley in the primary contest, and Frank H. Taylor, secretary to Mr. Sibley, are also under arrest as co-defendants. Mr. Sibley, whose fortune runs into the millions, is connected with Gen. Charles Miller of Franklin in many enterprises and had been accused of being a Standard Oil candidate for Congress.

Constable Walter Paige of Warren served warrants on Mr. Sibley and Mr. Taylor here late last night at the home of Mr. Sibley, after he had prepared to retire. On account of the prominence of Mr. Sibley he and his secretary were told that they need not give bail, but must go into a hearing before Justice Perry at Warren on Friday evening. Crandall, Howard, and Munn were served with warrants later and gave bail.

No details of the methods used in the alleged debauching are cited in the information which was filed by Constable Paige at Warren. It states that the conspirators used the following sums of money, paid over by Sibley and his secretary, Taylor, to effect their purpose: To Charles Crandall, $13,800; to George B. Munn, $5,500; to D. M. Howard, $4,000; to D. F. Wheeler, $2,500; to William McCray, $250; to C. J. Gibson, $625; to R. J. Schumacher, $635; to Elbert Erickson, $810; to John A. Swanson, $1,000. These amounts total $29,120.

Mr. Sibley is not only ill himself from heart touble, but his wife is seriously ill. The accused man, however, made this statement to-day:

"I don't know what they are talking about and I do not see how a man lying on his back sick in Franklin County could commit a crime in Warren County, where this conspiracy is alleged to have occured."

Mr. Sibley explained that when he filed his expense account showing an expenditure of more than $17,000 in Warren County there was also a supplementary statement filed by C. D. Crandall, to whom he admits he gave $13,800 to be used in the campaign. He also in his statement told of giving Howard $4,000. The supplementary statements of Crandall and Howard show that they gave the moneys to the other men named as recipients of his campaign fund. The prosecutor misunderstood the campaign expense accounts, said Mr. Sibley, and doubled up the figures crediting the expenditures of Crandall and Howard twice.

According to his sworn statement, Mr. Sibley spent $42,500 in getting the Republican nomination in the five counties comprising the Twenty-eighth District. Immediately after the publication of his account there were stories that this amount did not represent more than half the total expended in his behalf. There were other reports regarding the manner in which portions of the money had been expended to influence voters.

Constable Paige is represented by D. I. Ball, as counsel. Mr. Ball said to-night at Warren that the action against Sibley and the others was begun at the instance of the Warren County Civic League, which is composed of Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists, and other political faiths. It was not satisfied with Sibley's withdrawal. Ball asserted that Representative Nelson P. Wheeler, who was defeated for renomination in the primaries, and William J. Breene, the Democratic nominee, knew nothing of the prosecution's plans until the arrests were made public.

Joseph Crocker Sibley was born in Friendship, N. Y., in 1850. He was 16 years old when he went to work as clerk in a store. His brother-in-law, Charles Miller, President of the Galena Oil Works, after a time sent him out to Chicago to represent the company. The Chicago fire burned him out and he returned to Franklin.

In 1873 he began experimenting to produce a lubricating oil that would take the place of animal oil for locomotives; now about three-fourths of all the locomotives in the country use the oil he produced. In this way he was brought into contact with Standard Oil interests.

He was 42 years old when he first went into politics. He had been a Republican, but changed to a Democrat, and won the Congressional seat of the Crawford-Erie District in Pennsylvania, although he lived in Venango County. He was backed by the Democrats, Populists, and Prohibitionists. He canvassed from house to house, made fiery and radical speeches, and was liberal with his bank account, and was swept in on the wave that elected Cleveland. He was elected a second time in 1894. He was an ardent champion of Bryan, and free silver in 1896, and was defeated with his leader.

Two years later he got the Democratic nomination in his own district of Venango, and defeated Charles W. Stone, a strong Republican.

Before he had served out his term he changed his politics again and became once more a straight Republican. He was sent back to Congress to represent that party in 1900, and returned in 1902 and 1904. After that he said he was going to retire to private life, but he changed his mind this year and won the nomination in the primaries by a majority of only 446.

Much of the opposition to Sibley this year was due to the exposure two years ago of his close relations with John D Archbold of the Standard Oil Company. Letters were published which showed that Sibley reported to Archbold on proceedings in Congress of interest to the Standard Oil Company, and gave aid to Archbold in plans to influence legislation.

TRIED TO TRAP LORIMER.

Illinois Bribery Witness So Explains Alleged Blackmailing Letter.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—"I wanted to get something on Senator Lorimer;, it was not an effort to blackmail him that I offered my manuscript for sale to him. I simply wanted to get a letter from him about it."

This testimony was given to-day by Representative White in the second trial of Lee O'Neil Browne, who is charged with bribing White to vote for Lorimer for Senator. White wrote the Senator that he had prepared a 30,000-word exposure of alleged graft in the Illinois Legislature, and that he was to be paid $2 a word for it by a magazine.

Replying to further questions on cross-examination, White said he had written to Browne asking for a loan, not that he needed the money but because he hoped "to get something on Browne."

The defense pounced on this testimony, declaring that White had sworn in the first trial that he was without funds when he wrote to Brown. They brought out a transcript of White's original testimony in support of the charge.

The witness's avowal that he had hoped to trap Senator Lorimer into making admissions was declared by Browne's counsel to show that the "plot" was less against Browne than against Lorimer.

McKINLEY SEES A VICTORY.

Says Canvass Shows the Republicans Will Control the House.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Congressman W. B. McKinley, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, visited Western headquarters to-day and issued his first statement regarding the outlook.

"We have canvassed the situation in various States and see no reason to change the opinion that the Republicans will control the next House of Representatives by a good working majority," he said. "Our Democratic friends are indulging themselves in their usual pre-election claims.

"The Republican Party will make no apology for its record. The new tarifff law has surprised all in producing the two results expected of a good tariff law; that is, increased revenue and prosperity. The Democrats have failed miserably in their effort to attribute the high cost of living, a world-wide condition, to the tariff. Prices are as high in free trade England and elsewhere abroad as in this country.

"I hold that President Taft is growing stronger daily in the faith of the American people in his sincerity in working out his own and the Roosevelt policies."

HARDING SURE OF VICTORY.

Ohio Republicans In Harmony, Says Their Candidate for Governor.

Warren G. Harding, Republican candidate for Governor of Ohio, who defeated Col. Roosevelt's friend, James R. Garfield, for the nomination, was in New York for a short time yesterday. He is returning from a motor trip through New England with Mrs. Harding and a party of friends. Mr. Harding is sure that he will win in Ohio this Fall.

"The Republican Party in Ohio has no fight within its ranks," said he. "We have a few ultra-progressives, and, on the other hand, some who would be called standpatters, but there is no break between the factions, and the party is united as it has not been in years.

The platform adopted by the convention contains all the progressive policies except some few of the more radical ones and indorses the record of the National party. There is no issue like the liquor question to cause trouble as in former years. The normal Republican plurality in Ohio is 60,000, and with the party united as it has not been in years it should win with the usual plurality. Of course the campaign will be a hot one."

Dahlman's Majority Is Small.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 23.—The Omaha World-Herald says this morning that complete returns from all counties in the State, two-thirds of which are official, give Mayor Dahlman of Omaha a majority of 225 over Gov. Shallenberger for the Democratic nomination for Governor. The official canvas of Omaha, which is about half completed, has already increased this majority by 153.

Massachusetts Convention.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—The Democratic State Convention will be held in Faneuil Hall, this city, on Thursday, Oct. 6. The date was decided upon to-day at a meeting of the Democratic State Committee. The Republican State Convention is also to be held in Boston on that day.

WON'T ENJOIN TAYLOR.

Judge Hough Refuses to Interfere in Christian Science Coal Litigation.

Judge Hough, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday refused the preliminary injunction sought by Helen F. Stricker against William H. Taylor, Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, Robert Adams, and the Enterprise Coal Company in the so-called Christian Science coal mine litigation. The injunction was intended to prevent Taylor from paying to himself advances he had made in promoting the company until the other promoters had ascertained how much he had advanced and obtained a court order as to the method of repayment.

Taylor's defense against the injunction was that his claim on the property was $200,000, and that he was the only one of the promoters who was in a position to put a dollar into it. Judge Hough, in his opinion, said:

"The situation appeals very strongly to the court, for why should the only person financially able to handle it be tied up when all the other parties interested openly admit their inability to do anything constructive. Merely destructive action is never looked upon with favor.

"The complainants' view appears to be that Taylor agreed to put up all the money that was required to run the business for an indefinite length of time and then take his pay in corporate bonds ranking equally with all sorts of debts which might be in existence when the bond issue was authorized.

"As a matter of common sense it is incredible that any business man should make such a bargain, and there is nothing in the contract between the parties to render it necessary to believe that such a bargain was made."

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
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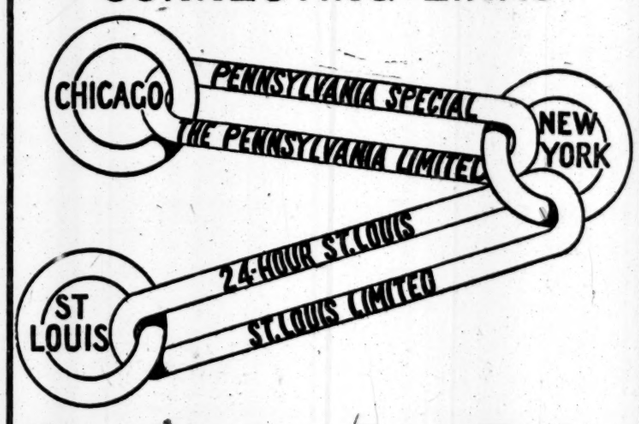

Four Famous Fast Trains

The "Pennsylvania Special"—the 18-hour train—leaves New York 3.55 P. M. to-day and arrives Chicago 8.55 A. M. to-morrow.

"The Pennsylvania Limited"—the world's standard passenger train—leaves New York 10.55 A. M. to-day and arrives Chicago 8.45 A. M. to-morrow.

"The 24-Hour St. Louis"—which inaugurated quick service to the southwest—leaves New York 6.25 P. M. to-day and arrives St. Louis 5.25 P. M. to-morrow.

"The St. Louis Limited"—the twin train of the Pennsylvania Limited—leaves New York 10.55 A. M. to-day and arrives St. Louis 1.25 P. M. to-morrow.

SMOOTH ROCK - BALLASTED FOUR - TRACK SHORT LINE
STANDARD RAILROAD OF AMERICA

Telephone "Madison 1032."

KNOX NEW YORK.

The Fall Shapes of
Knox Hats
Will be placed on sale
To-morrow, Thursday, Aug. 25
"Standard since 1838."
Knox "1910" Fall Shapes are faultless in construction and correct in every detail.

452 Fifth Avenue (Cor. 40th St.)
196 Fifth Avenue (Fifth Ave. Bldg.)
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C. W. BORCHERT, 157 Friedrichstrasse, BERLIN.
PINAUD & AMOUR, 41 Ave. de l'Opera, PARIS.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

ANNOUNCE, BEGINNING THIS MORNING,
Semi Annual Sale of
Trousers for Men

Former prices 3.00 & 4.00 at 2.50
Former prices 4.50 & 5.50 at 3.50
Former prices 6.00 & 7.00 at 4.50

including an extensive assortment of Dress and Outing Trousers, as well as trousers left over from our regular suit stock. All sizes.

WE ALSO OFFER
350 Suits for Men—to close
These are principally in the larger sizes — incomplete assortments left from our reduction sales.
Former prices 15.00 to 20.00 at 10.00

84th Weekly
Sale of New PIANOS
and PLAYER-PIANOS

In order to have our salesrooms ready for new Fall stock we offer (TO-DAY ONLY) ALL REMAINING NEW PIANOS, which we have been selling up to $300 at..... $190

These pianos were selected for their rich tone quality, case design and durability and are FULLY GUARANTEED.

$5 Down, $5 Monthly

7 NEW PLAYER-PIANOS, fully worth $750, with twelve rolls of music free and library privilege, TO-DAY ONLY at..... $345

All Bear the KNABE GUARANTEE.

TERMS TO SUIT YOUR CONVENIENCE

Wm. KNABE & Co.
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street

CANADIAN PACIFIC

The hunter's coveted trophy is the head of the bull moose. The finest specimens are found in the country along the line of the Canadian Pacific, which abounds in big game of all kinds from Grizzly to Caribou. The waters teem with fish, from the fighting maskinonge to the plucky bass.

For information as to where to go and how to get there, what supplies to pack and guides to get, read our book "Fishing and Shooting" sent FREE on application.

ROBERT KERR, P. T. M. Montreal, Canada
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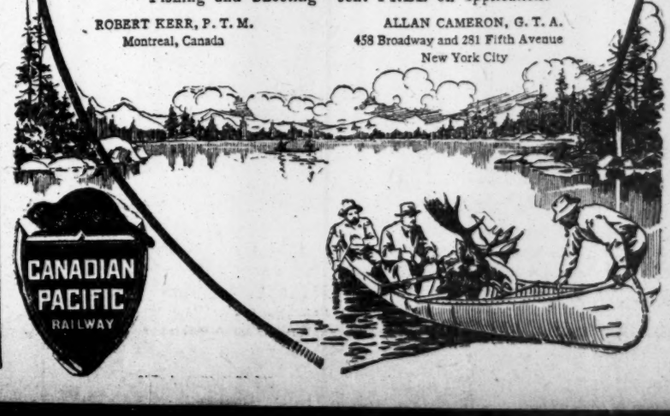

HUNDREDS MISSING IN FOREST FIRES

Foresters Fear 300 Fighters Are Dead—Other Deaths Now Put at One Hundred.

RAIN FALLS AT WALLACE

State Troops Ordered Out in Montana and Idaho and More Federal Soldiers Are Under Orders.

SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 23.—Three hundred fire fighters of a total force of 600 engaged in fighting the forest fires in Northern Idaho are still unofficially unaccounted for. Late reports give hope that many of them are not dead, but still at work in other districts, though Forest Supervisor W. R. Weigle, at Wallace, earlier to-day declared his belief that naerly all of this number have perished.

"Out of my total force of 600 men I have received word of the safety of only 300," said the Supervisor. "The others, when last heard from, were working in the districts where the flames have been fiercest, along the headwaters of the Coeur d'Alene and the St. Joe. I am forced to the appalling conclusion that nearly all of these men have lost their lives."

The most startling rumors of loss of life pour in, but it is impossible to verify them. It seems probable that, aside from losses among the National rangers, the number of dead in the three States will not exceed one hundred when the smoke shall have cleared away. A list af known dead to date compiled in Spokane contains only thirty-four names. Other deaths have not been verified.

900 Rangers Not Heard From.

A total of some 900 forest rangers are missing in Idaho and Montana. It is probable, however, that most of them will escape death. Since the telephone lines through the National forests have been destroyed or interrupted, the rangers might be safe, but unable to report.

Supervisor Weigle tonight said that he took the gloomiest view of the situation regarding the 200 rangers missing in the St. Joe River country, thirty-five miles east of Wallace, Idaho. Ranger Kootkey, in charge, is a graduate of the Yale Forestry School and an expert forester, but the place in which they were working when last heard from is now a seething area of flames. The distance from Wallace is so short that it is thought Kootkey would have sent word to his chief if he were alive.

A late report from Supervisor Koch, who is at St. Regis, indicates that many of the men reported to have perished in Fuford Gulch are safe at St. Regis and are assisting in driving back the fires that threaten the town.

Reports are circulated to-day that incendiaries attempted to spread new fires last night. The charge was made that unidentified persons were detected hurling burning brands among the buildings in the business quarter of the old town. No arrests were reported.

Forest Supervisor Fenn to-day forwarded to the Forestry Bureau at Missoula a report from Kookai, Idaho. He asserts that the fires have now covered an area of more than fifty square miles; that strong winds prevail, and there appears to be little chance of bringing the flames under control. The town of Troy is threatened.

From the Idaho side furious fires are reported coming over the divide at the head of Rock Creek and heading toward Eight Mile Creek. This fire has a front of eighteen miles, and is said to be extending along Deer Creek in the direction of Bonner.

Light rain began to fall this afternoon in Wallace and other Coeur d'Alene mining towns that have been scorched or threatened by forest fires and gave the weary fire fighters new hope. Nothing but a long and heavy downpour will quenche the flames that are eating up the big trees, but a shower may help stay the flames.

Idaho militia and United States troops are on the way to fight the fires, but the soldiers can accomplish little more than to protect the threatened towns.

The mining town of Wardner, Idaho, is almost surrounded by flames, and miners are out fighting the fire.

The fires in the Coeur d'Alene National forest are beyond control, and timber worth millions of dollars is burning.

The fires on the Coeur d'Alene Indian Reservation are checked, as are those of Palmous National forest.

Along the St. Joe River, which runs through what is described as "the largest body of standing white pine timber in the United States," there is a continuous fire from Plummer to a point in Montana.

United States Biggest Loser.

The United States is the largest loser. Next in importance are the losses sustained by the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railroad, which has suffered destruction of bridges, buildings, and timber lands for forty miles. The road today sent from Missoula two work and relief trains to the west end of the line to repair bridges and seek out refugees.

The fires along the Northern Pacific in Western Montana have diminished. They were largely in timber that had been burned over in former years. The Idaho fires are burning virgin forest.

The Pen d'Oreille Valley, heavily timbered, is on fire in several places, and loss of life is feared. It is difficult to get news from that region.

Dispatches state that four soldiers of Company G, Twenty-fifth Infantry, (colored,) are missing. The dispatches also say that a number of families near Avery have been burned out and many persons are dead or missing.

Railroad employes at Avery say that all the Bitter Rcot Mountains are burning and that the entire Coeur d'Alene National forest may be destroyed.

Four families of homesteaders reported burned to death on La Tour Creek, Kootenai County, Idaho, escaped to St. Joe, wading fifteen miles along the bed of the creek, with fire burning down to the water's edge, forcing the refugees frequently to submerge themselves to avoid the heat and flames. An old man in the party was borne on a stretcher all the way. The clothes of the party were nearly burned off.

Steve R. Marquette of Independence, Iowa, who was of Ranger Bell's party of thirty-seven fire fighters that was hemmed in by flames at Beauchamp's ranch on the Big Fork of the Coeur d'Alene River, ten miles from Wallace, arrived in Wallace to-day and confirmed the report that ten of that party are dead and eight in a hospital camp, four being blind and four suffering of broken legs. Five of the uninjured men, he said, were assisting a physician in nursing the unfortunates.

"When the flames swept up the cañon of the Big Forks," said Marquette, "we found ourselves surrounded by fire. We ran back to the clearing at Beauchamp's ranch. Ranger Bell ordered us to lie down in a pool. Joseph Beauchamp, Roderick Ames, and the others who perished sought shelter in a cave which Beauchamp had dug for his valuables. The water in the pool was only five inches deep, and the sparks and hot wind compelled us to turn over every few minutes to avoid being roasted.

"We breathed through wet garments. Tobacco boxes and razors in the pockets of the men cracked on account of the heat. We lay two hours in the water before the flames blew over enough to allow our escape."

At Lookout, Idaho, the Northern Pacific station was burned yesterday and the approaches to the Dorsey Tunnel are gone.

Towns are Calmer.

The towns of Coeur d'Alene district have passed the first stage of wild, unreasoning panic and have settled down with more or less composure to wait for the list of dead. In Wallace the people have largely recovered from the shock of their narrow escape of Saturday.

Notices have been posted that mines at Burke and along the cañon will start tomorrow, and miners are being called back to work. Before the week is over work will have been started on the reconstruction of many buildings wiped out Saturday night. As fast as they can be assembled bridge building crews will be rushed to work. Hardly a bridge in the whole country around Wallace is left, and the Oregon Railroad & Navigation, Northern Pacific, and Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound lines are all more or less crippled. The burned district, generally speaking, extends east to Missoula, north to the headwaters of the St. Joe, and in other directions nobody knows how far. From the top of the hills everything as far as the eye can see is swept bare, but until the rangers report at headquarters here there will be no accurate estimates of the fire's ravages.

Fear of contamination in the Wallace water supply has caused the water company to send men up Placer Creek and all its feeders, clearing streams of dead fish and charred logs. It is said that insurance on the buildings destroyed here will total $350,000. Losses are still estimated at about $1,000,000. The Wallace City Council has appointed a committee to consider the relief of the homeless. Offers of assistance have been received from many sources, but none has been accepted.

Women Save Elk City.

Elk City has been saved largely through the heroism of the women of the town, who, while the male population was fighting the advance of the conflagration, guarded their homes and the business houses, extinguishing a number of incipient blazes started by brands carried from the burning forests. Many of them stayed on roofs of the buildings all Saturday night. The town is out of danger, but the conditions in the surrounding regions are growing worse.

The American river district is a gigantic furnace for miles. A number of outlying settlements, from which the inhabitants have fled, are certain of destruction, and it is reported that the plant of the American Eagle Mine, one of the largest in the district, is burning.

Forest Ranger Porter, to Assistant Ranger Brown at Grangeville, reports briefly:

"Situation desperate. Whole country ablaze. Must have help to save property."

The fire in the Clearwater reserve, according to advices received late last night by Major Fenn, is absolutely beyond control and all hopes of subduing the flames until it rains have been abandoned.

The pack train reported surrounded Sunday night reached a place of safety on Rocky Ride yesterday, but is unable to reach the rangers' camp for which it was headed.

Four fires are raging within a mile and a half of Wardner, Idaho, and the town is in grave danger. Six hundred men from the Federal Caledonia and Bunker Hill Mines have been sent out to back fire. The women and children are prepared to leave, a route to safety being still open.

Three of the fires that threaten Wardner are to the east and one to the west. Government and Deadwood Gulches, south of Kellog Peak, are ablaze. If the water supply fails there will be small chance of saving Wardner. The town has nearly 3,000 inhabitants. So far there has been no loss of life here.

STILL MORE FEDERAL TROOPS.

Only 33 Deaths of Fire Fighters So Far Officially Reported to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Forest Service officials here issued a statement to-day summing up reports from agents in the field concerning the fire situation. The situation in Missoula district has improved and the winds are less violent today, says Associate District Forester Silcox in a dispatch received here.

Thirty-three fire fighters are known to be dead in the Lolo and Coeur d'Alene region, and two more are reported to be fatally hurt. These figures cover only the list of fire fighters, and no attempt is made to estimate the total loss of life.

The text of District Forester Silcox's message is as follows:

"The known dead of fire fighters in Lolo and Coeur d'Alene region now 33, with two more reported fatally hurt. Several large crews not yet heard from and in danger. All towns between St. Regis and Saltese burned. Wind less violent to-day, and hope to get rescue and fire fighting parties started to-morrow.

"Situation also better in Missoula, where fire burning ranches, is under control, but other fires are burning. Fires in Gallatin and Bear Tooth Forests, north of Yellowstone National Park, also under control. Supervisor Skeels reports three days' high wind. Town of Troy now in grave danger.

"Entire Fisher river watershed on fire and hundreds of fighters forced to abandon tools and supplies to escape with lives. Sylvanite destroyed and Yakt river watershed afire for miles. Upper Fisher, Yakt, and Pipe Creek fires have been abandoned and crews can probably get out safely. Nothing known of situation in Flathead and Blackfeet forests."

Acting Gov. Jay Bowerman of Oregon, in a telegram to the forest service, has offered the assistance of the State militia in fighting the forest fires. It is expected the aid of the State troops will be accepted as soon as a determination is reached as to where they are most needed. Meantime, forest service officials are delaying a reply to Acting Gov. Bowerman's message, offering the aid of the State militia, to determine whether the War Department will order troops from other departments to aid in subduing the flames. All the available troops in the Department of the Dakota are now engaged in fire fighting.

Troops for Colville Reservation.

The fires on the Colville Indian Reservation are growing worse, and cannot be extinguished without the aid of rain, according to a telegram from Supt. Webster of the reservation, received at the Indian Bureau to-day. The fires, he says, are proving expensive, and are threatening the Indian ranches. While thus far they have been confined mostly to dead and down trees, underbrush, and grass, it is feared that under prevailing high winds the flames may spread rapidly. The guards, he says, report that not more than 1,000 feet per acre of standing timber is being destroyed. He reports the situation at Republic to be growing worse.

The War Department has telegraphed the commanding officer of the troops at Republic to render all assistance to the Indian officials in combating the flames on the Colville Indian Reservation. The Indian Bureau has in turn sent a message to Supt. Webster to hold a conference with the army officer to determine the necessary steps to be taken.

Three companies of troops to fight the fires in the Tahoe National Forest in California having been asked for by District Forester Olmsted, at San Francisco, the War Department has issued orders dispatching three companies of troops from the Presidio Barracks, San Francisco, for that duty.

Pack trains as far distant from the burning forests as Fort Meade, S. D., and Fort Robinson, Neb., are being kept in readiness under orders of the War Department, to be dispatched to the devastated country should the demand for them arise.

The expense to the War Department in rendering aid in fighting the fires is footing up into the thousands of dollars. An accurate estimate of what the expense will be is not attempted at this time, on account of the inability to judge of the time the troops will be required to stay in the field. It is probable that Congress will be asked to make a deficiency appropriation to cover the expense incurred by the department through the assistance rendered to the Forest Service and the Interior Department.

Mrs. H. D. Jenkins Sells House.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Mrs. Helen Dwelle Jenkins, or Helen Dwelle Field, who some months ago figured prominently in a reported robbery of $300,000 worth of jewels in a New York hotel, has sold her residence on Sheridan Road to Mrs. Nancy E. Despain of New York City for $23,000 subject to an incumbrance of $15,000.

At the time Mrs. Jenkins figured in the reported robbery her name was given as Helen Dwelle Field.

AUTO KILLS A BOY THROWN BEFORE IT

Youngsters, Scurrying for Moving Picture Tickets, Knock Nine-Year-Old Off the Sidewalk.

CAR WAS MOVING SLOWLY

But Wheels Fractured the Boy's Skull —Rushed in the Machine to the Hospital in Vain.

Half a dozen small boys, in their eagerness to get tickets for the performance at a moving-picture show at 111th Street and Fifth Avenue, yesterday afternoon, jostled one another until one of them, 9-year-old Stephen Hussman of 1 West 111th Street, slipped off the high curb and fell backward into the street. As he lay prostrate a touring car, owned by Herman Muehlstein, a rubber manufacturer of 416 West 122d Street, in which were Mrs. Muehlstein and the chauffeur, came directly toward him.

The car was not going fast, but was already so close that before the chauffeur could apply the brake or the boy regain his feet the car had struck him and passed over him, fracturing his skull and inflicting internal injuries.

Fred Clayborn and Patrick Voyce, employes at the moving-picture show, rushed out and helped the chauffeur, Clarence Smith, a negro, of 49 East 129th Street, to lift the injured boy into the tonneau beside Mrs. Muelstein. She herself was on the verge of fainting from the shock, but calmed herself with an effort, and, placing the boy's head in her lap, tried to do what she could for him, while she ordered the chauffeur to go at full speed down the avenue to Mount Sinai Hospital, eleven blocks away.

Warned by the auto's horn, pedestrians and drivers fell back on either side of the street to allow the car free way. The hospital was reached in less than two minutes after the accident, and a few minutes later the boy was placed upon an operating table by Dr Emsheimer. Mrs. Muehlstein insisted upon standing beside the table, and urged the physician to spare neither labor nor expense in doing all that could be done to save the boy, but he died of his injuries three hours later.

Smith, the chauffeur, surrendered to Policeman O'Rourke of the East 104th Street Station as soon as he had landed the boy at the hospital. He was arrested on a charge of felonious assault, which later was changed to homicide. According to witnesses he had not been going fast at the time of the accident and had done all in his power to avert it.

The Hussman boy was the oldest of several children of Frank Hussman, caretaker of the house in which he lived. His mother, herself in delicate health, reached the hospital while the boy was being operated upon, and became so hysterical that she required the services of a physician.

TO SEIZE AUTOS FOR ARMY.

Gen. Grant Wants Power to Take Private Cars In War Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, commandant of the Department of the Lakes, recommends in his annual report a plan whereby in time of war the army could be supplied with automobiles and auto trucks. His plan is for legislation under which all automobiles capable of carrying four or more men be listed by the Federal Government and the authority be given in time of war to the Government to take over as many of the automobiles as it needed, paying the original cost of the machine to the owner.

"If that were done," says the report, "the Government could have at hand, and without cost, a supply of transportation for the rapid movement of troops, and in case of need the cost would be vastly less than would be necessary under present conditions. The development of the motor truck has been very great during the last few years, and its use in the army cannot now be made with economy of both money and time. It is recommended that the War Department consider the construction of a motor truck for the rapid transportation of supplies in the field."

Gen. Grant reports a decrease in the number of desertions; advocates a preliminary training for recruits, and commends the work of camps of instruction for the militia.

WRECKS MURPHY'S CARRIAGE

Auto Hits Rig Belonging to Tammany Leader, but No One Is Hurt.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Aug. 23.—A carriage belonging to Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, was run into last night by an automobile owned by Judge Henry Haggerty of Brooklyn, who is a Summer resident of Mattituck, and badly damaged.

Patrick Craig, who has a Summer home near Murphy's at Good Ground, was driving. When turning into Peconic Avenue from Main Street the car, driven by Walter Haggerty, a son of the Judge, hit it.

Craig had a small boy with him, but neither was injured. Young Haggerty says he was driving less than fifteen miles an hour.

MOTOR CYCLE HITS BOY.

Rider Escapes—Victim Is Seriously Injured.

After knocking down 4-year-old Charlie Trayler at Broadway and Eighty-eighth Street last night, a motor cyclist increased his speed and fled, leaving the boy stunned and suffering from a fracture of the left leg. An ambulance was summoned from the J. Hood Wright Hospital, but before its arrival the child was removed to his home, at 206 West Eighty-eighth Street.

The Trayler boy's condition is serious, and the police of the West 100th Street Station are searching for the rider. Several persons witnessed the accident, but no one was able to describe the cyclist, who was out of sight before any attempt at pursuit could be made.

DRIVEN TO WRECK HER CAR.

To Avoid Collision Miss Lewis Ran Machine Into Telegraph Pole.

Miss Grace T. Lewis, daughter of ex-Mayor Edson Lewis of Mount Vernon, who operates clothing stores in that city, Yonkers, and Brooklyn, had a narrow escape from serious injury yesterday. She was driving her automobile along Second Street when at Fourth Avenue she was caught in a crush of vehicles, all of which were moving slowly.

Into this dashed a big touring car at top speed, and to avoid being struck Miss Lewis ran her car into a telephone pole. The big car just grazed Miss Lewis's car and sped on without stopping. Miss Lewis's car was wrecked, but she escaped injury.

SEEKS AUTO COUNTERFEITERS

Pittsburg Police Captain Says Gang Steals Cars and Makes Them Over.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—"Somewhere in this city there is an automobile counterfeiting plant, where stolen machines are taken, made over to hide their identity, and then put out as new machines. Now go out and find it."

Thus spoke Capt. William Elmore today to a squad of local detectives. The Captain later explained that he had more than three hundred complaints of machines being stolen.

In two instances, the Captain said, detectives had chased men in stolen machines, and he had assured himself by setting a watch on railroad freight stations and by notifications and descriptions sent to surrounding communities that the machines were still in this city.

Capt. Elmore said he is convinced that a band of expert mechanics has banded together to prey upon automobile owners.

AUTO UNDER TRAIN; THREE DEAD; 9 HURT

Continued from Page 1.

momentum an instant later drove it into the coupling between the first and second flat cars.

The Train Derailed.

The automobile, thus trapped and held, was carried along at a fair speed, turning over and over as it went. The train traveled at least 200 feet before being brought to a standstill, though the engineer threw on the emergency brake as soon as he realized what had happened. It did not stop, in fact, until it had been partially wrecked and derailed, and tracks on which it ran torn up.

Berbon, the chauffeur, was the first thrown out. He was thrown about twenty feet to a small embankment on the right of the road, east of the crossing. He was killed instantly. Miss Hirsch and Mrs. Glass were carried some ten feet further and thrown to the same ridge. They landed in comparatively soft soil, to which they probably owe their lives, the doctors think, though they struck with almost terrific force.

Near her mother landed the little Glass child, who received injuries from which she later died in the hospital at Jamaica. Like Berbon, little Bertha Weiss was killed instantly. When Engineer Lavin leaped down from his cab his eye caught a white frock, flecked with red, almost at his feet. With almost uncontrollable grief and thoroughly unnerved, he stooped down and picked up the little body, whose arms, torn and bleeding, still sheltered and clung to her doll. She had taken it out for a ride, and from the accident which cost her her life it came unscathed.

Train Workers Hurt, Too.

While two lay dead and three severely injured on one side of the now stationary train, seven others, several of them Italians and excitable, were writhing with more or less serious injuries on the other side. The engineer's effort to stop the train and the resistance of the whirling automobile had the effect of sending the front car from the rails and turning it half over on its left side.

The men perched on the car were thus flung off in as many directions with a force sufficient to break bones and fracture skulls in spite of the soft earth into which most of them fell. Perhaps a dozen or fifteen in all were hurt, but the police did not take account of any but those badly enough injured to require immediate attention by surgeons.

Help was not long in coming, but a strange feature of the accident was that no one can tell what became of the first automobile to cross the tracks except that it sped on at a high rate almost instantly. Coroner Schaefer, who was on the ground within half an hour after the accident, said he was wholly unable to get any trace of this automobile or to learn who occupied it.

Hurry calls were sent to St. Mary's and Jamaica Hospitals in Jamaica, and both rushed ambulances to the scene. With the St. Mary's Hospital ambulance came Drs. Hyland, Waterman, and Donohue. They turned their attention at once to Miss Hirsch, Mrs. Glass, and little Bertha Glass as soon as they saw that the Weiss child and the chauffeur were already dead. The trainmen and laborers were less seriously injured and were treated in as rapid turn as possible. Then the ambulances and several automobiles, pressed into service by the doctors and police, conveyed the injured and dead to Jamaica.

Gatemap Peach Arrested.

Peach, the gatemap, though he had been at first unnerved by the accident, did what he could to relieve the sufferers until half an hour or so later he was arrested by Policeman Ring and locked up in Jamaica for the night without bail.

The police charge him with criminal negligence in failing to have the gates down when a train was passing over the crossing. It was stated at the Jamaica station last night that the police had been unable to find out to their own satisfaction whether the gates had been lowered even for the freight.

The bodies of the chauffeur and the Weiss child were removed to an undertaker's in Jamaica, and will be brought into Manhattan to-day. Mrs. Glass and her daughter were taken to Jamaica Hospital, and Miss Hirsch to St. Mary's.

As soon as possible after the injured were cared for efforts were made to reach the relatives of the injured. Louis Weiss, father of the child instantly killed, heard the newsboys calling an extra in Manhattan and bought it out of curiosity. He saw by it that his daughter had had one of her legs broken. Shocked, but glad it was not worse, he made all possible speed by auto and train to Jamaica. There he learned the whole truth, and broke down completely. For hours he paced the halls at St. Mary's Hospital, wringing his hands and bewailing the "grade crossings of the Long Island Railroad."

Mr. Hirsch heard of the accident shortly after he reached Far Rockaway and caught the next train for Jamaica. One of his first acts on reaching the hospital was to call in Dr. J. H. Frankenberg of 56 East Seventy-third Street, Manhattan, to assist the hospital surgeons in the treatment of the members of his family. He said last night that he had engaged Berbon as chauffeur only two days ago, but that he had come to his employment with the highest recommendations, and that he did not blame him at all for the accident.

Seen by Official Inspector.

The accident was witnessed by John R. Voss, an agent of the Public Service Commission, which had sent him down to the Merrick Road crossing to note the volume of automobile traffic over the Long Island tracks at that point. It is the purpose of the commission, it is said, to require the railroad to abolish the grade crossing there if the traffic seems to demand it.

This is the second fatal grade-crossing accident on the Long Island Road this Summer. Two were killed on Sunday, July 3, at the crossing near Valley Stream. They were the Misses Charlotte M. and Jeannette Crawford of Riverdale. On the same spot on June 1, 1897, five were killed and seventeen injured when a train ran into a tally-ho from Brooklyn. This crossing was protcted by neither gates nor flagman.

FLEISCHER IS PAROLED.

Friend of E. T. Rosenheimer, Whose Car Killed Grace Hough, Gets Liberty.

Coroner Schwannecke of the Bronx consented yesterday to the parole of Milton Fleischer, who was held in $5,000 bail in connection with the killing of Grace Hough by the motor car of Edward T. Rosenheimer, in which he was a passenger.

Ex-Assistant District Attorney James W. Osborne appeared yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Page to argue a writ of habeas corpus on Fleischer's behalf.

Coroner Schwannecke consulted with Acting District Attorney Moss and announced he would consent to Fleischer's parole in the custody of Mr. Osborne until he should be needed at the inquest.

Anna McCabe of 425 East 173d Street, the girl who was injured seriously in the Pelham Parkway accident, seemed a little better yesterday. Since she was removed from Fordham Hospital to her home her family have not spoken of the accident before her, but they are sure that at some time she has heard and understood what occurred.

On Monday night, her brother said yesterday, in the midst of her delirium, she suddenly cried aloud:

"Rosenheimer, why did you kill Grace?"

MISS PARDEE WED TO THE CHAUFFEUR

Only a Few Months Ago Her Brother Was Freed of His Marriage to an Actress.

MR. PARDEE TAKES ACTION

Prominent Railroad Man Goes with His Daughter to the Pacific—Wants Marriage Annulled.

Friends of the family of Dwight W. Pardee, an official of the New York Central, Big Four, Lake Shore, Michigan Central, and other lines in the Central's system, and his neighbors in Brooklyn, where his home is at 1,310 Dean Street, learned yesterday that his nineteen-year-old daughter, Elsa Stevens Pardee, had slipped away with Kenneth Lee Collins, her father's chauffeur, and were married in Jersey City on July 1 last. The couple did not live together more than two days, it was said by one of the family, as Mrs. Collins returned to her parents' home, regretting having married against her father's wishes. When her father learned a short time before of the attachment of his daughter for the chauffeur he did his best to have her give Collins up. For a time it looked as if he were successful, as young Collins left the city. He returned some time before July 1 and communicated with Miss Pardee. They ran went away and were married. Now Mr. Pardee is trying to have the marriage annulled.

It was only a few months ago that the love affair of Roy Pardee, a son of the railroad man, who married Lillian H. Beasley, formerly an actress, in the Summer of 1909, had been disposed of by a separation suit. About that time the family moved from their Brooklyn home to their country residence at Bay Shore. Mr. Pardee was without a chauffeur and was looking around for one when neighbors spoke to him about Collins.

When the family's attention was called to the friendship between the chauffeur and Miss Pardee, Mr. Pardee called both of the young persons to him and told Collins that while he did not look with favor upon him, he was willing to give him a chance to prove his worth.

He gave the chauffeur letters of recommendation to railroad men in Chicago, and Collins started out West to make a future for himself. He did not make a success of railroading, and returned to the city.

It was not until well on in July that Mr. Pardee was informed that his daughter and Collins were married. Gossip at Bay Shore and in the vicinity of the Pardee home in Brooklyn soon reached the ears of Mr. Pardee. She had left home on July 1 apparently to visit friends in the city. She returned a couple of days afterward, and then made preparations to go to the Summer home of a girl chum at Lake George.

While she was away Mr. Pardee had the marriage records searched in Jersey City and found that his daughter and Collins had been married by Justice of the Peace W. J. Burke. Mr. Pardee was anxious to get away from the notoriety of this last love affair in his family and preparations were at once made for an extended tour to the West.

His daughter was sent for and she returned home from Lake George. It is said that she had not seen her husband. She is at present with her parents on the California Coast and is not expected back in Brooklyn until Labor Day.

It is said that she has agreed to have proceedings begun to have the marriage annulled, and has written to her husband urging him to give his consent. Young Collins is said to be in Stamford, Conn., where he is employed. Whether he has given his consent to have the marriage annulled is not definitely known.

Roy Pardee, who figured in last year's romance of the family, wired his father yesterday that the "cat was out of the bag."

In talking about the latest family incident yesterday he said:

"It's tough on the governor to have her spring this just after my affair. That's the worst feature of the whole incident. However, the family's away together, and I suppose they have everything patched up. When they start back they are to wire me and I am to join the party. We will then return home together."

Fight Pictures Failed to Attract.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 23.—The pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson fight, which have been shown in several suburban theatres here, have failed to draw and have been removed. It is estimated that they did not attract more than 200 people. No effort was made by the authorities to stop their exhibition.

STORM SWEEPS CHICAGO.

Widespread Damage in City and in Surrounding Towns and Country.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Widespread damage was done by a rain and wind storm in Chicago and vicinity early to-day. The wind reached a velocity of fifty-eight miles an hour and rain fell to a depth of 1.80 inches, the heaviest since last May.

Yachts and dredges were torn from their moorings, but none sank. Many buildings were struck by lightning, windows were broken, signs were blown down, basements and sewers were flooded, telephone circuits were demoralized, boats and trains were delayed, several persons were shocked by lightning, and many received minor injuries by falling timbers.

HAMMOND, Ind., Aug 23.—A destructive storm swept over the Calumet region to-day, causing total damage in the cities of Hammond, Whiting, East Chicago, Indiana Harbor, and Gary, estimated at $250,000. Many houses at Indiana Harbor were wrecked.

LUDINGTON, Mich., Aug. 23.—Serious damage was done by a tornado here last night, and the small steamer Golden Age, carrying Mrs. J. Boyd and son, said to be of Grand Rapids, Mich., is thought to be lost on Lake Michigan.

Fruit trees suffered heavily and many buildings were unroofed. Charles Carlson, a farmer, was probably fatally struck by lightning and his home was destroyed. Nine cottages at Epworth Heights, a Summer resort, were blown from their foundations.

The storm swept all through Western Michigan. At Boyne City two launch parties are reported missing on Pine Lake.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Aug. 23.—Shivering in their night clothes, nearly 1,000 campers at the Seventh Day Adventist Camp Meeting here saved their tents from destruction in a terrific rain and wind storm early to-day by sitting all through the storm on the guy ropes of their temporary abodes.

Lightning illuminated the strange scene while the crowd sang hymns and quoted scriptural passages. The storm blew down the auditorium tent, the young people's tent, and several private tents.

33.94 KNOTS FOR DESTROYER

Paulding on Trials Makes New Record for Oil-Burning Warships.

ROCKLAND, Me., Aug. 23.—The torpedo boat destroyer Paulding established a new record in the class of oil-burning warships to-day during her standardization trial on the Rockland course. Her fastest mile was at the rate of 33.94 knots an hour, or almost two knots in excess of the fastest mile made by the Roe on the Delaware course. The average of the Paulding's five top-speed runs was 33.07 knots. The maximum amount of horse power developed was above 17,000. The destroyer was sent over the course twenty-six times.

The Paulding will leave at 4:45 A. M. tomorrow on her twelve-hour run at sixteen knots for a water consumption test, terminating at Bath. This will be followed by a twelve-hour run at twenty-five knots and a four-hour full-speed trial.

The Paulding's contract speed is twenty-nine and one-half knots. The vessel was built at Bath and is a sister ship of the Drayton, launched in the Maine city yesterday, as well as of the Flusser and the Reid. It is the second of the oil-burning type of destroyers to reach the trial stage.

ILL FROM WATERMELON.

An Hour After Eating It Broker Underhill Was in the Hospital.

A watermelon feast put John Underhill, a broker, of 201 West Seventy-sixth Street, in Bellevue Hospital yesterday. Mr. Underhill, who is 78 years old, occupies rooms above a café at the northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street. He rooms alone, and is reputed to have considerable wealth. He bought some watermelon yesterday, and about an hour after he had eaten it groans were heard coming from his room.

The police of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station were notified and an ambulance from the Flower Hospital was called. The doctor said Mr. Underhill was suffering from enteritis. He was later transferred to Bellevue Hospital.

KILLED IN DOUBLE COLLISION

Wagon Helper Crushed When Two Cars Hit His Rig.

In a collision between an empty ice wagon and two Eighth Avenue cars last night, Charles Madden of 466 West Twenty-fourth Street, helper on the truck, was so badly crushed he died after his admission to New York Hospital.

The truck was going west on Nineteenth Street when it was struck by a southbound car, which swung it around on to the north-bound tracks, where another car hit it. Madden was thrown from his seat and crushed between the northbound car and the wagon.

Max Cruger of 326 West Twenty-eighth Street, driver of the truck, was not injured. Neither cars nor wagon was harmed.

Ex-Senator Call Sinking.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23. — Ex-United States Senator Wilkinson Call of Florida, who was stricken with cerebral hemorrhage Saturday, and who has been unconscious in a hospital since that time, is gradually sinking, and attending physicians declare there is little chance of his surviving the night.

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Broken Lots of $19.75 to $22.50 Cravenette Raincoats at $9.75 and $12.75

Second Floor—On Sale To-day.

Women's Pure Thread Silk Sheer Gauze Hose at 47c

HARDLY need to tell you that the sale price is little more than half regular.

Pure Thread Silk, black, extra fine light weight; very sheer, with lisle garter double tops and double soles of mercerized lisle. Value 75c, at 47c; 6 pairs for $2.75.

Main Floor—To-day.

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TURNING TO GAYNOR FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Democratic Leaders Convinced That He Is the Strongest Candidate They Can Name.

NOT AFTER THE NOMINATION

But His Friends Believe He Will Be Forced to Run—Mitchel Would Be Mayor Then.

After a determined effort made by THE NEW YORK TIMES to learn just how the Democratic organization of the city stands on the question of the possible nomination of Mayor Gaynor for Governor next month, it can be stated that his name is overshadowing all others that have been mentioned for the standard-bearer of the party at the present time.

While none of the important leaders of the local organization would commit themselves on the question, they admitted that the Mayor would undoubtedly be the strongest candidate that could be named. Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, came to town for a few hours and was seen at the Wigwam in Fourteenth Street. He declined to talk of the possibility of the Mayor's nomination for quotation, but indicated clearly that he is endeavoring in every possible way to learn just what the sentiment of the rank and file of the organization is.

In this connection the recent suspension of activity on the part of the leaders of the Democratic League is interesting. It is known that they have gone to all sorts of lengths to sound out the sentiment of the Democratic voters not only in the city, but also throughout the State, and that they have practically fallen back in the face of the Gaynor strength and sppport. Several "feelers" were put out by the league, notably booms for Alton B. Parker, Edward M. Shepard, and Martin W. Littleton, but the league has in effect "struck its flags" to watch the progress of the Gaynor sentiment.

His Pledge to Stay Mayor.

From intimate conversation with the local leaders yesterday it was gathered that few take seriously the point which is so often raised that the Mayor has pledged himself to serve out his term of four years as Mayor. They all lay emphasis on the fact that if he ran for Governor and was elected the State's gain would be the city's loss, but at the same time they do not hesitate to say that they believe the Mayor would accept the nomination if it is made in a sufficiently imperative and enthusiastic manner.

Those who followed the Mayor's campaign a year ago most closely remember that he declared several times from the stump that if elected he "would make it his lifework to serve the people for the next four years." He made this declaration first in his letter of acceptance of the nomination, and repeated it several times later in the campaign. At no time, however, has he declared that he would not accept the nomination for Governor, and when the possibility of this contingency first arose and it was brought to his attention he stated privately that he believed a situation might arise by which he might be "best serving the people" by following their wishes. On this point ex-Corporation Counsel John Whalen, who has been a close friend of the Mayor for years, said yesterday:

"I feel sure that the Mayor will be nominated for Governor on the first ballot and without opposition. He is the man who is most talked about in the ranks of the party in the State to-day, and it appears that all the other 'booms' have disappeared. He is the man of the hour in the Democratic Party in the State, and this year is the party's golden opportunity. Undoubtedly it is his wish to remain at the City Hall and complete the work which he has only begun. But if the nomination is made unanimous, even without his approval, what can he do? He will simply be forced to accept.

Sure to be Elected.

"As to his election, there is no question of a doubt. The people throughout the State are just finding out what many of us have known for years and what all New York City has known for a few months. There has been no change in Mayor Gaynor. He would make an ideal candidate and would give an ideal administration at Albany. State patronage seekers would undoubtedly be disappointed if Mayor Gaynor should go to Albany, but the people of the State would be treated to the same admirable administration that the city has had since Jan. 1."

John Fox, President of the National Democratic Club and a member of the Croker "Old Guard" in Tammany Hall, views the situation on similar lines.

"The Mayor is not seeking the nomination, and in my opinion will not do so," said he, "but if he is nominated by acclamation he would not, in my belief, refuse to accept. Men have been known to take this position before in this and other States, and men are much alike and history often repeats itself."

Ex-Sheriff M. J. Flaherty of Kings County, one of the leaders of the "independent" element among the Brooklyn Democrats, whom the Mayor recently appointed to a place on the new Change of Grade Damage Commission, has much the same opinion.

"It is hard to tell just yet what the organization leaders intend to do," said he yesterday, "and how they will look upon the Mayor's candidacy. Personally I do not see how they can prevent his nomination if they wish to do so. If he runs he would undoubtedly be elected, but he would be a great loss to the city. He has certain plans of reform which he alone can carry out successfully, and the city will never know what a loss it has sustained if he goes to Albany.

"I, of course, am one of the men who would like to see the Mayor nominated for President on the Democratic ticket in 1912, and I believe that he would be a bigger man in the country if he remained as Mayor of the City of New York than if he went to Albany.

Harmon His Rival.

"The contention is raised that in view of the probable re-election of Gov. Harmon in Ohio this Fall it will be necessary for the Mayor to compete with him for the nomination to demonstrate that he can carry the State of New York as well as the city. I can not see the seriousness of this, however, for they are radically different men. Gov. Harmon represents the 'old school' Democrat, while the Mayor is practically the sole 'insurgent' of our ranks. We will miss him if he takes the nomination, but I believe that nothing can prevent its being offered to him at least."

Borough President Miller of the Bronx, a thorough "independent," and now a powerful factor in the turbulent affairs of the organization in that borough, said last night:

"We need the Mayor and don't want him to go to Albany. The Bronx is for him in every way, and would give him a big vote for Governor, but we hope that we will not have to do it."

Outside of these frank expressions of opinion of the Mayor's friends there is much political gossip on the question. The point is made, and by influential members of the organization, that Mr. Murphy, the Brooklyn organization, led by ex-Deputy Controller McCooey, and the other important wings of the party in the city are trying to find out what the position of Acting Mayor Mitchel would be if the Mayor went to Albany.

It is practically settled now that the somewhat conflicting provisions of the charter on the subject would give the administration of the remainder of the four years' term to Mr. Mitchel. This point would probably be taken to court by the Republicans in the event of the Mayor's election as Governor, but the best authority that can be obtained on the question seems to be that such action would be fruitless.

Where Mitchel Stands.

Mr. Mitchel is a Democrat, but Tammany Hall has no reason to expect friendliness from him. As Commissioner of Accounts under Mayor McClellan he it was who, practically single-handed, caused the ousting of Borough Presidents Ahearn and Haffen. Furthermore, he is the son of a man ousted from public office by Tammany, and the nephew of Henry D. Purroy, whose fight against the organization after being one of its most powerful leaders is local political history.

It is argued that, even with Mayor Gaynor, the organization stands a better chance for prosperity than with Mr. Mitchel at the helm of the city government. In contravention to this it is argued by Mr. Mitchel's friends that should he fall heir to the Mayor's chair he would endeavor to the best of his ability to carry out the policies laid down so far by Mayor Gaynor and emulate his example in every possible way. It is pointed out at the same time that this course would undoubtedly be the very best which the young man could pursue, having a view, as he is known to have, to a political future.

Reports from up-State seems to indicate that if the New York City organization wishes to go to the State Convention with the Mayor as its candidate it will have little or no difficulty in obtaining his nomination, in all probability without any opposition whatever. There seems to be a distinct sentiment in favor of the active advocacy of his candidacy coming from up-State, however. It is too early yet to say just what this may mean. The most prevalent deduction is that the only result that can arise from this attitude of the local leaders is that they will put forward no other candidate, and fall in behind the Mayor at the earliest sign of real strength and sentiment for him in the rural districts.

MAYOR UP THREE HOURS.

Getting Along So Well Physicians Do Not Remain Over Night.

Mayor Gaynor was up for three hours, all told, yesterday, and walked quite a little about his room, especially in the two hours he was out of bed during the morning. In the afternoon he was up for an hour, and sat reading most of the time. He ate well last evening, and was in good spirits. By eight o'clock he was sleeping peacefully, and at 11 o'clock, when Dr. Arlitz and Secretary Adamson went to bed, he was still sleeping unbrokenly. Dr. Stewart called at the hospital during the evening, and waited for almost two hours for the Mayor to awaken and then left.

Dr. Arlitz will remain at the hospital nightly so long as Mayor Gaynor remains there.

Mr. Adamson said last night there had been nothing definite fixed as yet about moving the Mayor. Where he would go he did not know, and it would largely depend upon the Mayor's wishes. Mr. Adamson said that Mayor Gaynor now knows of Commissioner Edwards being injured at the same time as himself, but that beyond that he had not asked about the details of the shooting.

Gallagher, the Mayor's assailant, wrote a letter yesterday denying a statement in a newspaper crediting him with saying he was sorry he had not killed the Mayor.

FACES NEW BIGAMY CHARGE.

Dentist Keeler Pleads Not Guilty to Charge of Marrying Mrs. Lynch.

Another charge of bigamy was preferred yesterday against Dr. Harry Bradley Keeler, the Brooklyn dentist, who is awaiting trial in the Raymond Street Jail on an indictment charging him with grand larceny. Keeler was taken to the Butler Street Court to face Mrs. Wilhelmina Lynch of 24 Vernon Avenue, who says she married Keeler in July, 1900.

Keeler was arraigned in the Adams Street Court on Monday and held for the Grand Jury. The women who appeared against him then were Mrs. Dora Schoelles of Sea Cliff, Long Island, and Miss Helen Vossburg, a music teacher, of 1,001 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn.

It was on Mrs. Lynch's complaint that Keeler was first arrested. She said he got $14,000 of her money in mortgages after he married her. He pleaded not guilty to both bigamy charges.

POLICEMAN ROBBED ON A SHIP

Bisset Misses $500 on the Grosser Kurfuerst's Last Voyage.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the Grosser Kurfuerst from Bremen was Policeman John Bisset of New York, who said that he had been robbed of $500 on board ship.

The money was missed the first day out from Bremen, and although a diligent search was made no trace of the missing money could be found. He doesn't know whether it was stolen while he was on deck or asleep in his cabin.

EATING MORE HORSEFLESH.

Six Hundred Shops in Paris Devoted Exclusively to Its Sale.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The consumption of horseflesh in France, according to figures gathered, is constantly on the increase. In Paris alone there are 600 meat shops, mainly in the poorer quarters, where horseflesh alone is sold, and the consumption now exceeds 200,000 animals a year.

The butchers report that the increase is due to the growing popularity of horseflesh as food, as well as to its cheapness compared with beef, the price of from 10 to 13 cents a pound being a powerful argument to the poor under the constantly increasing cost of living in France.

The meat would be even cheaper were it not for the duty on imported horses, $10 a head on colts and $30 on horses over a year old. The tax was designed to encourage the breeding of horses in France, but it operates against the "hippophagic butchers" as the dealers in horse meat are called.

An agitation has been started for the removal of the tax on horses destined for slaughter, which is meeting support among the poorer classes.

KAISER'S HEIR NOT COMING.

Crown Prince Will Not Visit This Country After Trip to Orient.

BERLIN, Aug. 23.—Crown Prince Frederick William will not visit the United States after his trip to India and the Far East, on which he is to start in November.

When the first announcement was made of the Far Eastern journey of the German heir it was surmised that he would return by way of the Pacific Ocean, rounding out his trip into a tour around the world, but Count von Bismarck-Bohlen, Lord Chamberlain to the Household of the Crown Prince, replying to-day to an inquiry, stated definitely that the Prince would not return by way of the United States.

The trip will have an official character, and arrangements have already been made with the British Government for the Prince's reception in India.

FRENCH EXPORTERS PROTEST

Complain of New Regulations Made by This Country.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—French exporters of textiles have made strong representations to M. Dupuy, the Minister of Commerce, because of the alleged hardships and expense to which they are put by the American consular regulations, which require the forwarding of samples of every pattern of textiles, except laces and embroidery, that are shipped to the United States.

The exporters assert that previously the question of samples was left to the discretion of the American Consuls, but that the State Department sent a special agent to France to regulate the system, and that he did so in a drastic manner.

ANOTHER ENGLISH SPY.

Second Man Arrested at Borkum—Offers Violent Resistance.

EMDEN, Aug. 23.—A second Englishman, in addition to the one captured yesterday, was arrested to-day at Borkum on suspicion that he also is a spy.

He offered violent resistance to arrest.

ARMY INQUIRY INTO CORPORAL'S DEATH

New Jersey Authorities at Standstill in Case of Richard J. Farrell's Murder.

STRANGE LETTER RECEIVED

Anonymous Writer Accuses a Negro of the Shooting—Farrell's Mother Identifies His Body.

Mrs. Mary Farrell of Thompsonville, Conn., called at the morgue at Fort Lee, N. J., yesterday afternoon and identified the body found in the Hudson River with a bullet in the forehead on Aug. 13, as that of her son, Corporal Richard J. Farrell of the Sixth Recruiting Regiment, United States Army, stationed at Fort Slocum. The mother wept bitterly after a glance at the face of her son.

"Richard spent two weeks with me after he returned from the arsenal and he was very happy, because he was saving his money and told me he would soon have a home fixed up for me in New York City," said Mrs. Farrell.

"I can't understand how he came to be over in New Jersey, for we have no relatives or friends there. From all accounts Richard must have had $600 or $700 saved up. He had a valuable gold watch and fob, but they probably were stolen by the man who murdered my boy.

"They tell me he received a short leave of absence to cash some army checks in New York. As not a cent was found on him, some one aware of his movements, no doubt, was responsible for his death. I will hope and pray that the man who robbed me of my boy will get his just deserts."

The funeral services will be held on Thursday afternoon at the home of John J. Mulvaney, 111 East Eighty-eighth Street. Quartermaster Sergt. John J. Murphy of Fort Slocum visited the Fort Lee morgue yesterday and said that the Government would pay a share of the burial expenses, and that a detachment of soldiers would attend the funeral services and accord Farrell full military honors.

An anonymous letter postmarked "Times Square" was received at the morgue yesterday. It read:

> I thought a little information might clear up the mystery surrounding the murder of Corp. Farrell. He was shot by a big, burly negro under the Palisades at Fort Lee on Friday afternoon, 4 o'clock, Aug. 12. While the murderer was robbing the body two boys came along and the negro hid in the bushes near the path and began moaning. The boys looked in the bushes, saw the black face, and ran away. The negro put a straw hat over the soldier's forehead to shield the bullet wound, carried the body to the edge of a twelve-foot cliff, and threw the man into the river.
>
> The negro cut out the tailor's name in the inside coat pocket to prevent identification, and put seven cartridges in the dead man's pocket to create the impression the soldier committed suicide.

The police think the writer may be the guilty party, but Coroner Tracey recalled that the contents of the letter bore out the statement of little Johnny Tasher, the boy who said he looked into the bushes, saw the colored man, and upon reaching home asked his mother if there were any bears in the Palisades woods.

Capt. Crosby, Adjutant at Fort Slocum, said last night that, while there was no direct theory of murder held at the fort concerning the death of Corporal Farrell, an investigation of the case might be ordered by the authorities at Washington to-day. Capt. Crosby said he understood that Farrell recently had received a considerable sum of money as final payment at the time of his honorable discharge from Whipple Barracks, Ariz., and that he might have had this money with him at the time of his death. How much this was could not be learned. Nor was it known how Farrell had come to be in New Jersey, although he had received a pass to go to New York on Aug. 6. When he failed to return he was set down as unaccounted for.

Corporal Fitzpatrick, who served with Farrell in Company 6, and who alone knew anything concerning his habits, said that he was convinced Farrell had been murdered.

"Farrell never spoke of having any troubles whatever," he said, "and I can think of no motive for suicide. He was a steady, thrifty sort of fellow. I do not know how much monew he had saved, but he may have had a considerable sum with him at the time of his death. When found he was wearing civilian clothes, with merely the army underwear. All the pockets and other marks of identification were torn from the clothing except a Government contract tag on the undershirt.

"Farrell never spoke of any friends or relatives in New Jersey, and as his pass read to New York City, I cannot account for his presence on the Jersey shore."

POLITICAL RIOT IN SPAIN.

Clericals and Liberals Clash Near Barcelona—Troops Restore Order.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Aug. 23.—A collision between the Clerical and Liberal factions occurred to-day at San Andres de Palomar, a northern suburb of Barcelona. Troops restored order.

The Clerical press of Barcelona says that 200 manifestations against the Government have been arranged throughout Catalonia for next Sunday. Radical leaders are organizing a score of opposition meetings in Barcelona and the vicinity for the same date, and trouble is anticipated.

The preaching by the Catholic clergy of most violent sermons against the Government continues.

Premier Canalejas arrived here to-day from Madrid. The Liberals wished to arrange a manifestation in his honor, but the Prime Minister declined the demonstration.

MEN IN PLAIN CLOTHES AGAIN

Seven Patrolmen Doff the Blue Despite the Mayor's Orders.

Despite Mayor Gaynor's order that all policemen be assigned to duty in uniform, seven patrolmen have been assigned to duty in civilian clothes in two inspection districts, and the police are anxiously awaiting the outcome.

Patrolmen James Greene, Hamburg Avenue; John J. Kearns, Fifth Avenue; Harry C. Ernst, Grand Avenue; Joseph McFarland, Sheepshead Bay; Valentine O'Toole, and John A. Lindsay, Bath Beach Stations, Brooklyn, are the men assigned to duty in plain clothes in the Fifteenth District, which embraces Coney Island, for fifteen days.

Patrolman Lewis F. Owens of the Grand Avenue Station and Charles M. East, Lee Avenue, were assigned to plain clothes duty in Brooklyn, Borough Inspector Holahan's office, for fifteen days.

It is certain the order has been issued without the knowledge of the Mayor or Acting Mayor Mitchel, but Acting Commissioner Frederick H. Bugher would make no comment. To all questions he shook his head and said, "Nothing to say."

The first order which was issued by the department on the order of Mayor Gaynor was on June 21 last, when 165 men were taken from the different Inspection Districts and put in uniform. On Aug. 4 an order was issued putting back six Lieutenants, eleven Sergeants, and twenty-two patrolmen in uniform.

GIRL WOULD BE A HEROINE.

Her First Story of Routing a Burglar Believed, but Second Was Too Much.

For the second time within a week the Newark police were called yesterday to the home of Mrs. Mary Powers, at 476 South Orange Avenue, to investigate attempted robberies reported from there. The first time was last Friday. When Mrs. Powers, who had been absent, reached her home she found everything upside down, as though the house had been thoroughly ranascked, but nothing was missing. Her fourteen-year-old niece, Alice McLaughlin, who lives with her, told Mrs. Powers how she had entered the house shortly before, and surprised a well-dressed burglar at work, and how she had routed him by smashing her parasol over his head. Her aunt at once proclaimed her a heroine, and folded her in her arms for having saved the family valuables.

If Alice had stopped there she would still be looked upon as a heroine, but she attempted the same thing over again last night. She was left alone in the house, and when Mrs. Powers returned from a visit to a friend she again found everything upside down, and the girl in an apparently greatly excited condition. The same burglar, according to Alice, had returned, and had packed up the family silverware. This time the girl smashed an umbrella over his head. Mrs. Powers was now suspicious, as she had found the lace curtains on the front stoop, and she could not understand why a burglar would attempt to carry them away, and leave the silverwear packed in a pillow cover behind. Before the police arrived Alice broke down and confessed and begged to be forgiven.

HELD AS GIRL'S ABDUCTOR.

Mother Says Decker Enticed Her Daughter to Albany.

Harold Decker of Chicago was held yesterday for examination by Magistrate Higginbotham in the Bedford Avenue Court, Brooklyn, on a charge of abduction. The complaint was made by Mrs. Barbara Richter of 1,378 Greene Avenue, who said Decker had enticed her 17-year-old Daughter Florence from home and taken her to Albany.

Decker was arrested in Buffalo. When arraigned he said the girl told him she was 21 years old and that she went willingly with him. He also asserted that Mrs. Richter consented to his marrying the girl.

The girl contradicted Decker's statement and declared that he enticed her to Albany, where she alleged he ill-treated her. When she desired to communicate with her mother she was prevented. She also said Decker deceived her as to his income and finally deserted her.

S. H. CHISHOLM SUED.

Crucible Steel Co. Gets Two Attachments Against Long Arm System Head

Two attachments aggregating $3,000 against Stewart H. Chisholm, President of the Long Arm System Company, in favor of the Crucible Steel Company were served on the Knickerbocker Trust Company yesterday.

One for $2,340 was obtained in the Supreme Court on the ground of non-residence on a claim that he failed to pay for merchandise delivered to the Long Arm System Company of Cleveland, and the other, for $750, was obtained in the City Court for the alleged non-payment of a note of the same company for that amount.

Besides being President of the Long Arm System Company, Mr. Chisholm is President of the American Steam Generator Company, the Card & Prosser Coal Company, the Chisholm Realty Company, and the Chisholm & Moore Manufacturing Company.

FATALLY HURT ON CARROUSEL

Rider, Whirled Off, Has Concussion of the Brain.

Charles Steiner of 50 East Sixty-third Street, Manhattan, is dying in St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, suffering from injuries supposed to have been received by falling from a carrousel at Rockaway Beach.

The injured man, who was taken from a hotel on Neptune Avenue to the hospital, has concussion of the brain. His right eye is lacerated, and there is a possible fracture of the skull. His condition is critical.

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3.50 4.00 and 5.00

New Fall models now on display—Second Floor.

Simpson Crawford Co.

W. S. KLEE A SUICIDE AT THE ANSONIA

Wealthy Clothing Manufacturer Shoots Himself with Wife and Daughter in the Next Room.

HAD A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Agreed with Mrs. Klee a Few Minutes Before That They Should Go Away on a Long Vacation.

Winfred S. Klee, a wealthy clothing manufacturer, was found dead in his apartment on the third floor of the Ansonia Hotel, at Seventy-third Street and Broadway, yesterday by his brother and business partner, C. L. Klee. He had shot himself in the right temple. His wife and ten-year-old daughter Johanna, who were dressing in another room of the apartment to go shopping, were not aware that anything had happened until the brother came rushing into the room. Mrs. Klee ran out into the room where the body lay and fainted upon seeing her husband lying upon the floor with a revolver in his right hand.

Nervous breakdown is given as the cause of the suicide, and it is denied by Mr. Klee's brother that financial troubles were the cause. He said that his brother had just returned from a very successful business trip, but that he had not appeared to be well since he came home.

Klee was 37 years old and had a factory in Brooklyn and an office in this city.

Mr. Klee had been West for six weeks, and when he returned last Thursday night it was noticed by all who knew him that he was not in the best of spirits. Both his brother and wife advised him to take a long vacation. He said that he would do so, and no more was said about it until this morning, when he complained of having a very bad headache and of feeling nervous. His wife again urged him to take a vacation, and he replied that he would do so as soon as she had decided upon a suitable place to go. That was the last word he said to any one, as he was found dead ten minutes later.

F. L. Searing, manager of the Ansonia, sent Dr. Thornly, the house physician, up at once. A glance was enough to satisfy the doctor that Mr. Klee was dead, the bullet having penetrated the brain. He gave all his attention to Mrs. Klee, who had become hysterical.

The Coroner's office was at once notified by Mr. Searing and Coroner Hallenstein arrived a few minutes later. He said that the case was one of plain suicide and assigned the cause to complete nervous breakdown due to overwork.

Mr. Klee's brother lives in the same apartment and he had just returned from a short pleasure trip to Atlantic City. He was nearly prostrated. He would see no one last night and stayed in the apartment with Mrs. Klee and her brother, George Baer, who also has rooms in the Ansonia.

It was said at the hotel that Mr. Klee appeared to be a very wealthy man and that he had one of the finest suites in the building.

It was also said that he had been residing at the Ansonia for more than five years and that he paid $4,000 a year for the apartment and was very lavish with his money and had everything that he could possibly want. Mrs. Klee said that she thought that her husband must have gone suddenly insane, as he had never talked of suicide and did not seem to be at all gloomy. Mr. Searing said that he talked with Mr. Klee on Saturday night and that he seemed to be cheerful, but nervous, and looked very pale and tired out.

Mr. Klee was well known in the clothing trade in Brooklyn. He and his brother, C. S. Klee, organized the Washington Manufacturing Company, which carried on a business at 99 Myrtle Avenue. The manufacture of knee breeches was a specialty with the company. He moved from Brooklyn with his family six years ago to the Ansonia.

WHEELING, West Va., Aug. 23.—W. S. Klee was a brother of Simon Klee of New York and Leon Klee of this city, who compose the firm of Joseph Klee Sons, who employ 450 prisoners at the Moundsville Penitentiary making trousers, but he is not a member of the firm. Leon Klee is now at Atlantic City. Little is known here of W. S. Klee, as he has never lived in Wheeling, but about two years ago he married Cora Gutman of this city. His first wife committed suicide.

ADMIT THEY STOLE SILK.

Man to Whom Two Youths Said They Sold It Also Is Arrested.

Admitting the theft of silk worth thousands of dollars, Harold Harris, 19 years old, of 257 West 122d Street, and Nathaniel Spellman, 18, of 16 East Ninety-seventh Street, were arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday on complaint of Jaques R. Simon & Co. of 19 Greene Street. They were held for examination on Aug. 30.

The two said they sold the silk in Harlem for less than 10 per cent. of the wholesale value.

When the firm began to miss the silks Detective James R. Gegan was put on the case, and his suspicions narrowed to Harris, who was a doorman. When taken to Police Headquarters Harris signed a statement implicating Spellman and a young man in Harlem they knew only as "Happy."

The system was to send the goods out by "Happy," who delivered them to Spellman. He sold them to a fence. In their confession the prisoners stated the fence knew the goods were stolen.

Magistrate Corrigan issued a warrant for Isidore Miller of 1,648 Lexington Avenue, who has a store at 1,835 Park Avenue. He was arrested by Detectives Gegan, Allen, and Reid, and by Magistrate Appleton in the Harlem Court he was held for examination.

WHY LANTRY WAS SHIFTED.

Acting Mayor Denies Politics Worked Against Police Captain.

Acting Mayor Mitchel yesterday denied that politics had anything to do with the transfer by Police Commissioner Baker of Police Capt. Lantry from the East Fifty-first Street Station. A bitter primary fight is on between Edward F. Boyle, the present Tammany district leader, and Capt. Lantry's brother, the former Fire Commissioner, for leader in the district in which the East Fifty-first Street Station is located.

"Commissioner Baker told me that he had decided to transfer Capt. Lantry purely for non-political purposes," said Mr. Mitchel. "He was fearful that despite the efforts of the Captain to prevent it the impression might get abroad that he would take sides in the contest. I agreed with him, under the circumstances, as to the advisability of the transfer, and suggested that it might be a good idea to put a Republican in the place. Commissioner Baker said, however, that he had his plans all made, and I told him to instruct the new Captain that he was to be absolutely neutral in the leadership fight. This the Commissioner said he would do."

SCATTERS "SAVAGE SEVEN."

Justice Hoyt Orders Parents of Youthful House Raiders to Move Far Away.

Justice Hoyt, in the Children's Court, when the "Savage Seven," the youngsters arrested for breaking into upper west side homes, were arraigned yesterday did not think a protectory the remedy for the majority of them. The mothers of six of the prisoners were told to move away from the neighborhood in which the seven operated if they wanted their sons paroled, and two of the lads, John McConnell, 8 years, and Peter Bishop, 10, will be transplanted without delay to farms in the country.

There was some difference of opinion as to the leader of the band. All seven were afraid that if they admitted this distinction they would be punished more severely, so to a man they told Justice Hoyt that Jimmy Waters, the smallest of the crowd, had been in command. Jimmy was the only one they feared least if any revenge was to be taken.

While on parole the boys will be watched by the Gerry Children's Society.

SHOOTS DOWN MAN HE CALLS A BURGLAR

Detective Uses His Gun When Prisoner He Grabbed for Having a Chisel Runs.

HIS VICTIM MAY DIE

Fitzpatrick Says That Smith, Now In the Hospital, Has Served Time as a Housebreaker.

While Detective Fitzpatrick of the Central Office was waiting for a car at Grand Street and West Broadway last evening he saw on the opposite corner two men, one of whom he recognized as Harry Smith of 123 Washington Place, whom, he says, he and Detective Horton arrested two months ago in connection with a burglary in an Eighth Street loft. Fitzpatrick walked over to the couple and began chatting in a friendly way with Smith.

"Well, Smithy," he said, banteringly, "you beat that case in the Eighth Street job, but I'll get you yet; see if I don't.

Just then he noticed in Smith's pocket a newspaper containing a sixteen-inch chisel. Smith's hand was upon the paper. In ordinary hands the chisel would have been only an ordinary tool, but in the hands of a burglar, Fitzpatrick says, it becomes by that fact a burglar's tool. He remembered, too, he says, that Smith had served two and one-half years in prison for burglary.

"I'm going to arrest you right now," he said, suddenly.

"What for?" asked Smith. "I'm doing nothing now, but working for a department store. Stop your kiddin'."

"I'm not joking," insisted Fitzpatrick. "You know you haven't any right to carry a chisel after that little sentence of yours," and he pointed to the tool.

He grabbed Smith, who is tall and of powerful build, by the arm, and began dragging him, surprised and unresisting, up the street. Half a block further, however, Smith recovered from his surprise, and, jerking his arm out of the detective's grasp, bolted east in Grand Street. Fitzpatrick blew his whistle, and shouted:

"Stop, Smithy, or I'll shoot!"

"Come and get me!" railed back Smith, and he darted toward a hallway at 45 Grand Street.

Just then Fitzpatrick drew his revolver and fired. The bullet struck Smith in the back of the neck and passed forward under the jaw, bringing him to the ground. A crowd gathered in a moment. In it was Policeman Coffee of the Macdougal Street Station, who helped Fitzpatrick drag Smith to his feet and out to the corner. There a hurry ambulance call was sent to St. Vincent's Hospital and a call to the station for the reserves to clear away the crowd.

Dr. Cockle of the hospital found Smith weak from loss of blood and dangerously wounded. He may die. He was removed to the hospital, a prisoner under charge of carrying a burglar's tool. The crowd was dispersed by the reserves. Smith's companion disappeared at the time of the arrest.

Mauretania Due Thursday Evening.

The Cunard liner Mauretania was reported by a wireless dispatch received here last night 1,200 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4 P. M. yesterday. She was steaming at a speed of twenty-six knots an hour, and unless something happens to delay her should arrive at the Ambrose Channel Lightship at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon and dock about 5:30 P. M.

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ASK POSTPONEMENT OF AVIATION MEET

Aero Corporation Cables Federation to Change Belmont Park Opening to Oct. 29.

CURTISS IN LONG FLIGHT

If Date Is Changed Daring Aviator Will Likely Fly from Chicago to New York.

The Aero Corporation, Limited, has cabled the International Aeronautical Federation to postpone the competition for the Bennett international aviation championship from Oct. 22 to 29. This was the result of a meeting yesterday of the varied interests in the international aviation meet to be held at the Belmont Park race track the latter part of October.

Although the date set for the aviation meet at Belmont Park is but two months away, little of a definite nature has been accomplished. The actual date of the opening of the meet is contingent on the International Federation; the programme of events is still undecided, and the many details in connection with the affair still remain unsettled.

The desire of many of the contestants in the championship aviation contest to take part in the flight from Chicago to New York under the auspices of THE NEW YORK TIMES and The Chicago Evening Post has had material bearing on the present conditions. The fact that $25,000 has been offered for a successful flight between Chicago and New York between Oct. 8 and 15 has brought about several protests against starting the elimination contests for the international aviation championship at Belmont Park Oct. 15, the date set for the last day of the long flight from Chicago. In addition the St. Louis meet will be held at that time, while the international balloon championship is scheduled for the St. Louis meet on Oct. 17.

The cloud of uncertainty regarding the Belmont Park meet is expected to be dispelled within twenty-four hours. There are few events of importance scheduled for Europe during the month of October, and as several of the American aviators will leave this country for Europe immediately after the completion of the contests at Belmont Park, it will be a stroke of policy on the part of the federation, which controls meets throughout the world, to accept the change in dates asked for by the Aero Club of America. From an aviation standpoint there is no apparent reason why the change should not be sanctioned, especially as recent performances have demonstrated that the American aviators are assuming the premier position in the world, and they are practically necessary for the success of any European meet.

Despite the difficulties encountered by the promoters of the international meet at Belmont Park, the success of THE NEW YORK TIMES-Chicago Evening Post 1,000-mile flight from Chicago to New York is assured. This event will act as a fitting curtain-raiser for the meet at Belmont Park, although at the same time furnishing a more important contest from an aviator's standpoint, as it will be the greatest effort ever made by an aviator. The importance of this contest has impressed itself, not only on the Aero Corporation, Limited, which is promoting the international meet, but also on the aviators who are desirous of securing the $25,000 prize, and because of this the international meet will, in all probability, be arranged to suit these conditions.

According to the present plans of the Aero Club, the meet will begin at Belmont Park Oct. 20. This will give the contestants in the Chicago-New York race five days to reassemble their machines after the completion of THE NEW YORK TIMES-Chicago Post race, which is set for Oct. 15. The fact that Clifford B. Harmon, President of the National Council of the Aero Club, and the foremost amateur, is entered in the St. Louis meet, and also at Belmont Park, has had considerable bearing on the proposed change of dates, while the entries of Alfred Le Blanc of France, Capt. Baldwin, and others have also been received for both meets.

There is little doubt on the part of the Aero Corporation, Limited, that the request for the change in dates will be made and an announcement of this effect is expected shortly, while the report of the committee arranging the programme of the meet is simultaneously expected.

Cable advices announce at least twelve foreign aviators for the meet. France has nominated Alfred Le Blanc, Rene Radbouchere, and Hubert Latham. The English representatives will be Grahame White, F. W. McArdle, and James Radley, and Italy has challenged, but has not named its trio of aviators. Belgium has signified its intention of entering, as also have Italy and Spain. J. Armstrong Drexel cabled his entry yesterday. Several other prominent French, German, and Italian aviators are waiting for the prize list before entering.

The meeting was attended by L. L. Gillespie, Clifford B. Harmon, S. H. Valentine, J. C. McCoy, Littleton Fox, Alan R. Hawley, Alan Ryan, and William R. Page, representing the Aero Coporation, Limited, Subscribers' Committee of the International Meet, Aero Club of America, and Belmont Park race tack.

It was announced that from 40 to 70 per cent. of the net profits would be distributed among the contesting aviators, according to the number of prizes won by them. The distribution of this bonus will be made on a pro rata basis, or point system. This will be in addition to the appearance money, $5,000 to foreigners and $1,000 for Americans, and the amount of money the aviators may win in competition.

The Wright brothers will not compete personally, but, according to their contract, will have at the meet five machines and as many aviators, for whom a stated sum will be paid. The full subscription of $125,000 has been paid in and the underwriting completed.

If the International Federation consents to the change of date, it is almost certain that Glenn H. Curtiss will be a contestant in THE NEW YORK TIMES-Chicago Post long flight, Oct. 8 to 15.

MARS AND ELY FLY.

Wireless Experiments at Sheepshead Bay to be Attempted To-day.

J. C. Mars and Eugene Ely, the pacemakers of the aviators gathered at Sheepshead Bay race track, were yesterday forced to abandon their plan to fly to a dinner party at the Manhattan Beach Hotel and were kept inside the new aviation grounds by high winds. Despite unfavorable weather conditions, however, both the aeroplanists made several flights during the day. Three passenger flights were made by Mars, who first took up Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., for a dash down the field thirty-five feet from the ground. Another passenger was Ferdinand Veite, a young wireless operator, who will assist in the experiments when efforts are made to send messages from Mars's biplane to a receiving station on the roof of the grand stand. Mrs. Mars occupied the passenger seat the third time.

Besides these flights, Mars made several circuits of the field alone. He had his machine equipped with pontoons in preparation for a flight over the water near Manhattan Beach, and on each trip in the air he carried a pneumatic life preserver in order to be in readiness for his flight to the dinner party should he find weather conditions favorable above the ground. He used the machine flown by Mr. Curtiss at Rheims last Summer, and got off the ground easily despite his extra equipment. Ely also made a number of straightaway flights, and he also carried a life preserver, because he was determined to follow Mars wherever he should go. Ely's machine is not powerful enough to carry pontoons, in addition to the aviator himself.

The dinner party at the Manhattan Beach Hotel was originally arranged for Bud Mars because he has the most powerful machine. Ely was to be a guest, but it was not expected that he would attempt to fly over. Mrs. Ely heard of his arrangement and did not approve. She insisted that her husband should be included in the arrangement on equal terms with Mars. So the two aviators are planning to make the flight to-day.

Mars and Ely had their machines out at 11 o'clock yesterday morning and made a few short flights. The wind proved puffy at that time and they determined to wait until later in the day. At 4 o'clock tney were once more on the aviation grounds, and Mars made three circuits of the field without any preliminary flying. He was pitched and tossed perilously at the turns, and after that only straightaway flights were attempted. The aviators continued their practice flights until dark.

NEW AEROPLANE SERVICE.

Substitute for Ailerons Devised by Unknown Italian.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Aug. 23.—An unknown Italian, dressed in the garb of a workingman, drifted into the aviation station at Plum Island to-day, and laid before the astonished aviators and mechanicians a set of blue prints covering what, it was declared to-night, might prove to be one of the most valuable inventions that has been made in connection with aeroplanes for some time. It consists of two small propellers operated by the exhaust of the engine, which take the place of the ailerons for preserving the stability of the machine while in the air.

Frank Lawton of Gloucester, the chief mechanician at the station, was so much impressed with the plan that he may urge giving it a trial on some Burgess machine. The Italian, who hailed from Salem, N. H., after exhibiting his blue prints, departed with the promise to come again in the morning.

Another mishap befell the Bugress biplane at the Plum Island aviation grounds this afternoon. Changes in the deflecting planes have been made within the past few days, and to-day John G. Stratton took the airship out for a trial, keeping on the ground. The machine had covered part of the distance, when, without warning, the propeller went to pieces, breaking several ribs and effectually wrecking the plane. One piece struck the engine base only a few inches away from where the operator sat. Repairs on the biplane are expected to be completed in time for the machine to compete in the Harvard-Boston aviation meet at Atlantic City, Sept. 3 to 13.

GET "KING OF LOTTERY MEN."

Police Say C. O. Backus Holds Title—10,000 Tickets on Second Prisoner.

Ten thousand lottery tickets on the Mexican National Lottery Company for a capital prize of $60,000, to be drawn on Oct. 27, were found in the possession of Allen Lee, a bartender, of Mils Hotel No. 1, according to the police, when he was arrested with Charles O. Backus, an insurance man, of 455 East 140th Street, at 138th Street and Willis Avenue, last night by Post Office Inspector Hamilton and Central Office Detective Nelson. Both men were charged with having lottery tickets in their possession and using the mails for fraudulent purposes.

The detectives had been tracing the two for more than a week in the hope of finding them together. Backus, they say, is known as the "King of the New York Lottery Men," and has an office under the name of "F. Bauer" at 23 Duane Street. He never appears there, however, they say, but lets Lee, who, according to the police, is known also as "Sanders," go there instead and collect all his mail.

On Monday, according to the detectives, Lee got a bundle of mail from the Duane Street office. They traced him through various saloons until he met Backus last night, when both were arrested.

Backus, according to Hamilton, was out on $2,500 bail on three Federal indictments against him last March on charges similar to the one last night. The Mexican National Lottery Company, the police say, does not exist, but Backus, they say, by letting occasional "prizes" of $20 or $30 slip through to the saloon keepers and cigar dealers who patronize him, gave the bad business a fair face, and attracted many trusting buyers.

AGED MAN DIES IN STREET.

Green Was Walking with His Wife When He Collapsed.

While walking with his wife last night, Joseph M. Green, 71 years old, of 203 West Ninety-first Street, was attacked by heart disease and died on the street.

After dinner Green, who was a member of Green & Hewlett, fruit dealers, 180 South Street, complained of pains about the heart. They had reached Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-second Street when he collapsed.

Coroner Winterbottom, who was close behind them, summoned an ambulance, and on learning that Green was dead, gave permission for the removal of the body to his home.

VAMPS GO TO FALL RIVER.

Fifty from New York Will Take Part in Parade in That City.

Fifty former volunteer firemen met at Pier 39 North River last night and started on the Colonial Line steamer Concord to Fall River to take part in the annual parade of the Massachusetts Fire Department.

A delegation from Fall River will meet them and they will have the post of honor in the parade. In 1884 the organization of volunteer firemen had 4,000 members. Only 200 now are living.

COUNTY CLERK WINS BRIDE.

Miss Mabel McCann and H. P. Molloy of Brooklyn to Wed In Spring.

Announcement of the engagement of Miss Mabel McCann, daughter of Mrs. Robert A. McCann of Ashford Street and Highland Park, East New York, to County Clerk Henry P. Molloy of Brooklyn was made yesterday by the bride-elect's mother. The wedding will be the culmination of a lifelong friendship between the two families. Miss McCann is 21 years old and is noted for her beauty. She was graduated from Barnard College, Manhattan, last June.

CHINAMAN AT THE GARDEN.

Wanted to Inspect Labor Saving Laundry Devices.

One visitor at the Household Show at Madison Square Garden yesterday was Charley Gong, of 3 Doyers Street, who represented a number of Chinese laundrymen. His pilgrimage to the show was to inspect the automatic clothes washer, gas-heated flatirons, and other labor saving devices.

Newly wed couples who show their marriage licenses will be admitted free to the Garden to-day, and to-morrow will be servants' day. A prize will be given to the servant who has been longest with one family. Friday the show will be visited by actors and actresses.

SAY HE FORGED PASSES.

Lackawanna Railroad Employe Held for Selling Trips to Buffalo.

Charged with forging the names of President Truesdale and Chief Clerk W. G. Cave of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western to employes' passes and selling them, Harold P. Rich, a stenographer in the employ of the company waived examination and was held for trial by Magistrate Steinert in the West Side Court yesterday. He was arrested on Sunday at Forty-second Street and Broadway.

Rich, who had been in the employ of the company for one month, according to the complaint, forged passes from Hoboken to Buffalo and return and sold them for $6 each. The arrest was brought about by George J. Duncan of 282 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, who stated he had been Rich offering the passes for sale.

BROOKINS SET MARK FOR A QUICK TURN

Swung About at 50-Mile Gait in 5½ Seconds, Clipping His Own World's Record.

MEET TO BE CONTINUED

A Race Between Johnstone and Hoxsey Will Be a Feature of This Week's Programme.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 23.—Flying north at a rate of fifty miles an hour, two hundred feet in the air, Aviator Walter Brookins turned his biplane on end, wheeled it about, and was speeding southward again on an even keel after a lapse of five and one-half seconds. The quick turn was the feature of a daring flight near the close of the day's aviation programme at Interlaken Field. It broke his own world's record of 62-5 seconds for speed in turning in the air made in an old-type Wright machine at Indianapolis last June.

The aviation meet formally came to a close after Brookins's exhibition and short flights by Johnstone, Coffyn, and Hoxsey this afternoon, but so many people found themselves infected with the flying craze that they asked that the meet be continued, and arrangements have been made to that effect. The three Wright planes will be kept here during the remainder of the week, and a programme of cross-country races is being arranged.

On Thursday Ralph Johnstone will have an opportunity to see if he can fly five miles north of the ground to a prearranged goal and then fly back again in faster time than Arch Hoxsey can fly an equal distance and return.

The race was scheduled originally to commence at a point ten miles from the field, the first to arrive to be declared the winner. But some of the Wright airmen advanced a theory that it wouldn't be well for any craft to get in the airwash of another, as the disturbance caused by the propellers of the machine in front might have disastrous effects on the one following it. The compromise on the round trip race in opposite directions was the result.

On Friday and Saturday special programmes will be arranged, including contests in dipping and high diving and in roller-coasting out of the skies.

Aviator Coffyn, who is in charge of the flexible craft without the front rudders, was perhaps more enthusiastic than any of the spectators in considering the short turns of Brookins.

"None of the others of us could do it," he said. "If we tried we'd break our necks, and we know it. Wilbur Wright never got around in the air in less than 15 seconds, and Orville's fastest time is 11 seconds. How Brookins does it we haven't quite figured out. Until he did it on the new machine we thought he abandoned the rudder and steered by the front elevating planes. Now we're as much puzzled as before, and we're likely to leave that particular trick to Brookins for his strictly personal use."

Brookins has captivated the crowd here so completely that speculation was general this afternoon as to the effect of seeing him in flight upon Boston and New York audiences if they happen to have the chance. Col. Margerum, Director General of the meet, said that the flying of the first few days indicated to him that man would take wing a good deal as a grasshopper does, but that the work of Brookins in the new Wright plane had convinced him that man can fly like an eagle as well, and with all its grace and speed and swiftness of wing control.

Coffyn, who is gaining a reputation as the "sensible flier" of the Wright group in that he avoids all fancy efforts while aloft, tried to have the meet called off on account of the wind, but Hoxsey insisted on going up. He landed after six minutes in the air, in which he climbed to a height of 300 feet, and gave an exhibition of what a skillful airman can do in the way of fighting a wind with warpable tips.

Johnstone followed him for an eight-minute flight in which he was tossed about by the near-gale and seemed in danger of being upset at the turns. Brookins then brought out the new car and ran it through the paces of an aerial war dance for ten minutes. Johnstone tried to ascend after Brookins had landed, but his motor missed, and he was forced to glide to the field without power from a height of 100 feet. Coffyn, just to show that his opposition to going ahead with the programme was not due to personal fear, flew the new craft back to its stable from the point in midfield where Brookins left it on descending.

HAMILTON THRILLS CROWD.

Drops Almost Perpendicularly from 400-Foot Height at Hempstead Plains

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD PLAINS, L. I., Aug. 23.—The almost perpendicular fall of Charles K. Hamilton from a 400-foot height to the ground, where he landed easily and gracefully, was the feature of the afternoon's events to-day. Hamilton took out the same plane he had yesterday, belonging to Whipple Hall, and made three flights.

The air conditions were not ideal, and as he banked the machine in taking his corners it seemed almost as though he must lose his balance and come piling sideways to earth. As he careened past the grand stand and the cries of the crowd which was gathered to-day floated up to him, he would send back a responsive wigwag by way of waving his leg.

He will leave on Sunday with the Hall machine and his new biplane for the coast. Sacramento, Los Angeles, and 'Frisco are included in his circuit. Before he leaves, Howard J. Dietz has offered him his new biplane, in which to fly to Sheepshead Bay and return.

Despite the wind, Capt. Thomas Baldwin made several pretty flights to-night. J. J. Frisbie did some good work in the Rochester also.

INTEREST IN WELLMAN FLIGHT.

Preparations for Ocean Dirigible Trip Excite Europeans.

Lively interest abroad in the preparations which Walter Wellman and Melvin Vanaman are making at Atlantic City for their projected voyage across the Atlantic by dirigible balloon is indicated by the publication by the Petit Marseillais of Marseilles of an article of some length from The Daily Graphic of London, in which the plans of the aviators are set forth and their chances of success declared to be excellent. The Petit Marseillais, which characterizes the undertaking as "extraordinary," admits that it has been collecting impressions from what the British papers publish on the subject, and furnishes its readers with a picture of the baloon America, in which the aeronauts intend to make the attempt.

It quotes also The Graphic's New York correspondent's description of the preparations and various opinions of aeronauts and others tending to show a preponderance of belief that a gas bag with a motor of sufficient power is, under favorable conditions, capable of making the transatlantic voyage from New York to London. For instance, Dr. Albert Zahn is quoted as saying that at a height of 4,000 to 5,000 feet there is a regular easterly current, which "cannot fail to be of assistance" to the America sailing at that level.

ROOF FIGHT WITH LUNATIC.

Police Needed All Strength to Keep Madman from Dragging Them Over.

On the roof of a seven-story warehouse at 311 West Fortieth Street last night four policemen battled with an insane man who, with almost superhuman strength, tried to hurl them and himself over the edge. With a rope around his arms and legs he was carried to the street, after he had given the police a terrible half hour.

Patrolman William Kuntz of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station saw the man known as McLoughlin on the roof of the Hays Storage Warehouse, throwing stones and bricks through the skylights. The office of the warehouse is at 307 West Thirty-seventh Street, and there Kuntz found Donald Kanally, an employe, who let him into the building. Before entering Kuntz rapped for assistance, and was joined by Patrolmen Klassett, Bartels, and Sullivan. Kanally went along, carrying a lantern.

McLoughlin heard the men climbing the stairs to the roof, and when they opened the trap door hurled half a dozen bricks at them in rapid succession. Kuntz was struck on the arm but not injured. McLoughlin ran to the edge of the roof and was about to jump when Kuntz and Klassett caught him.

With a desperate wrench McLoughlin freed himself and was preparing to jump again when Bartels and Sullivan piled upon him. All three fell struggling to the roof.

As McLoughlin fought he tried to drag the two policemen to the edge of the roof. The other two dragged him back.

McLoughlin's agility made him a difficult person to handle, for his arms and legs were thrashing about all the time, so that it was impossible for the policemen to bind him. A short length of slender rope was twisted around his legs once, but before it could be knotted he had wriggled himself free. At another time three of the policemen were seated squarely on him, but he was so agile that he had them unseated in a moment.

Kannally, who had been waiting with a rope in his hand, finally saw an opportunity of getting one end knotted around McLoughlin's ankle and then took a turn around his other leg. Little by little the policemen bound him, still struggling and biting, and carried him to the street.

On the way to the station the four policemen had to sit upon him while he lay in the bottom of the patrol wagon.

Dr. Armstrong of New York Hospital said McLoughlin was probably suffering from cocaine poisoning, and took him to the hospital. McLoughlin is about 28 years of age. He was without coat or collar.

TALL ARCHBISHOP HERE.

Right Rev. Andrew Szeptycki, Nearly 7 Feet Tall, Arrives from Austria.

The Right Rev. Andrew Alexander Szeptycki, Archbishop of Lemberg, Primate of the Greek Catholic Church in Galicia, Austria, arrived here yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm, to attend the Eucharistic Conference at Montreal. The Archbishop comes of an old Ruthenian noble family, and formerly was Count Szeptycki, an officer in the Austrian cavalry, from which he resigned to become a monk in the order of St. Basil. He is nearly 7 feet in height, broad in proportion, and his flowing beard, which extends far below his waist, is nearly three feet long.

Archbishop Szeptycki is a member of the House of Lords in the Austrian Reichsrath, a Privy Counsellor of Emperor Francis Josef I., Assistant to the Papal Throne, and bearer of several other dignities, civil and ecclesiastical. He is highly educated, holding degrees in law, philosophy, and theology, and is an accomplished linguist, speaking English fluently. He will remain here for two months, visiting as much of the country as possible, and calling upon the ecclesiastical and civil authorities.

Upon his arrival he was met by the Right Rev. Soter Ortynski, the Ruthenian Greek Catholic Bishop for the United States, and a large number of Ruthenian priests and committeemen, who gave him a hearty welcome, and escorted him to the St. Regis Hotel.

A Te Deum of Moleben was sung last night at the Ruthenian Greek Catholic Church of St. George, in East Twentieth Street, where the Archbishop received the felicitations of his countrymen. During his stay he will visit Archbishop Farley and the Austrian representative, and will be the guest of Bishop Ortynski in Philadelphia.

CLOAK FACTORIES MOVE AWAY

Several Firms Affected by the Strike Are Now Located in New Jersey.

The Cloak, Suit, and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association announced yesterday that several new factories had been opened in New Jersey. The manufacturers said they were better pleased with their new quarters than they had been with their New York shops. Rubin Brothers, J. M. Brady & Co., the Empire Cloak and Suit Company, and others sent representatives to the employers' headquarters to urge that more factories be located in New Jersey and that a general shutdown in this city be declared. They said they would shut down their New York plants immediately if the movement were made general. The New Jersey police have made short shrift of strikers who have invaded that State to picket factories. They take the position that there is no strike in that State, and that new industries must not be interfered with. Pickets have been ordered to move on, and when they showed any obstinacy have been arrested.

William H. Davidow & Brother, employing suit makers at 19 West Twenty-first Street, obtained an ex parte injunction yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Page restraining the manufacturers' association from interfering with their business. The Davidows signed the union agreement and were expelled from the manufacturers' association. They issued a statement yesterday that they will sue the association for $100,000 damages for their expulsion. They also obtained a Supreme Court order, returnable to-day, requiring the association to show cause why it should not reinstate them to membership.

Many of the commission suit and cloak houses are buying their Fall stock of cloaks and suits in Berlin and Vienna, it was announced yesterday. Other commission houses announced that they had learned that the strikers had sought to compel employers who negotiated with them to agree to buy only silks and woolens manufactured in unionized mills.

LEAPS ON CAR, STEALS PURSE

Boy Thief Escapes After Pursuer Falls and Breaks His Thumb.

Leaping upon the running board of a crowded Lexington Avenue car at 106th Street a boy in knickerbockers snatched a silver purse from the hands of Miss Blanche Wolf of 60 West 128th Street last night. The purse contained $12.

Miss Wolf screamed and held to the purse, but the chain broke and the youth jumped off the car and fled. David Kline, a salesman of 300 West 128th Street, the young woman's escort, gave chase.

The car stopped and several men, who had witnessed the robbery, joined in the pursuit. The juvenile robber ran along Lexington Avenue to 107th Street, and turned westward. In turning the corner Kline slipped and fell, and fractured his right thumb. Those who had joined in the chase stopped to assist him, and the fugitive escaped.

Kline went to the East 104th Street Station to report the robbery, and there his thumb was bandaged by Dr. Balamuth, who was called from Harlem Hospital. Miss Wolf's purse was marked with her initials. She was unable to describe the boy, and Kline and the other witnesses to the theft could only give a vague description.

Kaiser Can't Get Nobel Prize.

CHRISTIANIA, Aug. 23.—According to M. Lovland, Chairman of the Nobel Committee, the fact that Emperor William's name was not proposed before Feb. 1 precludes the award to him this year of the Nobel Peace Prize.

FIGHT FOR RIGHT TO USE "DEATH AVE."

New York Central Road and Shippers Oppose Injunction to Stop Trains.

WOULD "CAUSE HEAVY LOSS"

City Counsel Says the Franchise Expired 14 Years Ago—Justice Brady Reserves His Decision.

The right of the New York Central Railroad to operate freight trains below Thirtieth Street was argued yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Brady. Assistant Corporation Counsel William P. Burr pleaded for an injunction and ex-Justice Charles F. Brown, for the railroad and ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, representing 5,000 business men served by the railroad, opposed the application.

Mr. Burr asked that the company be restrained from using dummy engines on Tenth Avenue below Thirtieth Street, and on West, Canal, and Hudson Streets to St. John's Park. He declared that the franchise granted to the Hudson River Railroad Company for fifty years from 1846 was the only warrant for the use of the tracks and that this expired fourteen years ago.

"Counsel for the railroad has asserted," Mr. Burr said, "that the city has lost its rights by acquiescing in the use of the streets since 1896, but it is well settled law that the rights of the public cannot be lost by the mere acquiescence of the municipal authorities."

Mr. Burr contended the railroad is a public nuisance, and cited figures to show that many persons are killed and maimed annually by the dummy engines. The only permission to use dummy engines below Thirtieth Street, he said, had been granted by the Common Council for ten years in 1863, and since July 11, 1909, the city has refused to accept the license fee of $50 a year for each locomotive as prescribed in that ordinance. The original franchise of the Hudson River Railroad and its amendments by the Common Council, Mr. Burr declared, were subject to the rules and regulations of the city.

From this premise, Mr. Burr proceeded to argue that the suit of the city last year for a mandamus to compel the railroad company to remove its tracks was of an entirely different nature. He argued that the decision of Referee D Cady Herrick in this case against the city, which is now on appeal, could not be considered in the present suit.

"The referee's judgment," he said, "did not in any particular restrain or enjoin the city from making such rules and regulations for the operation of cars as might be deemed necessary."

Besides the danger to citizens by dummy engines, Mr. Burr said that the city was damaged financially. The operation of trains, he said, restrained the development of the west side and kept property values down. Trains four and five block long were sent up and down the tracks, he said, every half hour, blocking the passage of cars, vehicles, and pedestrians.

With this contention ex-Justices Brown and O'Brien took sharp issue. They asserted that the operation of trains was a necessity to shippers in the lower west side and that interference would mean serious inconvenience and loss, as factories and wholesale houses would be compelled to move to some point where they could get freight car service.

Property values would fall, they said, and there would be a falling off in taxes besides the damage to business interests. The statement of the Public Service Commission that electric street cars killed several times as many persons during the year was quoted, and the characterization of the street as "Death Avenue" was denounced as a "malicious piece of sensationalism."

Judge Brown denied Mr. Burr's contention that the railroad's charter had expired, and quoted Referee Herrick's decision that it was extended 500 years when the Hudson River Road was consolidated with the New York Central. He said that the appeal from the Herrick decision deprived the city of the right to commence another action tending to the same object until the appeal had been decided.

Judge O'Brien demanded a trial of the issues before the granting of any injunction. He said too much was at stake to have a hurried decision. The matter, he said, was already in the hands of the courts, and the city should be willing to await results of the first action. Justice Brady reserved decision.

UNDERTAKER'S RIG IN RIVER.

Runaway Horse Jumps from Pier Carrying a Body Into the Water.

The horse driven by Patrick B. McDonald, an undertaker of 374 Seventh Avenue, took fright at an automobile at Forty-seventh Street and Ninth Avenue yesterday, ran to Twelfth Avenue, up to Forty-eighth Street, and westward until he fell off the pier at the foot of the street into the river. Within a few feet of the end of the pier, McDonald jumped to the ground. He cried for help when he heard the splash of the horse as he struck the water, and saw a wicker coffin containing the body of John Connolly slide out through the rear doors into the water.

John O'Neil, watchman on the pier, leaped into the water, and pushed the coffin to a float near by. Policemen McKnight and Glynn of the West Forty-seventh Street Station got a rowboat and rowed out to the horse, which was floundering about, and led him to shore. The men got the horse to a landing at Forty-ninth Street, and then up a runway to the pier.

They could not rescue the wagon.

GRAPE-NUTS.

Right food is a basis
For right living.
"There's only one disease,"
Says an eminent writer—
"Wrong living
And but one cure—
"Right living."
Right food is supplied by

Grape-Nuts

It contains the vital
Body and brain-building
Elements of wheat and barley—
Most important of which is
The Potassium Phosphate,
Grown in the grain
For rebuilding tissues
Broken down by daily use.
Folks who use Grape-Nuts
Know this—they feel it.
"There's a Reason"
Read "The Road to Wellville,"
Found in packages.

SAFE FROM ALIMONY HERE.

Husbands from Other States Can't Be Jailed in This City, Says Justice.

Alimony-dodging husbands from other States have a legal refuge in New York, according to a decision handed down yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Lehman. The decision holds, in effect, that although a judgment may be obtained in this State for alimony granted under a decree of divorce in another jurisdiction it has no higher standing than an ordinary money judgment. Husbands divorced in other States consequently may enjoy hereafter the pleasure of this city without any fear of being sent to join the Alimony Club at the Ludlow Street Jail if they fail to pay alimony.

Henry G. Moore, son of the wealthy founder of the Philadelphia whisky house of Moore & Sinnott, is the first to profit by the new decision. His wife, Gertrude Moore, who got a divorce from him in Pennsylvania several years ago on the ground of desertion, is the disappointed wife. He owes her $35,000 back alimony, at the rate of $333.33 a month.

She obtained a New York judgment some time ago requiring him to put up a $60,000 bond and pay her $1,400 a month till he caught up. He failed to do so, and she asked his punishment for contempt. She was unable to get any satisfaction in Pennsylvania because his father's will provided a spendthrift trust, which gives an income of $28,000, which no one can touch.

You'll Like

Keiller's Marmalade in the morning. Also at noon. And at dinner too. It's good *any* time. It has been good for 113 years.

Keiller's "Since 1797" Marmalade

The First Thing to Do

If you have lost anything of value telephone The New York Times, 1000 Bryant. The New York Times will write and insert, at little cost, an advertisement. Many valuables are recovered by prompt action. Go to any Advertising Agency or telephone 1000 Bryant.

HARPERS

For September

THE September *Harpers* is another brilliant fiction number for outdoor reading. The eight notable short stories are the leading feature. Among the authors represented are:

Joseph Conrad
H. B. Marriott Watson
Margaret Cameron
Margarita S. Gerry
Norman Duncan
Mary Heaton Vorse
Thomas A. Janvier
Olivia H. Dunbar

Important Special Articles

MY MEMORIES OF MARK TWAIN
By W. D. HOWELLS

No such delightfully intimate memories of a great writer have ever been given to the public as those which Mr. Howells has written of Mark Twain, his friend of more than forty years standing. In this number he pays his final tribute to Mr. Clemens, "the Lincoln of our literature," he calls him.

The Microbe as a Social Reformer

A practical scientific paper of the greatest importance. Robert W. Bruere, formerly general agent of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, tells of the remarkable work of human conservation that has been done and is being done by the Health Departments in our great cities. The record of what has been accomplished is inspiring.

Twenty-One Separate Contributions
Remarkable Pictures in Color and Tint

The Story of the Day.

"The Man Who Found The Truth"

In this wonderful story, which will begin in NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES, Leonid Andreyev gives in his magic style the confession of a prisoner who was sentenced for a murder of which he was wholly innocent. The story forcibly reminds the reader of Poe. One cannot read it without having a new appreciation of this author of "Red Laughter," "The Seven Who Were Hanged," "Anathema" and other great stories.

The Togo Tourists at Atlantic City

They roam along Hon. Wooden Walk while 106,000 complete persons gave sweet banzai.

"Rita" on America's Religions

This has been a favorite theme of the English authoress and she writes entertainingly of it.

A Fight to Save Two Million Lives

The leaders of the crusade against the dreaded "hook worm" and what is being done to exterminate the plague.

Be Sure to Read These Articles in

Next Sunday's Times

NICARAGUAN PEACE COMMISSION NAMED

Estrada's Brother Issues Decree — Presidential Election Within Six Months.

MADRIZ'S TRAIN SHOT AT

Prison Commandant at Managua Planned to Blow Up Building—Temporary Governing Junta Talked Of.

MANAGUA, Aug. 23.—In a lengthy decree issued to-day José Dolores Estrada, who temporarily assumed the reins of government when President Madriz vacated his office and fled from the country, gives full recognition to the Provisional Government formed at Bluefields last year, with his brother, Gen. Juan Estrada, as President. In doing so, however, he stipulates that a regular and free election for the office of Chief Executive of the Republic must be held within six months.

The decree also names the members of a comission the duty of which will be to draw up and have signed by the hostile factions a permanent treaty of peace. In part the decree is as follows:

As a Congressman and provisional President of the Republic, and by virtue of my legal faculties, and realizing the necessity to put to an end the bloody civil war that is exhausting us, I, Jose Dolores Estrada, decree:

First—The recognition as the Provisional Government of Nicaragua of the Government started by the revolution at Bluefields on Oct. 10 of last year, of which the Provisional President is Juan Estrada.

Second—The appointment of a Commission of Peace, composed of Rafael Cabrera, Salvador Castrillo, Hildebran Castellon, Gen. Jose Leon Castillo, and Tomas Martinez, which will make known this decree to the military commander of the revolution, agreeing to a suspension of hostilities until the arrival of the new President at the capital.

Third—That if the commission shall meet Gen. Estrada en route to the capital, it is empowered to sign a convention of peace in accordance with this decree, and will ask for a conference with this Executive at once at a convenient place.

Fourth—That in case Gen. Estrada is too far away from the front the commission is authorized to propose to the military chiefs that they select a person who, in the name of the revolution and associated with the provisional Executive, shall organize a governmental junta to act as the supreme power until the arrival of President Estrada.

Fifth—That Gen. Estrada must call a free election for the office of President of the Republic within a reascnable time, not to exceed six months, the said election to be in accordance with the principles of the Liberal and Conservative Parties.

Sixth—That if any of the Commissioners chosen are unable to accept this humanitarian and patriotic mission the remaining Commissioners will choose substitutes with full power to act.

JOSE DOLORES ESTRADA,
A. FALLA, Sub-Secretary.

Señor Estrada said he would await the return of the Peace Commissioners to Managua, when the revolutionary and Government soldiers would be disarmed and sent to their homes.

The advance guard of the Provisional Army, consisting of 100 cavalry, arrived here to-day and are quartered at the barracks in the suburbs.

The Acting President to-day issued instructions that, beginning Sept. 1, corn, beans, rice, lard, sugar, flour, kerosene, gasoline, candles, soap, tallow, oils, acids, and disinfectants are to be imported into the republic without payment of duties.

The downfall of the Madriz Government was accomplished quietly and was marked by no scenes of disorder in the capital. President Madriz left the city quietly on Sunday night, his plans being kept secret, aboard the Government gunboat Momotombo. Reports have been received from Corinto of his safe arrival there, accompanied by Gens. Ortiz, Toledo, Valdes, Lara, Chavarria, Chavez, and Perdomo, and Dr. Julian Irias, and of the departure of the fugitives for Amapala, Honduras, on board the Pacific Mail steamer San José. The men who fled with the deposed President into exile are all, with the exception of Ortiz and Chavarria, former supporters of ex-President Zelaya, who could expect no mercy from the new administration. Three of them are foreigners, Gen. Toledo being by birth from Guatemala, Gen. Lara from Honduras, and Gen. Perdomo from Salvador.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The final word telling of the passing into history of the Madriz Government at Managua was received at the State Department to-day in an official dispatch from American Consul Olivares, stationed at Managua.

The message was dated 11 P. M. Saturday. It told of the disorder that preceded the downfall of Madriz at Managua, the escape of the defeated President from the city as shots were fired at his train, and the assumption of the Presidency and the command of the local troops by brothers of the revolutionary leader Gen. Juan Estrada.

Officials of the penitentiary at Managua, where 700 prisoners were confined, called at the American Consulate on Friday night and voluntarily made affidavits to the effect that the commandant of the prison had entered into a plot to blow up the building and its inmates in the event of the downfall of the Madriz faction. It was in this penitentiary that William Pittman, the American engineer, was confined. Prisoners of other foreign nations were among those behind the bars.

The American and foreign Consuls at Managua promptly laid the matter before Dr. Madriz, who undertook to look into the charges. The President said he would guarantee that the plot should be suppressed. Not satisfied with the guarantee Consul Olivares asked for and obtained the removal of Pittman to the consulate, where he was being sheltered at the time the dispatch was sent.

On Saturday morning Madriz dismissed the commandant of the prison. Before Madriz had abandoned his office that afternoon the prison, left without guard, had emptied its inmates into the streets. About 600 of the 700 prisoners had been arrested for political reasons. Many of them obtained rifles and roamed the streets, in some cases firing upon troops of the Madriz faction.

As soon as Madriz left Managua Gen. Aurelia Estrada, a brother of the revolutionary leader, took command of the local troops in order to police the city. His forces consisted of a mixture of troops of the Liberal Party and volunteers of the Conservative Party, whose rivalry, the Consul said, caused some embarrassment. After Madriz left the city for Corinto on a train amid a fusillade of shots, crowds gathered around the American Consulate, and during Saturday night cheered for the Government and the people of the United States.

Nothing was said in the official dispatches received at the State Department concerning the choice of a permanent President, but the department will watch this problem closely. It is believed that it will insist upon an early fair election, and probably will supervise the choice of a President.

Estrada followers in this city say that a complete understanding exists between Gen. Juan Estrada and his two leading Generals—Chamorro and Mena—in regard to the political phase of the situation. They state that Chamorro and Mena have agreed not to interfere with the plans of Estrada in this connection. Should this be the case it would save many embarrassments, it is believed here, as Estrada is a Liberal and his associates are Conservatives.

Talk was heard to-night among the Estrada followers in Washington of the possibility of the selection of a junta to govern the country temporarily. Such a plan, it was pointed out, would give the country an opportunity to settle down after its civil war before the excitement of an election was forced upon it. In fact, it was said that the holding of an election immediately would be courting more turbulence.

Señor Castrillo, the Estrada representative here, has notified Nicaraguan Consuls in this country who were appointed under the Madriz régime that the new Government will not recognize their right to perform Consular duties for Nicaragua.

Señor Castrillo said to-day that the mother of Leonard Groce, who was executed by Zelaya, will receive an indemnity and that Groce's Nicaraguan wife will receive a pension and his children will be educated at the expense of the Government. He said that the father of Le Roy Cannon, who was shot with Groce, will receive such indemnity as the American State Department deems equitable. It is not understood here, however, that Señor Castrillo has received specific authority from his leader to make this announcement. The father of Le Roy Cannon lives at Harrisburg, Penn.

WORKED BURIED IN WELL.

Removing Bricks When Earth Crumbled in and Covered Him.

Special to The New York Times.

MANASQUAN, N. J., Aug. 23.—Henry Larson and James Goddard set to work yesterday morning to take the bricks out of a well on the old Lurk farm, near this place. Larson went down in the hole and removed the bricks, which were drawn up by Goddard. By the afternoon Larson was down about twenty feet. His helper went away from the top of the well to unload a load of bricks from the bucket. When he looked down again all he could see was a hand of his partner sticking up from a cave-in of heavy earth and wiggling in mute appeal.

Seizing a spade, Goddard went down to the level of Larson and began to dig the earth from about his partner's head. A few minutes of work cleared away the sand from Larson's face. With his free had he cleared his eyes and mouth.

"Dig fast, Jim," he cried out. "This stuff is crushing the life out of me. It hugs me closer every second."

Just then he saw above his partner's head some sand begin to trickle down. He knew that to be a sign that more earth was about to break loose above. He suspected that it would be down upon them both the next instant.

"Look out, Jim," he screamed. "More of the stuff is coming."

Goddard moved just in time to escape the full impact of a ton of earth that slid into the hole from the upper walls of the well. It knocked him down and covered the lower part of his body, but he worked himself free.

Goddard got to the top of the well as fast as he could, yelling for help all the time. William Lurk, the owner of the farm, came running to the spot and then called for heulp. Within a few minutes five farmers had joined him and Goddard.

Digging now like madmen, they finally worked down again to Larsenos face. This time the eyes did not fly open when Goddard wiped the earth away from them. The mouth did not move. The face was still, and Larsan hardly seemed to be breathing.

"Speak to me, Henry," his partner cried out to him. "Tell me you're alive yet, Henry."

"We must get him out and get a doctor to him," said Mr. Lurk, and the six men started in digging again. Again came another huge block of earth from above. This time the hole was filled nearly to the level of the ground.

"Come on, we can't stop," said Jim Goddard. The men set to work digging, but now almost without hope. They had got down about half way to where Larson's body was, when there came another huge cavein. It was then nearly dark. Certain that Larson was dead and so tired that they could hardly walk, the six men went home.

This morning a larger body of workers went to digging. At 10 o'clock they came upon the body of Larson.

Coroner Purdy came out from Manasquan and issued a death certificate. Henry Larson lived at Perth Amboy. He leaves a widow and six children.

UNDERVALUED THEIR GOODS.

Passengers Returning from Europe May Lose Property Declared Wrongly.

Some of those who arrived yesterday from Europe and who did not declare the proper value of goods they bought abroad were Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Dugrenier of Lawrence, Mass., second cabin passengers in the Grosser Kurfuerst, who declared nothing. Customs Inspectors found on the man three gold watches, three gold scarf pins, and one gold locket, and a new coat and scarf on the woman.

Mrs. M. Stuhlback, wife of a jeweler in Passaic, N. J., who came in the second cabin of the Kronprinz Wilhelm with her sister-in-law, Mary Reich, also declared nothing. Inspectors found many unset stones, earrings, locket and chain. Mrs. Stuhlback said that they had hidden the jewels lest they lose them.

William Tweed Maginnis, a first-class passenger on the Kronprinz Wilhelm, declared $100 worth of clothing. The appraisers said he had $400 worth.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Aug. 23.—Alfred Dugrenier is a prominent French resident of this city. He is a member of the firm of Dugrenier & La Chapelle, dealers in French wines, also contractors and builders.

DEATH REVALS IDENTITY.

Robert Fry of Mount Vernon Apparently R. H. Miller of Buffalo.

Robert Fry, as he was known at Mount Vernon, died there on Sunday. The authorities sent to Buffalo yesterday to try to find out who he was, as his name appears to have been Robert H. Miller.

He lived in a single room, where he cooked and slept. He died in the Mount Vernon Hospital of peritonitis.

Coroner Boedecker, going through his effects, found that he was apparently really named Miller, and that he belonged to the Red Men and Odd Fellows in Buffalo.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Transfers in Coast Artillery Corps: Second Lieut. W. C. Koenig assigned to Ninth Company, Second Lieut. V. E. Clark from Ninth to Ninety-sixth Company.

Capt. L. T. Hillman, Ordnance Department, to works of Alliance Machine Company, Alliance, Ohio, to inspect material.

First Lieut. W. H. Crum, Medical Corps, accompany Company A, Signal Corps, to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., for duty at camp of instruction.

Transfers: Capt. M. McFarland from Eighteenth Infantry to Twenty-fourth Infantry, Capt. H. Pendleton, Jr., from Twenty-fourth Infantry to Eighteenth Infantry.

Orders Feb. 15 directing First Lieut. F. F. Slater, Medical Reserves, to proceed to San Francisco and take transport Sept. 5 for the Philippines revoked; he will proceed to his home and report arrival by telegraph to the Adjutant General of the Army.

Majors F. A. Winter and F. F. Russell, Medical Corps, detailed as members of the Army Retiring Board, Washington, D. C., vice Lieut. Col. H. P. Birmingham and Major C. R. Darnall, Medical Corps, during examination of Major C. N. Barney, Medical Corps.

The Navy.

Commissioned: Lieutenant—A. Norris; Lieutenant, junior grade—K. Whiting; Ensign—J. McC. Irish; Passed Assistant Surgeon—I. F. Cohn.

Ensigns D. C. Patterson and J. W. Barnett, Jr., to the Dixie.

Ensign R. C. Giffen to temporary duty on the Iowa.

Ensign F. A. La Vossler to the Virginia.

Ensign W. F. Amsden to the Castine for instruction.

R. R. Stewart to the Perry.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Traffic and Vestal at navy yard, New York; Tennessee, Montana, and North Carolina at Rockland, Me.; Caesar at Hampton Roads; Dolphin at Gloucester; Dubuque at Bluefields.

Sailed—Bagley and Standish from Annapolis for Solomon's Island, Chesapeake Bay; Connecticut, Michigan, Louisiana, South Carolina, Kansas, New Hampshire, Georgia, Nebraska, Rhode Island, Virginia, Minnesota, Vermont, Mississippi, and Idaho from Newport for southern drill grounds; Culgoa, Celtic, Solace, Panther, and Yankton from Newport for Hampton Roads.

Upon the completion of repairs on the Castine at navy yard, Boston, the vessel will proceed to New London and resume duty as tender to Third Submarine Division, Atlantic Torpedo Fleet.

Upon completion of practice cruise the vessels of the Naval Academy practice squadron will proceed as follows: Indiana and Massachuetts to navy yard, Philadelphia; Iowa to navy yard, New York, where coaling apparatus will be installed, which will be tested at sea by the Iowa in company with the Vestal.

GIRL IS FINED $3,200 FOR COURT CONTEMPT

Dorothea Higgins Ignored Judge Hough's Order Not to Dispose of Fire Insurance Policy.

MUST PAY OR GO TO JAIL

The Outcome of a Bankruptcy Suit Against Her Mother—Got Credit on Pretenses of Wealth.

Dorothea Philo Higgins, a tall and handsome Virginia girl of 24, who lives at Yonkers Park, was fined $3,200 yesterday for contempt of court by United States Circuit Court Judge Hough. Judge Hough allowed Miss Higgins ten days in which to pay the fine, and in his order provided that in case she fails to pay a warrant for her arrest will issue to United States Marshal William Henkel, and she will be imprisoned until ordered released.

Miss Higgins, who has been living with her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Warwick Bradner, is the daughter of Arthur Higgins, a civil engineer who died in 1891 at Norfolk, Va. She has a brother, Warwick E. Higgins, aged 22, and a younger sister, Constance Higgins, aged 19 years.

Frederick W. Evers, a furniture dealer, filed a petition in involuntary bankruptcy against Mrs. Bradner on Dec. 16, and Miss Higgins's contempt consisted in disobeying an order of Judge Hough issued to prevent the alleged fraudulent disposition of two fire insurance policies. Two months later Mrs. Bradner was adjudged a bankrupt and William H. Freeman was appointed trustee of her property.

The unsecured claims against Mrs. Bradner totaled $21,406. A large amount of these were for dry goods, household furnishings, clothing, works of art, and articles of luxury. Charles H. Bradner, Mrs. Bradner's second husband, had failed in the real estate business, but apparently did not worry about it. Mrs. Bradner made affidavit that she had put $20,000 in his business.

Posed as Being Rich.

The Bradners and Higginses had come from the South a couple of years ago. They gave out that they owned property in Virginia and that the Higgins children had independent incomes of their own. They ran up large bills in several of the leading stores in New York without difficulty.

Their home was luxuriously furnished. They had rugs on the floor which cost $275 and $325 apiece. They had a private telephone, a Japanese stone lantern purchased from an Oriental store but not paid for, listed at $65, and fancy furniture worth upward of $1,460. The women wore expensive gowns of rare dress goods made up by stylish dressmakers. They have a retinue of colored servants brought from the South.

Since living in Yonkers the Bradner-Higgins family have had two fires, one in 1908, the other Nov. 1, 1909. On the first fire one of the insuring companies paid a claim of $2,500. The company has now presented a bill for this amount to the trustee in bankruptcy, alleging that articles claimed to have been destroyed in Mrs. Bradner's bill of loss are still in existence. The fire insurance companies have not yet paid any claims on the last fire.

Mrs. Bradner held two policies and Miss Dorothea held one. Mrs. Bradner's policies were for $7,000 and $4,000, and her daughter's was for $3,000. Referee Freeman anticipates some difficulty in collecting on Mrs. Bradner's two policies because the insurance companies have objected to Mrs. Bradner's bills of loss, charging aagin in this case that many of the articles enumerated as lost were removed from the house before the fire or were not destroyed.

Judge Hough signed an order on Dec. 2 last restraining Miss Higgins from disposing of the policies which by that time were all in her name, because Mrs. Bradner had already transferred them to her daughter. The order was served on Miss Higgins on Dec. 23. In the meantime she said she had transferred them to John W. McCallum, the landlord of the premises, a carpenter and builder, who lives at Mount Vernon.

Disobeyed Court's Order.

McCallum was summoned for contempt, and his attorney, in attempting to show that McCallum was an innocent purchaser for value, produced McCallum's checks for $3,100 to Miss Higgins, showing that he had paid over the money after the injunction had been served.

Miss Higgins was brought to court to answer the contempt charge and her attorney withdrew from the case without assigning a reason. Miss Higgins told Judge Hough that during the week of grace allotted to her to find a new attorney she had been unable to get a lawyer to take her case. She then pleaded in person. She brought her mother, brother, and sister to testify that at the time of the alleged service of the injunction order she was sick in bed. She said she had been sick from Dec. 7 beyond Christmas.

But some of the dry goods firms which had claims against Mrs. Bradner produced letters from her which bore the date of Dec. 19, and stated that Miss Higgins would be in New York the following day. A chattel mortgage of which she had signed an acknowledgment on Dec. 22 was also produced in evidence, and Judge Hough in a memorandum said that a case of "gross and real contempt" had been made out.

Mrs. Bradner asserted under oath, according to dispatches from Baltimore, that she inherited no money from her first husband, but got $13,000 from a brewer named Walters, to whom she said she was private secretary. Walters left no will investigations in Baltimore disclosed yesterday, and it is believed that if she got any money from him it was during his lifetime.

In default of payment Miss Higgins may be, according to law, incarcerated for 3,200 days, or about nine years. It is believed, however, that she will pay.

Fogler Beaten in Match Race.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 23.—In a 25-mile motor paced bicycle race which was stopped four times because of minor accidents Elmer Collins of Lynn defeated George Wiley of Syracuse at the Melrose track here to-night. Joe Fogler of Brooklyn lost a special match race with Alfred Goulett of Australia, being defeated in two out of three heats. Collins led all the way in the 25-mile event. At the starting gun Wiley lost his pace, and the Lynn pedalist took a lead which Wiley was unable to overcome. The time was 38:22 4-5.

In the Class B event Lloyd Thomas of San Francisco won a one-mile handicap and Fred McCarthy of Toronto was the winner in a five-mile open race.

Houck Beats Harry Lewis.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Harry Lewis of Philadelphia, claimant of the welterweight championship of America, met a whirlwind in Leo Houck of Lancaster, Penn., in the feature match of the first boxing exhibition of the season at the Armory Athletic Association to-night, and went down to defeat at the end of twelve rounds. Lewis made a splendid showing for two rounds, but after that was obliged to hold on to save himself.

RECORD FOR FLANAGAN.

Irish-American Athletes Win in Games at Poughkeepsie.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 23.—At the athletic games of the St. Mary's Athletic Club, held at the Hudson River Driving Parkway here to-day, Melvin W. Sheppard of the Irish-American Athletic Club lowered Lon Myers's 880-yard record of 1:44 2-5, made in 1882 at Williamsburg, L. I., but failed in his attempt to lower Emilo Lurgh's 880-yard record of 1:52 4-5, made at Montreal last year, and John Flanagan of the Winged Fist Club lowered Destmartean's record of 34 feet 4 inches, from an 8 foot 2 inch circle, made at the Olympic games held in St. Louis in 1904. Flanagan heaved the heavy missile 39 feet 8¼ inches.

Ernest Baker, the Colgate College half miller, started from the 44-yard mark in the special 880-yard race, in order to make Sheppard extend himself. Sheppard and Kiviat started from scratch. Kiviat took the lead at the start, and setting a very fast pace pulled Sheppard to the quarter post in 54 seconds. Sheppard jumped Kiviat at the 500-yard mark and made a strenuous effort to overhaul Baker, but the strong wind blowing down the homestretch greatly retarded his efforts. However, he gritted his teeth and plowed along, only to be beaten one yard by the Colgate runner, Kiviat finishing four yards behind. Although not successful in lowering the 880-yard record, Sheppard succeeded in bettering the old standing mark of Lon Myers. Sheppard's time for the 800 yards was 1:43 2-5 and for the 880 yards 1:54 3-5.

The trotting track, although one mile in circumference, did not have the foundation for running races, and from Sheppard's experiences on smaller tracks it was very hard for him to judge his pace. Considering the conditions, he ran a remarkable race.

The New York delegation won most of the open events. Sheridan led the list, winning a first, three seconds, and one third. The dual contest between Sheridan and Edgren was very closely contested, Sheridan finally winning by eight inches. Flanagan exhibited good form in both the fifty-six-pound weight and sixteen-pound hammer. Bob Eller, Dan Ahearn, and McLeoid of the Irish-American Athletic Club; Klages and Baker of the New York Athletic Club, and Tervis of the Loughlin Lyceum were among the point winners from New York. Summary:

100-Yard Dash, Special, Scratch.—Won by Robert Eller, Irish-American A. C.; Charles F. Waters, Bridge City A. C., second; Paul Wermuth, Bridge City A. C., third. Time—0:10 1-5.

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by Charles Waters, Bridge City A. C., (6½ yards;) John Powers, South Paterson A. C., (5 yards,) second; D. J. Ferris, Loughlin Lyceum, (7½ yards,) third. Time—0:10.

Putting Twelve-Pound Shot, Handicap.—Won by C. Klages, New York A. C., (scratch,) with an actual put of 50 feet 8 inches; Martin J. Sheridan, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) with an actual throw of 49 feet 5 inches, second; Robert Eller, Irish-American A. C., (7 feet,) with an actual throw of 41 feet 2 inches, third.

One-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by George Howroyd, Bridge City A. C., (85 yards;) Charles Perry, unattached, (90 yards,) second; Harry Howroyd, Bridge City A. C., (90 yards,) third. Time—4:37.

Throwing the Discus, Handicap.—Won by Martin J. Sheridan, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) with an actual throw of 135 feet 8 inches; Robert Edgren, New York A. C., (scratch,) with an actual throw of 135 feet, second; N. Yiahnis, Pastime A. C., (10 feet,) with an actual throw of 119 feet 3½ inches, third.

Running Broad Jump, Scratch.—Won by Dan Ahearn, Irish-American A. C., with an actual jump of 21 feet 5 inches; Dan Ferris, Loughlin Lyceum, with an actual jump of 20 feet 9½ inches, second; L. Merritt, Goshen, with an actual jump of 20 feet 7 inches, third.

440-Yard Handicap.—Won by John Powers, South Paterson A. C., (12 yards;) Eddie Coyle, Xavier A. A., (12 yards,) second; J. C. Waters, Bridge City A. C., (12 yards,) third. Time—0:50 3-5.

880-Yard Run, Special, Handicap.—Won by Ernest Baker, New York A. C., (44 yards;) Melvin W. Sheppard, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) second; A. R. Kiviat, Irish-American A. C. third. Time—1:54 2-5.

Five-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by T. Stores, Pastime A. C., (180 yards;) S. Osmond, Brooklyn, (250 yards,) second; J. Garsh, Sheridan A. C., (300 yards,) third. Time—28:09 3-5.

Throwing 56-Pound Weight, Scratch.—Won by John Flanagan, Irish-American A. C., 39 feet 8¼ inches; Martin J. Sheridan, Irish-American A. C., 30 feet, second; Robert Edgren, New York A. C., 25 feet 3 inches, third.

Throwing 16-Pound Hammer, Scratch.—Won by John Flanagan, Irish-American A. C., 173 feet 9 inches; Robert Edgren, New York A. C., 127 feet 9 inches, second; Martin J. Sheridan, Irish-American A. C., 125 feet, third.

220-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by Charles F. Waters, Bridge City A. C., (12 yards;) John Powers, South Paterson A. C., (9 yards,) second; Robert Eller, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) third. Time—0:23.

Pole Vault, Handicap.—Won by W. P. McLeod, Irish-American A. C., (6 inches,) with an actual vault of 10 feet 4 inches; M. J. Sheridan, Irish-American A. C., (10 inches,) with an actual vault of 10 feet, second.

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by Dan Ahearn, Irish-American A. C., (5 inches,) with an actual jump of 5 feet 6 inches; T. T. Bissell, Irish-American A. C., (6 inches,) with an actual jump of 5 feet 5 inches, second; C. W. Behrens, Colonial A. C., (6 inches,) with an actual jump of 5 feet, third.

NEW HAVEN FOUR BEATEN.

Point Judith Perroquets Win Polo Match in Open Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 23.—The first round in the open championship matches in the Point Judith polo tournament was continued to-day at Wildfield Farm when New Haven met the Point Judith Perroquets. There was a good attendance despite the rival attraction of open-air sports across the bay, and each side of the polo field was lined with motor parties, while the little round tables on the green proved popular with members of the polo club and their guests.

The Perroquets won the match by a score of 6¾ to 2½ goals. The playing of Harry Rich and W. Balding was a feature.

In the first round for the Novices' Cup Emily Randolph led her forces to victory with the cottagers and defeated the Narragansetts by a score of 3½ to 1. The line-up and summary:

New Haven—J. B. Thomas, H. Tweed, L. E. Stoddard, Joshua Crane.

Perroquets—W. Rich, F. H. Prince, R. L. Agassiz, W. Balding.

Perroquets earned 7 goals, lost ¼ goal by penalty; total, 6¾. New Haven earned 3 goals, lost by penalties, ½ goal; total, 2½.

First Round for Novices Cup:

Narragansetts—F. Smylie, T. O'Gorman, Paul Jones, Capt. McNally. Cottagers—Emily Randolph, Richard F. Smith, Philip Randolph, Robert Sullivan.

Cottagers earned 4 goals, lost ½ by penalty; total, 3½. Narragansetts earned 1 goal; total, 1. Referee—H. H. Holmes.

Infantry Shooters In Lead.

CAMP PERRY, Ohio, Aug. 23.—The end of the second day of the National match finds the United States service rifle teams still led by the infantry in possession of all the first five places, and with New York ranking sixth, heading the thirty-eight National Guard teams, but hard pushed by Massachusetts, only two points in the rear. There was no record-breaking to-day on account of the poor light this morning and a howling gale that burst on the range when the 1,000-yard stage was but half done. The 200-yard rapid fire work, which this year has been transferred to the 600-yard targets, this afternon caused a general shake-up in the rank of the teams.

The Evans service skirmish match, awarded last week to the United States infantry, goes to the Seventy-fourth New York, according to the corrected bulletin issued to-day by the Executive Committee of the National Rifle Association. The committee holds that Oklahoma's protest that the match should by the rules be decided on points, not on men eliminated, was well grounded. Oklahoma gets second place and the infantry third.

WORLD'S TROTTING RECORD AT EMPIRE

Colorado E. Wins Two-Heat Race in Fastest Time for Three-Year-Olds.

TAKES RICH MATRON STAKE

Grand Circuit Racing Season at Yonkers Opens with 7,000 Harness Horse Lovers in Attendance.

Colorado E., owned by George H. Estabrook of Denver and driven by Gus Macey, won the $15,000 American Trotting Horse Breeders' Association Matron Stake yesterday at the Empire City Grand Circuit in the world's fastest two-heat race ever trotted by a three-year-old in the history of the harness turf.

The Futurity race, one of the richest on the turf, as the main feature of the opening day's card, brought out an attendance of over 7,000, including nearly all the prominent horse breeders of the country and lovers of harness sport.

The field of starters was not as large as the list of eligibles warranted, as the presence of the winner and Native Belle, 2:07¾, the world's champion two-year-old filly, drove many out of the race. They represented the pick of over a thousand mares named originally, and were the speediest lot of youngsters that ever faced the starter in a Futurity.

Before the race Native Belle, owned by Edward Thompson of Northport, L. I., and driven by Tommy Murphy, ruled over the field at $100 to about $50, speculation being confined to the oral system between the regulars and pool-sellers of the big line.

In the first heat Colorado E. shot out to the front from the last position before the turn was made, opening a gap of about ten lengths from the field at the quarter, with Native Belle second and Eva Tanguay and Emily Ellen fighting for third position, while Eva Bellini made a standstill break and was out. Murpny pulled up closer to the leader after the first quarter, but Colorado E. easily shook her away by trotting the second quarter in 30½ seconds, a 2:02 clip. From there on he steadily pulled away, doing the third quarter in 31¾ seconds, slacking up from that point to the wire, where he finished jogging in 2¼ seconds faster than the season's best record for a three-year-old, which was 2:00½.

At the start of the second heat Native Belle set a hot pace for the leader, and it looked as if the New York owned and bred filly was about ready to step to her limit and help shatter the world's championship record, but unfortunately she did not last. On making the turn she made a bad break, which put her out of commission. Driver Macey, suspecting what was coming, stepped Colorado E. the second quarter the fastest of the two heats—0:30¼—reaching the half in 1:02½. The great colt was stepping fast and smoothly. Horsemen applauded loudly, because at that rate the world's championship mark of 2:06¾ would be beaten, but this jollification did not last long, for after looking backward and seeing absolutely no danger Macey again slackened, and down the stretch jogged to the wire to get others in.

The Cleveland mare Evelyn W., driven by Bert Shank, had easy sailing in the Fashion Stake, for pacers eligible to the 2:12 class. In the opening heat Mike Wilcox drew the pole, but could hold it only until the first quarter post, where Evelyn W. passed him, with Lady Isle a close second. At the half the pair had so far advanced over the field that it was a race between them to the wire, the finish being heads apart. This was the opening heat of the afternoon, and the time at once discredited all rumors of the footing being slow.

Lady Isle put some hope in the hearts of field players when she handily took the pole from Evelyn W. at the first turn of the second heat, with Buster Brown and Mike Wilcox well strung out. From the quarter Evelyn W. started after the leader in earnest, but Lady Isle met the challenge by stepping the second quarter in 30¼ seconds and held to the inside position. It was a heads-apart fight between the pair to the home stretch, where Evelyn W. showed her nose in front and while Lady Isle made a great effort, the former passed under the wire by half a length, the others cutting no figure.

One of the four starters in the first division of the Speedway Stake was distanced in the first heat, and practically that was the only feature of the race. Nearly every starter jigged in the air once or more, and as the horses were driven to wagon, it was like some of the matinée races seen in the past over the same track.

To-day's feature will be the Harvester's effort to trot a record mile in 2:07, when the distance will be waived by mutual consent of drivers. It is expected that the world's champion stallion will be able to trot a mile better than 2:04. Willy, the European trotter, will also be a starter. The summaries:

Matron Stakes.—For three-year-olds; $15,000.

Colorado E., by The Bondsman, (Macey)	1	1
Emily Ellen, blk. f., by Todd, (McDonald)	3	2
Native Belle, b. f., by Moko, (Murphy)	2	4
Eva Tanguay, br. f., by Peter the Great, (Andrews)	5	3
Eva Bellini, b. f., by Bellini, (Dickerson)	4	5

Time by quarters—0:33¼; 1:02¼; 1:35; 2:07¼. 0:32½; 1:02½; 1:34½; 2:07¾.

The Fashion Stake.—2:12 class, pacing; purse $2,500.

Evelyn W., b. m., by The Spy, (Shank)	1	1
Lady Isle, b. m., by Island Wilkes, Jr., (Cox)	2	2
Buster Brown, b. g., by Cascade, (Pope)	3	3
Mike Wilcox, br. g., by Winslow Wilkes, (Opdyke)	4	4
Claro, b. g., by Mendocino, (Gibbens)	6	5
Alwanda, b. g., by Alvander, (Keegan)	5	6

Time—2:06½; 2:06¾.

Speedway Stake.—2:16 class, trotting; purse $2,500; first division.

Peter Dorsey, b. g., by Moving Star, (Whitney)	1	1
Sable Maid, blk. m., by Rudy, (F. G. Jones)	3	2
Baron Dell, b. g., by Delmarch, (Deveson)	2	3
Robin Hood, br. g., by W. H. Cassedy, (Gill)	dis.	

Time—2:14¼; 2:13½.

Ball Wins 200-Mile Auto Race.

CHEYENNE, Wyoming, Aug. 23.—Harry Ball, driving an Apperson "50," won the 200-mile automobile race to-day. Time—2:58:28. He stopped once because of tire trouble. The other five entries were disabled and did not finish.

Munsey Autoists at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The thirty-five automobiles of the Munsey Historic Tour arrived here to-night after a run of 139 miles from Burlington. The tourists will leave tomorrow morning for Binghamton, stopping at Cooperstown at noon. The tour will come to an end Saturday night at Washington, D. C.

Pearson Defends Maine Tennis Title.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 23.—Hennington Pearson of New York successfully defended his title as State tennis champion in men's singles, defeating Joseph P. Bowen, Jr., of Chicago in three straight sets after losing the first, 4—6. It was one of the most exciting matches ever played here. Bowen, who is a careful player, took the first set, 4—6, but afterward Pearson came back and, playing dashing tennis, swept Bowen off his feet, winning the next three sets, 6—2, 6—1, 6—4.

DIXIE II. AND PIONEER.

Supremacy of Crack Motor Boats Will Be Decided at Thousand Islands.

On Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week there will be held an international regatta on the St. Lawrence River that promises to further complicate the motor boat situation since the Harmsworth trophy race last Saturday. There is still some doubt that the fastest boat has not crossed the line a winner over the first flight boats of the world, but Dixie II., Squaw, and the English racer Pioneer will compete during the regatta at the Thousand Island Yacht Club, so that a new world's record may be made.

Many who saw the race at Larchmont last Saturday are of the opinion that Pioneer is a faster boat than Dixie II., but it must be remembered that Pioneer was only out of the race between fifteen and sixteen minutes, and that Dixie II. won by over 13 minutes.

There will no doubt be a most exciting race between these two boats on the St. Lawrence, and it will probably not only settle the question of which boat is the faster, but will settle the old question of whether a hydroplane is faster than a well-designed hull of ordinary shape.

The races will be held under the auspices of the Thousand Island Yacht Club, and will be divided into various classes so as to give all speed boats a chance to compete. The two English boats, Pioneer and Zigorella, were shipped to the islands Monday, and their crews are awaiting them, so as to take them over the course as soon as the boats arrive.

In the high speed class for boats under 40 feet over all the following entries are expected: Dixie II., Intruder, Squaw, Skit, Duquesne, Pirate II., and Stranger, besides Pioneer and Zigorella.

Maple Leaf III., the third English boat that was shipped here for the Harmsworth race, was so badly damaged on her trial trip a week ago that no attempt to repair her in this country will be made, so she is going to be shipped back to England soon, and will be rebuilt. Her construction will be materially strengthened, as she was entirely too light for her powerful Orleans engines.

GOLF REACHES FINAL MATCH.

C. H. Brown and J. D. Bowers to Play for Maplewood Title To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., Aug. 23.—The Maplewood golf tourney went through to the finals in the first sixteen to-day. C. H. Brown of St. Andrew's will meet J. D. Bowers of Brooklawn to-morrow in the 36 hole final. Brown, who defeated Travers in the Spring in the Metropolitan championships, is playing a fine, long game, while Bowers has won all his matches so far, defeating A. Gregory of Albany Cricket Club to-day in the semi-finals 4 and 3. The summary:

First Sixteen.—Second Round—F. Conover, Princeton, defeated W. M. Johnson, Commonwealth, 2 and 1; C. H. Brown, St. Andrew's, defeated E. H. English, New Haven, 3 and 2; A. Gregory, Albany, defeated E. P. Gates, Annandale, 3 and 1; J. Bowers, Brooklawn, defeated H. P. Farrington, 4 and 3.

Semi-Finals—Brown defeated Conover, 3 and 2; Bowers defeated Gregory, 4 and 3.

Second Sixteen.—Second Round—Prof. F. H. Bailey, Brae Burn, defeated E. M. Taft, Worcester, 6 and 4; R. C. Cushman, Oakley, defeated M. L. Crosby, Chestnut Hill, 2 and 1; O. H. Harriman, Maplewood, defeated Judge H. A. Gildersleeve, Oakland, 3 and 2; H. E. Cushman, Winchester, defeated G. F. Brown, Huntington Valley, 7 and 6.

Semi-Finals.—Cushman defeated Bailey, 2 up; Cushman defeated Harriman, 2 up.

Third Sixteen.—First Round—A. H. Howard, Woodland, defeated A. G. Carnegie, Princeton, 1 up; W. S. Olmstead, Winchester, defeated W. L. Richard, St. Andrew's, 5 and 3; F. P. Hitchings, Brae Burn, defeated F. M. Heath, Cherry Valley, 6 and 4; S. R. Scott, Maplewood, defeated C. T. McCarthy, Glen Cove, 2 up; A. G. Carter, Wykagyl, defeated W. L. Mauran, Agawam, 1 up in nineteen holes; C. H. Hart, Colonial, defeated G. W. Carroll, Jr., Norwich, 3 and 2; C.

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THE POPULATION.

The population of the United States has been augmented by 9,000,000 immigrants in the past decade. These, together with five or six millions of natural increase—a large part of these additional millions being the native children of immigrants—will make up the total gain in population since 1900.

This country has in its brief existence witnessed the greatest floods of immigration of all time. The immigrants come to build our railroads, our highways, our subways, to dig ditches and drains, to blast in mines and quarries, to cut the forests, till the farms, and, the female portion of them, to do the Nation's housework. Most of the disagreeable chores and the hard, strenuous manual labor we depend on them to do. This dependence cannot last.

What shall we do when the streams of immigration dwindle? American parents are intent upon educating their children above the cruder occupations. The immigrants are already fewer in comparison with the gross population of ninety millions. Labor is growing dearer. What shall be done when the professions become more choked and the trades are deserted?

"GENTLEMEN MAY CRY PEACE."

The confident and defiant captains of the old guard have overreached themselves in their zeal "to teach ROOSEVELT his place." Had they been content to try to throw him over at the meeting of the State Committee on the merits of their quarrel with him, they might not have succeeded, but they would not have got into the disagreeable situation in which they now find themselves. They thought it was safe to represent that in substituting Mr. Vice President SHERMAN for Mr. ROOSEVELT they were defending the Administration and to intimate that they had the approval and sympathy of President TAFT. Whether in that way they attracted the votes they needed, or whether they would have had enough without this trick, is not certain and is not important. What interests the public is the fact that the President felt himself compelled to expose their trick, and in so doing cleared the situation and restored to Mr. ROOSEVELT the opportunity to show his "fighting edge," if he be so inclined.

Apparently he is. He announces that he will go to the convention as a delegate "if Nassau wishes," (will a duck swim!) "and as far as I am concerned there will be absolutely no compromise." Compromise as to what? Necessarily as to the only real issue, the continued domination of the Republican Party by the little group of bosses, of whom Mr. SHERMAN is for the time being the most conspicuous. That has been the sole issue, as we have pointed out, ever since these bosses, by means of a deal with the Tammany men in the Legislature, defeated the bill which the majority of the party had voted for, and which the Governor, the President, and Mr. ROOSEVELT had approved. The issue is now still clearer, since the exposure of the chicanery of the bosses, and especially of Mr. SHERMAN in the later episode. Also it has taken a shape that involves the personal dignity and the political prestige of Mr. ROOSEVELT. The bosses thought it a fine thing, in the exercise of their power, to insult and belittle Mr. ROOSEVELT, and in doing so to try to embroil him with Mr. TAFT. He has at present, therefore, not only the public interests to assert and defend, but his own wrongs to right. Neither can be accomplished without the overthrow of the Barnes-Woodruff-Sherman machine. It is their challenge he accepts with the announcement that there will be "absolutely no compromise."

Mr. TAFT speaks in his letter, in which he shakes himself loose from the toils Mr. SHERMAN and his associates had woven about him, about "a satisfactory adjustment of the difficulties" in New York and about "a solution of the direct primary issue." Let there be no obscurity as to this point. The so-called direct primary issue is not and has never been anything but the occasion or pretense of the fight the machine has made on the men who wish to reform the Republican Party. If the machine accepts any "solution" of that, it will be to save themselves wholly or in part. The real issue is whether they shall be allowed to save themselves. The indorsement in the convention of the Cobb bill, with a chance for the machine to continue in direction of the party, would be a defeat, and a bad defeat, for Mr. ROOSEVELT. It is to this that we must refer his declaration that there will be "absolutely no compromise."

Meanwhile no self-respecting American can contemplate without a sense of mingled annoyance and mortification the spectacle that is made by the Vice President. Certainly he has a right to differ from Mr. ROOSEVELT in the politics of his State, and to seek in any conflict upon which he may fall the support of Mr. TAFT in any honorable manner. But no one can read Mr. TAFT'S telegram to Mr. SHERMAN and his explanation of the reasons for sending it, with his account of Mr. SHERMAN'S conduct, and not feel that the Vice President was underhanded, treacherous, and deceiving, that his motives were mean and his methods despicable. It is not a pleasant thing to have to contemplate a man in his high position thus discredited. The incident of the suppressed telegram revives memories of the famous campaign of 1882, and if Mr. SHERMAN were about to appear before the people of the State at an election, he would be made to understand the meaning of the coincidence.

THE SMUGGLING SEASON.

The season of petty smuggling has set in, despite the summary treatment by Collector LOEB'S men of persons who tried to evade the inspection last year, with abundant promise of much droll entertainment for their fellow-citizens whose withers are unwrung. The chronic smuggler will not heed warnings. Years of successful defiance of the law, in such trivial matters as importing jewelry, laces, and furs, has possessed him of the idea that customs laws were made to be broken. It is a strange fact about people of this kind, and they are numbered in legions, that they never regard themselves as malefactors, and that is not the least of the immoral influences of an extravagantly protective tariff.

A woman who would shudder at the thought of stealing the silver spoons from a friend's dining table will not hesitate to declare that there are no dutiable articles in a trunk full of laces and trinkets, and will even sew the label of a New York dealer on a fur garment newly purchased abroad. Collector LOEB'S men have made a brave beginning with such violators of the tariff law even before the full tide of homeward travel has set in. Their efficiency is bound to work moral reform in time. When perfectly well-meaning folks, tainted with the fancy that there is no harm in cheating the Government in small matters, learn that smuggling is impossible, they will stop trying to smuggle. The result will be for the good of the community. The merely material gain of the Treasury Department is not so much worth considering.

THE DICKENS CENTENARY.

CHARLES DICKENS was born in February, 1812, and schemes are already afoot for the celebration of his centenary eighteen months hence. It is likely to be a huge, sincere celebration, for DICKENS retains a strong hold on the emotions of the English-speaking people. The best way to celebrate a literary anniversary of this kind, however, has not yet been discovered. Public dinners and memorial meetings and memorial addresses of appreciation are well as far as they go, but they do not go very far. Presumably all England and all America will be deeply interested in the Dickens centenary. Statues of the great humorist will be suggested, counterfeit presentments of the man in bronze or marble, wearing a chin whisker and clad in the garments of 1870. New centennial editions of his works, which have already passed through more editions than those of any other English writer except SHAKESPEARE, are inevitable.

One fairly practical plan is to issue special penny Dickens centennial stamps, to be purchased by readers and collectors of his books and pasted in every Dickens volume they possess. One of the English magazines has suggested this plan, and estimates that $500,000 could be raised, the interest of which might be devoted to the support of DICKENS'S poor descendants. Whether the practicability of this idea will stir the popular heart remains to be seen. The liking for DICKENS does not extend beyond his books to his relatives. But the proposed charity fund seems more attractive than a possible and hideous pavilion in, say, Regent's Park, with an effigy of DICKENS at his writing table under a carved canopy, and statues of Pickwick, Micawber, Little Nell, Sairey Gamp, Cap'n Cuttle, Smike, Turveydrop, Tiny Tim, Mr. Boffin, Joe Gargery, Little Dorrit, and Sidney Carton encircled around it. That would be something awful to look forward to.

IS SUGAR A BANE?

Dr. ROBERT ROESSLER is of opinion that "sugar is making of the human race a degenerate people." He believes that the 7,500,000,000 pounds of it that filled the Nation's sugar bowl in the fiscal year just ended are "nothing else than concentrated crystallized acid," which is causing entirely new diseases. Each man, woman, and child consumes an average of eighty-two pounds of the "crystallized acid" annually, besides a much larger quantity of natural sugar and starches, which are changed to sugar by digestion. But the increased use of the artificial product has been enormous since 1870, when the per capita consumption was but 33 pounds. Since 1890, when the consumption was 51 pounds, it has risen 60 per cent.

Doubtless the candymakers could account in large measure for this extraordinary showing. They have made their confections daintier and in greater variety and profusion. Moreover, a good part of the medical profession hold views quite dissimilar to Dr. ROESSLER'S, urging mothers to satisfy their growing children's cravings for sugar. It becomes acidulous, they say, only if swallowed too rapidly, before the important process of digestion in the mouth can be completed. Dietetists like RUSSELL H. CHITTENDEN have commented favorably on its use with the prepared foods that have of late changed the character of the American breakfast, and they recommend that sugar and other carbonaceous foods be preferred by workers. The old doctrine that the laborer requires more lean meat than the brain-worker is discarded; he needs more of the starches, fats, and sugars. That is why soldiers on forced marches are often fed with sweetened chocolate.

PIRATES.

The two pirates who tried to capture an Alaska-Pacific liner, and indeed did capture it for a time, last Sunday morning, were of the same stuff as the pirates of old. They took a big chance, and their plan to get control of a vessel, possess themselves of such of the money aboard as they could carry, beach her, and make their escape was worthy of the laborious invention of a literary romancer who had never been to sea and knew of its perils only from books. They were two courageous rascals, and if WEST, the one who brutally murdered the undaunted Captain, has really been drowned, it is a pity. He deserved a more spectacular end. Presumably his captured confederate will not live to undertake another piratical venture.

The murder of the Captain was dastardly, though probably, from the piratical point of view, it was inevitable. Apart from that the pirates accomplished nothing, and their rapid gunfire was as futile as that of any pirate in ancient melodrama. Yet, if the Captain had not been shot down, WEST and WISE would have compelled some sort of respect, the kind that is due to fellows who take a big risk to accomplish a purpose; and they did succeed in showing what might be done on shipboard by rascals of their quality.

Pirates made of this stern stuff do not often get in the news these days. Criminals are generally a poor lot. The Green Farms burglars of Monday night are typical. There was never much glamour in a burglar's career, and the so-called burglar of to-day is a pitiful creature. To break into a house full of sleeping women and children, turn on the gas to suffocate them, and feel about in the dark for odds and ends of some value, with the avenues of escape all open, and loaded pistols in hand, is shabby business compared with the doings of the pirates off the Oregon coast. The victim of the Green Farms burglars fears they may never be caught. He reasons by analogy. It is getting to be a habit with burglars never to be caught. One reason is that there are no real burglars nowadays. They are only sneak thieves dallying in a bungling way with a new branch of the thieves' art. Such a thing as a "good job" is rarely heard of now, except in fiction. But we still hope the Green Farms outlaws will be caught and fitly punished. As between pirates and burglars, we prefer pirates, but the extermination of both species could be contemplated without regret.

STIMULATING THE STUDENTS.

Yale is approving emphatically the principle of scholastic competitions among its undergraduates, not for the exaltation of the "digs" and "grinds," but to stimulate the men according to standards of real ability and originality of thought. The able Secretary of the Yale Corporation, Mr. ANSON PHELPS STOKES, Jr., is sending to the alumni of the university copies of the recent report of the Alumni Advisory Board upon this subject, which presents a plan apparently quite different from the system that produces "pass" and "honor" men at Oxford. The criticism of the Oxford scheme is that it separates too early the "sheep" from the "goats" of academic effort, stimulating those who display ambition for intellectual pursuits at entrance, but completely shutting out those whose indifference or preoccupation in athletics or other student diversions might later yield to more serious interests.

Therefore the Yale committee suggests "limited fields" of studies be assigned, tempting those students to compete therein who "may be unwilling to give all their time to competitive work." These limited fields would, of course, display vistas beyond toward which, under the close guidance of shrewd, enthusiastic, and well-paid instructors, they might insensibly be tempted. Thus numbers who would otherwise become "pass men" may pass into the company of the elect. Especial emphasis is placed in the report upon bringing to bear the best possible influences on the freshman. To the freshman year should be assigned the teachers of the highest type, so that no discouraging comparisons between the quality of teaching in colleges with the teaching in preparatory schools may dampen the entrant's enthusiasm.

There should not be intracollegiate competitions only, but also intercollegiate competitions in intellectual work with many colleges, such as are now held in athletics. For this the committee finds encouragement in the growing tendency among the colleges to exchange experiences and views and to work together in devising better schemes. Certainly the tendency of which this report is evidence has become so marked in all the colleges as to deserve being called a "new movement"—almost a renascence of educational ideals and impulses.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Automobiles and Their Use in War.

Now that Gen. GRANT has taken up and put in his annual report on the Department of the Lakes the suggestion that the Government be authorized to "commandeer" for army use in time of war all automobiles carrying more than four persons, there is likely to be much discussion of the subject, since it is both interesting and important. The General advises the passage by Congress of a law enabling the Government to do this, but that is hardly necessary, since military necessity knows no restrictions, and already automobiles can be taken for war purposes exactly as their owners can be.

What is needed, however, to make available the advantages to be derived from a practically unlimited supply of automobiles to draw upon as the army wants them in any emergency is a law more or less like that which makes so many British merchant ships and their officers a potential part of the British Navy. In other words, the suggestion should be systematized into a definite plan under which, in return for certain small but valued privileges, the owners of many motor cars, including the big trucks used for commercial purposes as well as pleasure vehicles, would be glad to register them in a sort of National Automobile Reserve.

Thus the Government would know the number, capacity, and location of the machines that would be at its service for the mobilization and transportation of soldiers as an auxiliary of the railways, and the members of the Automobile Reserve might get from it a sense of dignity and responsibility which not a few of them now sadly need. That much use will be made of automobiles in all future wars is obvious, and equally obvious that they will simplify many difficult military problems. An army well supplied with them would have a marked advantage over one that lacked their assistance, since its soldiers, with less of their energy expended on long marches, would have more of it for fighting the enemy, which is, after all, what soldiers are really for. An army in automobiles, too, would have a facility of movement hardly imaginable under the old conditions, and in war speed and victory are often interchangeable terms.

A Change in the Aeroplane.

In a private conversation not long ago, CHARLES HAMILTON remarked on how few and unimportant were the differences between the aeroplanes then in use and those in which were made the first really successful flights. Engines, he admitted, had been rapidly lightened and rendered more trustworthy, but the aeroplane itself remained about what it was in the beginning. The various types do not look alike, but the biplane and the monoplane are the same in principle, though the devices for balancing and guidance differ in mechanical detail.

A real departure from the original plan, however, is to be seen now in the abandonment by the WRIGHTS in their latest machine of small horizontal planes far in front of the main planes as a means of determining upward and downward motion. This forward rudder has been what might be called a vital organ of the aeroplane. When it failed or went wrong the aviator was helpless and he faced instant and in all probability fatal disaster. Transferring it to the rear in a modified form, acting more closely with the rudder corresponding to that of a ship, is a revolutionary change, the full consequences of which can as yet be prophesied only by the WRIGHTS, and perhaps not even by them.

The first flight of Mr. BROOKINS with the new machine is described by those who saw it as the most wonderful ever made, but just how much the alteration of the planes had to do with making possible those amazing dives and spiral glides it would be hard to say. In mechanical flight the personal element, the skill or courage of the aviator, plays a large part. Still it is evident that the change has been not for the worse and the probabilities are that it is for the better, since the WRIGHTS are not wont to make mistakes or to invite public observation of inventions concerning the utility and success of which they have any doubt.

The brothers have certain irritating traits, and they have had to endure a lot of scolding for a seeming inclination to monopolize the domain which they were unquestionably the first to conquer, but the charge that they have stood in the way of progress is a rather empty one, since their own achievements have been so many and so great. It will be interesting to see how soon other aviators dispense with forward steering gear.

Incendiarism Seems Incredible.

That many, or even any, of the forest fires now devastating the West are of incendiary origin is a charge that comes from several sources in frequent repetition, but it is made hard to believe by the inadequacy of the motives which are offered in explanation of the atrocious crime. Some of the accusers suspect an inclination to discredit the Government Forest Service by proving its inefficiency and others think that the object is to secure employment in fighting the flames. Neither theory is more than possibly true, for it is plain that the guardians of the woods have done more, not less, than could fairly be expected from the use of the facilities at their disposal, and in the regions where the fires are raging easier, safer and better paid work than battling with these conflagrations is open to everybody as strong and courageous as the fire-fighters must be.

Whatever the origin of the fires, their results form a National calamity, since, besides the destruction of life, they are reducing to ashes no small fraction of our waning stock of timber, diminishing the potential fertility of numberless acres of land, and seriously affecting the water supply of wide areas where every drop is precious. Forests cannot be replaced in a day or a year, and they may not be for centuries. When first growth woods by the square mile go up in smoke the loss is irreparable, so far as the present and the next generations are concerned, and it is not only the inhabitants of the regions burned over that will suffer, but the whole country will find the price of living increased.

The Sanity Test.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The most condensed wisdom I have seen on the question of the insanity defense is the remark of "Experienced Juror" that "the test of raticnality should be applied rationally."

As it is, our ordinary practice resembles a sane rascal being tried by a court of lunatics, presided over by an amiable idiot on the woolsack, all animated by a characteristic desire to put the rascal free.

W. C. T.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

TAX ON WOMEN'S WEAR.

How the Tariff Prohibits Importation and Raises Prices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Articles of women's and children's wear made of wool, such as dress goods, shawls, cloaks, &c., were specially selected in the Payne-Aldrich tariff for "protection." The extent of the duties levied on these and similar articles is carefully concealed, from the casual eye, by the old scheme of a compound rate levied by the weight and by the value of the cloth.

But when translated into the dollars and cents language (the ad valorem rate on the foreign market value) the results are truly startling. Paragraph 381, in addition to the dress goods, covers coat linings, Italian cloths, bunting, and goods of similar character, and starts out by imposing 11 cents per square yard, but promptly gets to work again "in addition thereto, when valued at not more than 70 cents per pound 50 per cent. ad valorem; when valued above 70 cents per pound 55 per cent." But that was not enough, for this is immediately followed by a proviso "that on all the foregoing weighing over four ounces per square yard the duty shall be the same as imposed by this schedule on cloths." All this machinery of words presumably to write an intelligible tax law, but actually to conceal the result in plain figures that the ordinary man or woman could read.

Well, here is the result: The rate on the goods valued below 70 cents per pound is not less than 104 per cent. ad valorem. That is on one dollar's worth of such goods a duty of $1.04 would be levied at the Custom House, and on the same line of domestic manufactures an increase of price can be made approximating to the price made on the imported, plus the duty. That this rate of duty is not intended to produce revenue for the Treasury is proved by the fact that, under the same rate, in 1907 the total importations to the United States amounted to only $8,831.10.

On the goods valued above 70 cents per pound the duties in dollars and cents figure out on the basis of actual importations about 99 per cent. On ready-made clothing, cloaks, shawls, and "articles of wearing of every description made of wool, including "felts," the tariff levies a duty of 44 cents per pound and 60 per cent. ad valorem in addition. This double rate of duty averages between 80 and 100 per cent. on the foreign market value of the articles at the date of shipment. Of course, the cost of importation is an added element of cost, and will average from 8 to 10 per cent. more.

The duties on wool webbings, gorings, bandings, beltings, laces and ribbons, ornaments, tassels, cords, gimps, fringes, and flouncings run from 60 per cent. up to 80 per cent. under a rate of 50 cents per pound and 60 per cent. in addition. The prohibitive character of such rates of duty is shown by the fact that in 1907, an active year, only $12,522.59 worth of these articles were imported, contributing the magnificent sum to the United States Treasury of $10,122.59!

The real tax, amounting to millions of dollars, was contributed by the women and children of the United States not to the Treasury, but to the Woolen Trust in the increased prices on the domestic product. President Taft declared that the woolen schedule (K) of the Payne-Aldrich bill was "indefensible" after the bill was signed.

JOHN JEROME ROONEY.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

The Law's Protection.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

All persons, the highest public officials included, should have much better protection than they get in this country at present, not only against assassins and would-be assassins but against all kinds of law-breakers.

There is too much laxness in the enforcement of law in the United States, and particularly in the State and City of New York. There are perhaps very few persons who commit a serious crime as their first offense against the laws, and there are perhaps very few who would commit a serious crime if they were properly punished for lesser crimes, but people have so little fear of violating the law that many will strike or cut or shoot for anything or nothing. They don't get into the habit of controlling their temper or their impulse to impose upon others. With a proper enforcement of the laws the person who under present conditions commits an atrocious crime would generally be reformed or permanently segregated before he committed a murder or some other great crime.

OBSERVER.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

Col. Scott as Disciplinarian.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is gratifying to read in THE TIMES today a deserved tribute to Col. Scott, just retiring from the Superintendency at West Point. The press is not always as generous as it should be in recognition of such services as Col. Scott has rendered.

And you, I think, in this statement of Col. Scott's services, fail to record his most valuable achievements of recent years, the sturdy manliness, the devotion to duty. The unshrinking courage which he maintained when the Commander in Chief, the late President Roosevelt, proposed to disregard law, override regulations, and carry out his own sweet will, regardless of everything, in the cases of the West Point cadets, properly sentenced to dismissal, should entitle Col. Scott to the gratitude of every lover of discipline and order, and discipline should be the life and breath of West Point.

E. T. W.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

Luxuries of Travel.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In regard to your editorial article, "Is It Worth Two Cents?" there is another view of the subject. The broader view is the inability on the part of the traveling public to pay for the increased cost of the service.

It is a question whether the luxury and speed of modern traveling do not cost more than the average traveler can afford to pay. For example, while there has been an improvement in the so-called "limited" trains between New York and Boston, and it is a common thing to see an ordinary train crowded with passengers held up to let one of these luxurious trains, with perhaps a score of passengers, rush by to make time, the regular trains are running on the same time, in many cases with the same cars of twenty years ago. The increased fares are to pay for luxuries the ordinary traveler does not need and is not able to pay for.

J. H. G.

Brooklyn, Aug. 22, 1910.

Mayor Gaynor's Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The present agitation to boom the nomination of Mayor Gaynor at the coming Rochester convention for Governor should be discouraged by the press of this city. There is no doubt that Mr. Gaynor would make an ideal Governor should he ever become one. Nevertheless, Greater New York, with a population of more than half of that of the entire State, and with its own complex government, is at present more in need of a man of Mayor Gaynor's ability and honesty than the State is. By the next Mayoralty election Mr. Gaynor will have the people so trained that they will no longer accept as Mayor a mere figurehead set up by politicians, but will only be satisfied with a man of Mayor Gaynor's ability.

NATHAN R. FINKELSTEIN.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

Good Words for White Gloves.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Several letters advocating the use of white gloves by men have recently appeared in your columns. This would seem to be a very desirable custom on account of the fact that it would add to the male wardrobe one more article susceptible of being cleaned.

There are many kinds of white gloves which might be used. There are the chamois, the buckskin, and the kid. For really spotless appearance the latter class, kid gloves, would be preferable, as they clean better and look whiter than any other kind. If some men would start such a fashion I am sure it would prove popular.

G. P.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

BEEF INQUIRY IN BOSTON.

Federal Grand Jury Begins Investigating Situation in New England.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—The beef inquiry begun by the Government some time ago at Chicago was shifted to Boston to-day, when the Federal Grand Jury came together in special session. Before the jurors have finished their work they will have sifted thoroughly the manner and method of handling beef in all parts of New England. The investigation is to include both the marketing of the fresh meat which goes to the retailers and from them to the consumers, and a study of the processes afterward, with particular attention to the rendering of tallow.

The movement was set on foot by the authorities at Washington, and the inquiry follows immediately upon the receipt of instructions by United States Attorney French from the Department of Justice. Assistant Attorney General Gregg is acting as special Government counsel in the investigation, and is aiding Mr. French.

The subject has been under investigation by the Government's agents for some time past, and a large number of witnesses are expected to appear before the Grand Jury. Assistant Attorney General Gregg and United States Attorney French were closeted with the Grand Jury much of the day.

A DUTCH NATIONAL HOLIDAY.

Hollanders Here to Celebrate Historical Events of Their Native Land.

Following the example of other nationalities, the Hollanders resident in New York and adjacent cities and towns have decided to set apart annually one day to celebrate some prominent event in the history of their native land. Their first festival will be held next Saturday in Olympia Park, Newark. Addresses will be given by the Consul General of the Netherlands and other speakers, while the general festivities will consist of national games and instrumental and vocal music by Dutch musical societies.

There will also be baseball games played by the Frisian ball clubs, which differs in some features from the American game. While prizes will be awarded to the winners in all the contests, three prizes have been set apart for the baseball, consisting of a gold medal for the first, one of silver for the second, and one of bronze for the third highest score.

TEACHERS' SALARIES.

Should Be as High as Their Abilities Call For.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent letter I took the occasion afforded by the editorial article concerning the poor training our children receive to point out that the real trouble with the public schools was fundamentally the insufficiency of the salaries paid. I said nothing about the matter of "equal pay," and for the simple reason that the question is irrelevant in this connection. It matters not whether the real teachers I spoke of be men or women, the pay should be solely for services rendered, for ability and not for sex.

It now appears by Mr. R. P. Green's letter of to-day that in condemning the smallness of salaries I have been misunderstood. It certainly is true that for the majority of teachers at present the remuneration is too great. Plainly speaking, few teachers to-day are worth what they get. Nothing was further from my intention than to propose for these a higher pay. I verily believe that if it were offered their consciences would so trouble them that they could not accept the increase. For the teaching profession as it is salaries are too high. For the teaching profession as it should be they are too low. If it is necessary to keep the present teaching staff in its employment the Board of Education should rather reduce salaries. On the other hand, if it wishes to work a vital improvement let it discard the present indifferent pedagogues and put the children of the city in the care of the competent.

V. J. B.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

Spain's Great Step Forward.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On "The Policy of Spain," as disclosed by Senor Canalejas in his special dispatch, your editorial leaves little more to be said as to the policy itself. But I cannot help remarking upon the surprisingly pleasant evidence of progressive diplomacy discoverable in this frankly worded message from the Spanish Premier to the American people. Think of it! Spain, supposedly the most behindhand of all the European monarchies, and with no especial cause for love of the United States, taking us all into her confidence in this matter that she knows must be judged broadly to prove of successful issue.

Though internal dissensions may rack Spain's body politic for a time to come, there can be but one ultimate result with the support she has enlisted. Her course of liberalness must find universal approval, and through this example to the world of what can readily be called the highest form of diplomacy, Spain must take the place to which her statesmanship entitles her—a foremost one among the nations of the earth.

E.

New York, Aug. 22, 1910.

Liquor Drinking in Europe.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What we American people need in the use of alcoholic beverages is an object lesson, and I beg to point to the European Continent. Germany, Austria, France, Switzerland, and Italy have no liquor question of any importance, and yet almost every child is given liquor as soon as it can hold the cup. Who has ever visited places in Europe like the Tiergarten, in Berlin, for instance, without having to admit that to prohibit the sale of alcoholic beverages there on Sunday or any other day would turn that ideal place of social intercourse and amusement into a desert? Why have not we such places in our great cities, and why is our public not so orderly here in the indulgence of alcoholic beverages as those people are there?

Must we not admit that Continental Europe is at least as efficient in statesmanship, literature, science, and art, and second to none in its industries in spite of their "befuddled brains"?

PROSIT.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 22, 1910.

THE LAST DAY.

I'm lost in a lazy
Contentment that tells
Of Summertime's hazy
Bewitchment of spells,
That mount from her mazy
Sweet meadows and dells.

About me the air is
A-murmur with bees,
And over me fairies
Are strewing the breeze
With sunlight that tarries
In gold on the trees.

Till Earth lies a-dreaming
In vaporous gold,
Enchanted to seeming
Of blisses untold—
Like sunset o'erstreaming
Atlantis of old.

And carols are falling
From birds overhead,
And milkmaids are calling
The cows to the shed,
And Summer's enthralling
My soul—as I said.

But ever—ah, pity!
The rose has a thorn,
And therefore my ditty
Here endeth forlorn:
That job in the city
At eight in the morn!

GORTON CARRUTH.

URGES LIQUOR MEN TO OBEY THE LAW

Excise Commissioner Clement Tells State Association Public Will Not Stand Violations.

LOCAL OPTION FIXED POLICY

Time Spent on Fighting It Would Better Be Spent on Reforming Abuses in the Traffic, Clement Declares.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The annual convention of the New York State Liquor Dealers' Association was opened here to-day. About 450 are in attendance. An address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Daniel Sheehan, followed by a response by State President M. F. Farley, on behalf of the organization. Thomas C. Hayes, Treasurer of the New Jersey State Liquor Dealers' Association, and P. P. Nolan of New York City also spoke, and State Excise Commissioner Clement of Albany delivered an address in which he argued that the liquor sellers must obey the law because they could not afford to do otherwise.

"I believe," said Commissioner Clement, "that the great majority of men who have the intelligence and courage to think realize full well that the growth of moral sentiment in this State—which to-day demands more of its public servants and of private citizens as well than ever before—will not long tolerate any business conducted in defiance or in violation of law, and in making an appeal to liquor men for a larger measure of obedience to law, I am confident that I am advising no sacrifice, but, on the contrary, that I am pointing out the way, and the only way, that leads to the preservation of their business against the attacks of those of our citizens who believe that the traffic is wrong, and therefore should be prohibited.

"I shall endeavor to present the matter as a business problem to business men, who have more at stake than any other class, because it is their business. I will explain the law and point out why honest obedience to law is the best policy for the liquor dealer, but I must continue to prosecute all offenders to the limit of the instrumentalities furnished me under the statute for the enforcement of its mandates."

Continuing, the Commissioner pointed out that fifty-nine towns of this State were carried for local option last year, and asked his audience to investigate intelligently the reason for this when the Prohibition Party, the natural opponent of the liquor traffic, only polled about one-thirtieth of the voting strength of those towns, and said:

"I would advise that far less time and money be spent in opposition to the principle of local option, which is a fixed policy of the State, many years older than the Raines law, and that more attention be devoted instead to the correction of abuses in the traffic that create an aggravated and abnormal hostility in the public mind, which makes local option successful in nine cases out of ten. Legislation is the product of public sentiment. Nothing affects the public mind more quickly or unfavorably than prejudice based on flagrant and defiant acts that threaten and disturb the peace and order in the community, and no man with ordinary sense and judgment will conduct his affairs in such a way as is likely to destroy his business.

"Are the men who demand and approve the Sunday service of liquor and for the benefit of whose appetites liquor dealers are taking chances of being penalized, creating any favorable sentiment? Not at all, and they never will as long as their wants are supplied illegally, but they would be heard from if their wants could not be supplied, until the law had been modified, and heard from effectively, if it be true, as some claim, that they represent the majority.

"On the other hand, open disregard of law is continually provoking the non-drinking population of our State into aggressive hostility against the traffic, and so by disregard of law unfavorable public sentiment is continually being manufactured.

"During the fifth year after the organization of the Excise Department, penalties were collected by the State in civil actions from excise violators, amounting to $32,504. During the tenth year penalties were collected aggregating $173,000, and during a little more than ten months of the current year, we have collected from the same sources upward of $386,000. Since 1896, penalties have been collected from individual violators and their bondsmen aggregating more than $2,330,000."

The convention will continue till Thursday.

NOT AT ODDS OVER SUBWAYS.

Board of Estimate and Its Transit Committee in Harmony, Says Mitchel.

Acting Mayor Mitchel made it clear yesterday that while the Transit Committee is in harmony with the other members of the Board of Estimate in the matter of subways, he personally preferred municipal construction. Bids for both private and public construction will be advertised for at the same time.

"The private construction plan," said Mr. Mitchel, "is in fact very similar to that for public construction. It provides that title to the subway shall pass to the city immediately after building, the contractor retaining only a lien, which may be liquidated at any time by the city upon payment of the entire cost of construction with interest. However, it is improbable that the city would have $90,000,000 to pay over in a lump sum."

In explaining the difference of opinion between the Transit Committee and the Public Service Commission the Acting Mayor said that the committeemen believed that the changes they suggested would save the city several millions of dollars.

"The Board of Estimate," he said, "has pledged itself to authorize the expenditure of $60,000,000, and it will do what it has promised."

Mr. Mitchel said he believed bids for municipal construction would be advertised first for the tri-borough route, the Broadway-Lexington Avenue route, minus the proposed extension in the Bronx; the Canal Street loop, and the Broadway-Lafayette Avenue (Brooklyn) loop. Bids in regard to the extensions, both in Brooklyn and the Bronx, he said, may not be advertised for at once, as an effort is being made for levying assessments upon the property to be benefited. The trunk lines, he thought, should be paid for by the city and the extensions by property holders.

"Of course," the Acting Mayor added, "bids for all work to be done on trunk lines and extensions might be advertised for on the so-called private construction plan."

BIG CANAL CONTRACT.

Canadian Firm's Bid for Rebuilding Lockport Locks for $1,149,401.

ALBANY, Aug. 23.—Bids were received by Supt. F. C. Stevens to-day for one of the most important contracts on the barge canal, involving the reconstruction of the locks at Lockport.

The lowest bidder was Larkin & Sangster of St. Catherines, Ontario, Canada, contractors, who have erected some of the most ambitious structures on the Canadian canals and locks in recent years. The bid was $1,149,401, as against the engineers' estimate of $1,290,880. There were four other bidders.

Children's Home Not to Close.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 23.—Miss Florence, Mahin, Superintendent of the Watts de Peyster Home for Invalid Children at Verbank, east of this city, denies the statement which has been published that the home was about to close for lack of funds.

'BABY MINE' ONE LONG LINGERING LAUGH

Fun of Margaret Mayo's New Farce Cannot Be Imagined, So It Will Be as Well to See It.

CONVULSED DALY'S AUDIENCE

Marguerite Clark and Ernest Glendinning Make Hits and Walter Jones Adds Much to Amusement.

BABY MINE, a farce, in three acts, by Margaret Mayo. Daly's Theatre.

Alfred Hardy	Ernest Glendinning
Jimmy Jinks	Walter Jones
Michael O'Flarety	John E. Mackin
Finnigan	E. D. Cromwell
Donaghey	Harry H. Hart
Zoie	Marguerite Clark
Aggie	Ivy Troutman
Rosa Gatti	Sara Biala
Maggie O'Flarety	Ruth Findlay

Imagine a young wife temporarily estranged from her husband, who has caught her in a lie and gone to live in another city to avoid having to see her. Imagine this young wife, at the suggestion of a sympathetic friend, borrowing a baby and sending her husband word that he is a father. Imagine, if you can—but you really cannot, so perhaps it will be better to see them—the various complications that result when the mother of the borrowed baby suddenly determines that she must have her offspring back, necessitating the impressing of any other available infant in time to gladden the young father's heart, and imagine the result when instead of finding one baby in the bassinette the young man finds two, and ultimately thinks himself the father of a third.

If you can even approximately imagine all these happenings you may have some faint idea of the fun in Miss Margaret Mayo's farce "Baby Mine," which literally had people rolling with laughter at Daly's for two hours last night.

There may be souls who will object on the grounds that paternity and maternity are subjects of too great delicacy to be the subject of such a series of side-splitting jokes as this play perpetrates, and of course they are entitled to their opinions. But in justice to Miss Mayo it must be said that save for the supersensitive her play is without indelicacy. Funny it certain is—one of the funniest farces this town has ever seen. One has only to imagine what a French author would have done with the same subject to realize how skillfully Miss Mayo has skirted the thin ice. And yet it is difficult to conceive a situation of greater comic possibilities or one out of which the humor has been more completely wrung. As it was acted last night there were just enough pauses in the merriment to give the audience time to allow for the little serious human notes and to give them time to catch their breath.

To begin with there is Zoie Hardy, who had been to an innocent little luncheon with Jimmy Jinks, her husband's best friend, but who had gotten so in the habit of telling white fibs that they come easier to her than the truth. Indeed, hubby to prove what a little liar she is has sometimes sat with his back to the clock and asked her the time, which she invariably set backward or forward haf an hour, just through sheer impossibility of sticking to the facts. And now, advised by the waiter of the restaurant that his wife had been there dining with a man, name unknown, hubby has trapped her in a good one. Of course, Jimmy, good friend that he is, daren't tell the truth, or there wouldn't be a play, and, of course, Jimmy has a pleasant half hour or so listening to the threats of the husband to put a bullet in the carcass of the creature who has lured his wife from her own home-cooking. Incidentally, Jimmy, who has never told his wife a lie, finds himself in a position where he dare not confess the truth to her either. And so before long Jimmy's wife, having concocted the baby scheme, with which he—poor goat—must hurry off to a maternity hospital to beg, borrow, or steal a baby to work the scheme.

There is frantic telephoning to Jimmy to "get a he one," to "get nothing under three months," and finally to "take anything you can get." And Jimmy steals one. Then follows an excrutiatingly funny act in which the proud young husband, returning twenty-four hours before he is expected, demands a sight of the baby, while the women are at their wits' ends to know whether Jimmy and A Baby will show up in time. About the time hubby is madly excited over his boy its real mother frantically demands its return, and there is a lucky disclosure to the two frightened women that the washerwoman on the next block has twins. Jimmy must now go for one of them, and in the meantime the first baby will be returned to its rightful owner. Hubby arriving inopportunely finds two babies where was only one before—and another lie must be told. Then the problem is to get the other twin so that the maddened mother of the first baby may have her offspring back, the result being the appearance of the third child, and, of course, at such a moment and under such circumstances that hubby must be made the still prouder father of triplets.

With the arrival of the police and the coming of the parents of both sets of borrowed infants there is the expected disclosure, but little enough happens as it is expected, and when the complications can be anticipated they are so amusing that the farce loses nothing. Incidentally there is added humor in the attitude of the little wife who doesn't like babies at all, and who finds it particularly trying to enthuse over other people's babies, and a pretty touch of tenderness in her disappointment at finding hubby, after his long estrangement from her, so absorbed in the babies that he cannot find time for her.

These more delicate little scenes Miss Marguerite Clark acted with a great deal of winsome charm and sweetness, and the pathetic finale to the first act, after the husband had rushed angrily away, was done most charmingly. Miss Clark is still the vest-pocket bit of humanity, but her grasp on things has broadened vastly. Much that she has to do in the play is childishly acrobatic rather than maturely histrionic, but whenever the occasion arises in this role for delicacy in acting she is able to meet it. There is genuine humor, too, to her playing.

As the young husband, Mr. Ernest Glendinning, who has made rapid strides, covered himself with glory. He played the earlier scenes with lots of fire and distinction, and in the subsequent developments made the young man's pride, dignity, and fatherly solicitude a very human, as well as very funny, thing. Next to these the burdens, as well as the babies, all fell to Mr. Walter Jones, who was exceedingly unctuous and amusing, and whose droll humor did much to help the general rejoicing.

Miss Ivy Troutman looked charming and played gracefully and in the right key, while Miss Sara Biala, in her one impassioned scene, had plenty of fire and spirit. Mr. Mackin, Mr. Hart, Mr. Cromwell, and Miss Findlay filled the lesser figures nicely.

TO WED A FRENCH NOBLEMAN.

Miss Eleanor Steele Engaged to Count Jean de la Greze.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The approaching marriage of Count Jean de la Greze and Miss Eleanor H. Steele, daughter of Charles Steele of New York, was announced here to-day. The wedding will take place at New York.

Count de la Greze is an Attaché of the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Miss Steele, who made her début last year, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steele of 34 West Forty-ninth Street, and has two younger sisters, Miss Nancy and Miss Kathryne Steele. Her mother before her marriage was Miss Nannie French.

Mr. Steele, the father of the bride-to-be, has a country place, Sunridge Hall, at Westbury, L. I., where the family spent part of the early Summer. He is a member of the Meadow Brook, Colony, Union, University, New York Yacht, and other clubs. He is one of the partners in J. P. Morgan & Co. and is reputed to be very wealthy.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The engagement of Miss Roberta Stockton Benton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Forbes Benton of Perth Amboy, N. J., to Lucien Horton of Pittsburg has been announced.

Col. John Jacob Astor has closed his Newport cottage and gone to Bar Harbor with a party of friends on his steam yacht Noma.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt, who has been ill at his Sandy Point farm, Newport, is now fully recovered. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Lee of Tuxedo.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish will leave soon for Virgina Hot Springs. Mr. and Mrs. Fish were to have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lehr at Newport, but will go South sooner than they had intended.

Lord and Lady Talbot de Mahalide, who arrived recently from Europe, are staying with Sir Arthur and Lady Eliott at Milton Point, their country place near Rye, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield are making an auto trip of Great Britain.

Mr. and Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton have returned to Sterlington, N. Y., from Rockport, Mass.

J. Hampden Robb and Miss Cornelia Robb left yesterday for Northeast Harbor, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry and the Misses Gerry are booked to sail for Europe on Sept. 6. They will spend several weeks abroad.

Mrs. Samuel Frothingham is visiting her brother, George Von L. Meyer, at Hamilton, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. John White Howell and Miss Frederica B. Howell are at the Balsams, Lake Placid, N. Y. They will sail for France early in September.

Mr. and Mrs. William Adams Delano are visiting Mrs. Edward T. Potter, Mrs. Delano's mother, in Newport.

Dr. Elmer Miller and Mrs. Miller of 963 Madison Avenue and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rayner arrived in Newport Saturday on their yacht Troubadour.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., is in Carlsbad for August, and will tour in her automobile in September.

Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay is at the Hotel Ritz, Paris, while Mr. Mackay is in Scotland grouse shooting. They will sail for New York on Sept. 30.

MISS WARREN TO BE A BRIDE.

Her Engagement Announced to John Eliott Thayer, Jr., of Boston.

The engagement has been announced in Boston of Miss Katherine Warren, the second daughter of Mrs. Samuel Dennis Warren, to John Eliott Thayer, Jr., of Boston and New York.

Miss Warren's mother was Miss Bayard, daughter of the late Thomas F. Bayard, who was Ambassador to Great Britain during the Cleveland Administration. Mr. Thayer, who is a Harvard man, is the oldest son of his family. His father is the twin brother of Bayard Thayer, and his mother before her marriage was Miss Evelyn Forbes. The Countess Moltke, (Miss Cornelia Thayer,) daughter of Nathaniel Thayer, is one of his cousins.

MISS CALDWELL TO WED.

Announced at Newport That She Will Marry Chas. W. O. Bunker, U. S. N.

Mrs. Hacker, wife of Paymaster Hacker, U. S. N., announced the engagement of her sister, Miss Eleanor Caldwell, to Charles W. O. Bunker, U. S. N., at a dinner at the Swinburne cottage, Newport, R. I., which they are occupying for the season.

Miss Caldwell is the younger daughter of Mrs. Francis Shippee Caldwell of New York. There were twelve guests at the dinner, and the decorations were pink and green. All the ices and bonbons were in the shape of cupids and hearts. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. George W. Dougherty, William Nell Craine, Miss Katharine Ballinger, Commander Chase, U. S. N.; Gordon Hale, U. S. N., and Mrs. Caldwell.

MABEL TALIAFERRO TO APPEAR

She Will Be at New Haven in Place of Edna Brothers, Who Is Ill.

Mabel Taliaferro will play one of the rôles in Frederic Thompson's productions of "My Man" at New Haven Friday night, and all of next week in Boston, on account of the illness of Edna Brothers, who was cast for the part of the wife. Miss Brothers became ill during the dress rehearsal yesterday, and her physician does not think she will be well enough to appear with the company for the opening. In order to prevent a postponement of the production Miss Taliaferro offered to take the part and to remain with the company through next week. Then she must return to New York to begin rehearsals of her own play, which is a drama by Porter Emerson Brown.

LONGWORTHS SEE ARCADIANS

Meet the Principals of the Play and Chat with Chorus Girls.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, who are guests of the Robert Goelets at Newport, came to New York yesterday, and last night they attended the performance of "The Arcadians" at the Knickerbocker Theatre, occupying a lower box.

After the second act they went back on the stage and were introduced to the principal members of the company, and Mrs. Longworth visited some of the chorus girls in their dressing rooms.

At her request the party was permitted to view the third act from the wings, chatting with the players during their moments of rest.

WILL LYLE'S SON MISSING.

Walter Loomis, Whose Father Is a Well-Known Minstrel, Gone Two Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

SUMMIT, N. J., Aug. 23.—Friends of Walter, son of William Loomis of 14 Irving Place, this city, were unaware of his sudden disappearance until they read a personal notice in the columns of a New York paper this morning.

The young man, who left home on Aug. 10, was engaged to be married in the Fall to a teacher in a local public school. His father is a minstrel, whose stage name is "Will Lyle."

Faversham to Present a New Play.

William Faversham will open his season early in October with Charles Frederick Nirdlinger's play, "The World and His Wife." Beginning in Detroit, he will play over the Northwest and California, and thence east to New York, where he will present a new play by Edward Knoblauch, author of "The Shulamite" and "The Cottage in the Air."

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Richard Thornton, last year with Mrs. Leslie Carter, has been engaged by Louis F. Werba for his production of "The White Squaw," which is to be put on at the Walnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, early next month.

Georgia O'Ramey, the Kit McNair of "Seven Days," returned to New York yesterday after a vacation at her ranch in Montana. She will return to the play at the Astor Theatre next Monday night.

The musical play selected for the use of Grace Van Studdiford by Daniel V. Arthur is called "Whose Widow?" with book and lyrics by Harry B. and Robert Smith, and music by R. Piangiette, authors of "The Chimes of Normandy." The piece will be put into rehearsal immediately, and will probably be seen at the Casino Theatre later in the Fall.

Ralph Edmunds, representing Liebler & Co. in the negotiations with Pietro Mascagni for the first performance in America of his opera, "Ysobel," sailed for Europe yesterday to complete the details of the organization of the company that is to support Bessie Abbot in the production.

Mlle. Victoria Galamberti, last season at the Manhattan Opera House, will head the troupe of Russian dancers that is to appear at the American Music Hall next month. Last night at this theatre the audience included the members of the Yankee and Detroit baseball teams and also twenty-seven of the party of young women who have been on a trip around the world as guests of a New Orleans gentleman.

OPERA SINGERS HERE ON WAY TO MEXICO

Come from Europe a Month Earlier Than Usual Because of the Season There.

BRING NEW STYLES IN DRESS

Also Canes Made of Cabbage Stalks —Russian Dancers for the Metropolitan Coming Later.

The first consignment of song birds from Europe to America arrived yesterday on the Kronprinz Wilhelm. A special Mexican season is responsible for this early flight from Paris, which is almost unprecedented in the annals of local operatic affairs. Usually the singers do not start to come to New York before the middle of September.

On the Kronprinz Wilhelm were Mmes. Jane Noria, Rita Fornia, and Cecile Roma, and Messrs. Riccardo Martin, Vittorio Podesti, Dinh Gilly, Angelini Fornari, G. Nicoletti, Giulio Rossi, P. Audisio, and G. P. Centanini.

Mme. Noria was the last passenger off the well-laden boat, but when she descended the gangplank all eyes were turned her way. It will be remembered that a year ago Mme. Noria brought the hobble skirt to these shores. Yesterday she brought back a garment which was quite as startling.

When she came down the gangplank she seemed to have on a black reception gown of the most modish cut, but when she turned her back it transformed itself into a white suit. Examination brought out the fact that the coat, which was visible only from the back, was white, with blue satin touches here and there. It was made very long. Mme. Noria wore a hat which was fashioned after that which Mme. Simone wears in her part of the Hen Pheasant in "Chantecler." On one arm she carried her white terrier and on the other was an enormous bouquet of red roses.

"I'm only going to be here three days," she said, "before I'm off for Mexico, where I am to sing with the National Opera Company for a month. Then I go back to the Paris Opéra, where I have been engaged to sing until the end of December in 'Aïda,' 'Lohengrin,' and other operas. Following upon that engagement I return to America for a concert tour from January to April."

Rita Fornia, who, like Jane Noria, is an American, was principally interested in two canes, which she said were fashioned from cabbage stalks which she had discovered in the Island of Jersey. Miss Fornia, too, will sing in Mexico next month. Later she will sing at the Metropolitan Opera House.

Mr. Gilly, the French baritone, and his wife, Cecile Roma, are also engaged for Mexico, as are other singers who came on this boat.

G. P. Centanini, who has been the Secretary of the Metropolitan Opera House, said that this season he would devote himself exclusively to the American tour of the Russian dancers, Pavlowa and Mordkin, and to other productions which he might make.

"Pavlowa and Mordkin," he said, "will come here about the middle of September, and they will open at the Metropolitan Opera House on Oct. 15.

"They will dance this year in Adam's ballet 'Giselle,' and in an arrangement we have made of Rimsky-Korsakoff's 'Scheherazade,' which is to be called 'The Arabian Nights.' The scenery has been painted by Paquereau, who made the scenery for the production of 'Orfeo' at the Metropolitan last season.

"I have also obtained the rights to a new operetta which Willy has fashioned from his play 'Claudine,' and for which Rudolph Berger, who wrote the famous 'Valse Bleu,' has composed the music."

On Friday a special steamer of the Ward Line will take the National Opera Company to Vera Cruz, whence they will proceed to the City of Mexico. Besides those who came over yesterday, others who will go on this boat are Louisa Villani, Amelia Sedelmayer, Rosa Olitzka, Maria Claessens, and Mr. Viviani.

Last Thursday a large consignment of scenery and costumes was sent on ahead.

The National Opera Company is subsidized by the Mexican Government during the independence celebration through September. The season opens on Sept. 8, and closes Oct. 8. It is under the direction of Max Rabinoff.

DIPPEL GETS NEW SINGERS.

Chicago to Have Mmes. Bressler-Gianoli and Karotowitz.

The names of Mmes. Bressler-Gianoli and Karotowitz have been added to the Chicago Opera Company. Mme. Karotowitz is a Russian dramatic soprano from Warsaw. Mme. Bressler-Gianoli is well known in New York through her performances of "Carmen" at the Manhattan Opera House. She sang in this opera nearly twenty times in the first season of that house and attained so much success here in this rôle that she scarcely sang any other. In Europe she is known for her Orfeo and Brangaene.

The Metropolitan Opera Company has abandoned the idea of producing Nougué's opera "Quo Vadis," but this will be given by the Chicago Opera Company, as will Saint-Saën's opera, "Henry VIII.," which once was promised by Conried and which has just been revived at the Paris Opéra. There is a possibility that the company may produce Victor Herbert's "Natoma," which was written for the Manhattan Opera House.

Mr. Dippel wants two Russian dancers for his company, and he is negotiating for them now. It is possible that he may engage Catherine Gheltzer, who was one of the stars of the recent Russian season at the Paris Opéra.

A novelty has been added to the list of works to be performed at the Metropolitan Opera House this year. It is called "L'Oracolo." It is an Italian opera based upon the play "The Cat and the Cherub." it is in one act and it is intended to vary the monotony of the eternal conjunction of "Pagliacci" and "Cavalleria Rusticana."

MISS WARREN'S LONG SWIM.

Goes 6 Miles from Newport by Moonlight and Lands in Good Condition.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 23.—Miss Constance Warren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Henry Warren, the leader of outdoor sports among the younger set, swam to-night from Bailey's to Easton's Beach, a distance of six miles. Two of the life guards at the beach followed her some distance in a small boat. Miss Warren landed at Easton's Beach by moonlight in good condition.

Miss Warren swam as close to the cliffs as safety would permit. The sea was calm and a slight southwest wind was blowing.

A short time ago Miss Warren rowed from Bailey's Beach to Newport.

BAR HARBOR EVENTS.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 23.—Mr. and Mrs. Philip Livingston of New York gave a large reception and dance this evening at their new Summer home, Fairview. The principal officials of the horse show were among the guests, and many members of the Summer colony.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dave Hennen Morris at Hull's Cove during the horse show.

Col. John Jacob Astor and his son, Vincent Astor, are also here for the horse show on the yacht Nourmahal.

Touring In Automobiles.

Many New Yorkers Visiting Popular Resorts in Many States.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., Aug. 23.—New York automobilists arriving at the Mount Washington to-day were Mrs. M. A. Gaines, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Gaines, and Miss E. Greenwood, (Pope Toledo;) Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Fearey, Miss H. L. Fearey, Miss G. K. Fearey, Miss Brandeout, and Dr. B. E. Older, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. Fred P. Delafield, (Matheson;) Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Lane and Miss B. L. Lane, (Maxwell;) Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Gould of Orange, N. J., and F. M. Gould of New York, (Pierce;) Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Clark and children, (Palmer-Singer.)

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 23.—New York arrivals by automobiles to-day at the Mohican are Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Gillon and family, J. Spritty and wife, (Columbia;) J. Kleining and wife, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Albertson, Miss Albertson, A. R. Albertson, (Cadillac;) H. L. Wilson and wife, Miss Scharr, Maurice Barnes and wife, (Stearns;) J. Henry Smith and wife, F. W. Owen and wife, Dr. A. H. Roberts, H. R. Roberts, Miss Roberts, (Peerless;) Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Stewart, (Pullman;) Mr. and Mrs. William P. Montague, (Panhard.)

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Aug. 23.—New York auto parties arriving at the Equinox House to-day are Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Boyer, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Proshouer, J. J. Proshouer, and D. Hyman, (Studebaker;) Mr. and Mrs. William Cullen and two children, (Pierce;) Mr. and Mrs. A. P. W. Kinnan, Morris E. Kinnan, (Lozier;) Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Minton, (Buick;) Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Jones, (Apperson;) Mr. and Mrs. Charles K. Aye, (De Dion;) Frank L. Harrington, H. C. Gould, Cecil L. Bacot, (Premier;) W. T. Wintringham, Miss Wintringham, Miss W. B. Wardell, (Packard.)

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Aug. 23.—New York auto parties arriving at the Curtis Hotel to-day: Mr. and Mrs. W. P. King, Betty King, (White;) Mr. and Mrs. John A. Ganer, C. B. Ganer, (Packard;) Lewis Boyer, Miss M. Boyer, (Pierce-Arrow;) Mrs. William Frick, George P. Frick, (Cadillac;) Mrs. William T. Emmett, (Buick;) Wilfred R. Dean, Fred D. Taylor, John A. Taylor, Miss Ruth Taylor, (Packard;) Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hanson, Mrs. Anna M. O'Neil, Mrs. John Keyer Paige, (Renault;) Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Palmer, the Misses Palmer, (White Steamer;) William Brewster, Miss Brewster, and Miss Stanley, (Pierce-Arrow.)

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Aug. 23.—New York arrivals by automobile at the Stevens House include Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Gould; Mrs. Alonzo Hicks, Otis F. Wood, (Peerless,) and Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Bowman, (Simplex.)

MRS. CRAIG BIDDLE ILL.

Undergoes Operation for Appendicitis at Newport Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 23.—Mrs. Craig Biddle of Philadelphia, who was to have posed in the charity tableaux this evening, was operated upon for appendicitis by Dr. Stewart late this afternoon at the Newport Hospital. Dr. Easton and trained nurses are also in attendance upon her.

Mrs. Biddle was suddenly taken ill on Monday night. This morning she was better, and her physicians thought her indisposition would pass away, but later she suffered such severe pain that Dr. Stewart ordered her immediate removal to the hospital. To-night her condition is as favorable as can be expected.

Mrs. Biddle was accompanied to the hospital by Mr. Biddle, her sister, Mrs. Robert Goelet, and Mrs. John R. Drexel. Several dinners have been canceled because of her illness. Mrs. Biddle was to have been a dinner hostess herself to-night.

WEDDING A SURPRISE.

Miss Pritchard of East Orange Was Quietly Married Here.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 23.—Much surprise was occasioned by the announcement here to-day of the wedding in New York on Saturday of Miss Violet Helen Pritchard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Pritchard of 22 North Munn Avenue, this city, to John Edward Evans of New York. The marriage was a quiet one. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Ethel Dorothy Pritchard, of East Orange, as bridesmaid, and F. Meyer of New York acted as best man. The couple will reside in New York. The ceremony was performed in a Roman Catholic church.

THREE GERMAN LINERS IN.

Record Day for One Company—Two Steamers Sail To-day.

Three North German Lloyd liners arrived yesterday from Europe, totaling 50,000 tons, a record in one day for a single company. Some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZ WILHELM (Bremen)—Walter C. Arnold, Mrs. C. M. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Bond, Findley Burns, Miss E. M. Bond, S. C. Carreras, Mrs. S. F. Clark, Dorsey L. Greene, Mrs. J. L. Collins, United States Senator Chauncey M. and Mrs. Depew, J. B. Dickson, Dr. J. D. S. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Duker, C. F. Hanlon, Charles Gold, H. R. Hastings, G. T. Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Lester, Felix Lange, J. D. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. G. Hellawell, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Maguire, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Rowland, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Nash, James R. Mason, Paul Miller, the Rev. E. E. and Mrs. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Stern, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Ramsay, Mrs. M. E. Stedman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis G. Young, Sam Pearl, Mrs. C. Gill, Mrs. S. A. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Riccaldo Martin, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Palacio, S. Rossi, P. Tagliaferra, J. H. Hughes, D. Dubrisky, Grace Eginton, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Centanini, Miss Ethel A. Capen, Mme. Fornia, and Mme. J. Noria.

BERLIN (Naples.)—Mr. and Mrs. G. Armstrong, Le Roy A. Backlin, Mr. and Mrs. Harlow E. Bundy, Carl Burger, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Carruth, Miss E. E. Cobb, Miss Alice Caldwell, H. O. Dodd, F. Doty, Mrs. Mary A. Day, Martin Franklin, W. W. Fondey, Charles L. Goodwin, Mrs. H. B. Grinnell, Miss M. O. Howard, John E. Maynes, the Rev. Henry Moeller, Archbishop of Cincinnati; Prof. C. F. and Mrs. Mabery, Miss Sarah M. Mott, Mrs. C. Mary Orth, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Pearce, Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Renard, Miss Catherine Swinnerton, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Tallout, Miss C. B. Young, E. S. Whit, G. Whites, Miss K. O. White, Mrs. H. Samuel, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Smith, Miss J. M. Sedgwick, R. Graham, W. Woodward, J. W. Roose, H. L. Hunt, W. B. Hall, Miss L. B. Collier, and E. Bachelor.

GROSSER KURFURST (Bremen.)—Mrs. E. Boldt, Mrs. John J. Bancroft, Richard Burne, C. Ellis, C. W. Clark, Mrs. M. P. Converor, Miss M. Carlisle, Mrs. M. Graham, Prof. K. Francke, Mrs. M. T. Foote, James Fenton, Miss V. L. Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Leonard, Mrs. Dora Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Wayland, Mrs. M. L. Victor, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Tuttle, R. C. Sheldon, Miss Alice Sherman, and Mrs. F. R. Warner.

Liners sailing to-day for Europe and some of their passengers are:

ADRIATIC, (Southampton)—Charles Allan, Dr. B. K. Ashforth, J. H. Barber, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bass, Mrs. Edith Borg, W. H. Brown, R. B. Brown, Miss Maud Converse, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cuneo, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Du Val, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Frisbie, Dr. S. D. Gilbert, E. H. Graeme, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hay, Philip Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Howland, Capt. M. S. Jarvis, U. S. N.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Austin Jenkins, Mrs. F. S. Kimball, Mrs. R. H. Lloyd, Miss Louise La Salle, Mrs. T. J. Marston, A. J. Montague, Judge Walter C. Noyes, Mrs. A. Parish, Miss L. Robinson, Z. C. Sands, Francis M. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Stone, Howard Taylor, Miss E. W. Tracey, S. Valentin, D. D. Wiepen, A. G. Wilkes, Miss E. Wright, and Dr. H. W. Titus.

CAMPANIA, (Liverpool)—Mrs. J. C. Brown, P. J. Fisher, H. Lee King, William Parmlee, Miss Annie S. Peck, John F. Rich, J. C. Sellers, Dr. T. F. Young, Miss G. Young, William Z. Marshall, H. P. McIntosh, O. T. Langman, W. A. L. Laughton, D. L. Grey, Y. Arima.

Pain's "Carnival of Fire" To-night.

Pain's "Carnival of Fire" will take place at Manhattan Beach to-night. The entertainment will begin at 5 o'clock in the afternoon with an exhibition of daylight fireworks. At 8:30 the regular fireworks display will be given, concluding with a pyrotechnical naval battle at 9 o'clock.

VIENNA STUDENTS GIVE A CONCERT

End Busy Day by Singing at Carnegie Hall Under Colors of Three Nations.

RECEIVED AT COLUMBIA

At Arion Hall for Luncheon and Dinner—They Go to Boston Next and Then on a Tour.

The students of the University of Vienna, who have come to America to see as much of it as they can in two weeks, and to sing at several festival concerts, put in a busy day yesterday. The Hamburg-American liner Moltke, which brought them to this country, was a day late, and as a result the students were a day late with their schedule, but they went to work manfully to erase as many items as they could from it, and succeeded yesterday in doing practically everything planned for them, except visiting the Acting Mayor.

The night before they had been entertained at the Arion Club until 3 o'clock in the morning, when they returned to the Hotel Plaza to get what sleep they could before they were called to Carnegie Hall for a rehearsal yesterday morning. After the rehearsal they went sightseeing, and back to Arion Hall for lunch. More sightseeing followed, and then the students went to Columbia University.

There they were received by special members of the Faculty and student body and shown everywhere through the buildings and the grounds. The Viennese students wore their different colored caps—green, red, and blue—which indicate to which undergraduate body they belong—law, philosophy, or medicine.

Then they went back to Arion Hall for dinner, and after dinner they went back to Carnegie Hall, where they were announced for a concert last evening. When the large audience assembled a little after 8 it found the stage banked with palms and hung with the American, Austrian, and German colors, the Austrian orange and black predominating. The students presently filed in, 125 of them, wearing their different colored caps.

When their conductor, Franz Pawlikowsky, appeared and tapped his baton they all removed their caps except one lone student, who wore a tiny red cap embroidered with gold, which was said to indicate that he held a superior position in the singing society. Others of the students wore yellow ribbons across their shirt fronts and medals which indicated something of the same sort.

The students of Vienna are famous for their singing society. While most of the men who were heard last night were undergraduates, there were many older men, graduates and professors of the university.

The programme included numbers by Schubert, Pawlikowsky, Englesberg, Grieg, Jensen, Beethoven, Bruckner, Lafite, Silcher, Weinwurm, and von Weinzierl.

The soloists were Herman Studeny, violinist; Dr. Raimund Halatschka, baritone; Herman Gallos, tenor; Otto Wacha, baritone, and Anton M. Topiyz, pianist.

After the concert the party was entertained by the Austrian societies at the Terrace Garden. Speeches were made and it was early to-day before the party broke up. To-day the students will again go sightseeing and at 5 o'clock they will leave for Boston. They are also to visit Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia before returning here to sing at Manhattan Beach on Aug. 30. They sail back on Aug. 31.

REV. FATHER KELLNER DEAD.

Pastor of St. Gabriel's in New Rochelle Failed to Rally from Operation.

The Rev. John A. Kellner, for fifteen years pastor of St. Gabriel's Roman Catholic Church, New Rochelle, died in St. Francis Hospital, in this city, yesterday, following an operation. St. Gabriel's is known as the Iselin Memorial Church, because it was built by the late Mrs. Eleanora Iselin, wife of Adrian Iselin, the banker, and a descendant of John Carroll, the first Roman Catholic Bishop of Baltimore. The parish is one of the largest in Westchester County. He had been suffering for seveal years of an intestinal trouble from which he had sought relief both in this country and abroad. He only recently returned from California.

Father Kellner was born in New York of German parents and was 55 years old. He was a talented musician, and was for several years before coming to New Rochelle organist and choir director of St. Patrick's Cathedral. He was ordained in the class with Mgr. Lavelle. When the Iselin family built the New Rochelle church at an expense of about $400,000 they asked Archbishop Corrigan to send a priest who was capable of building up a large parish. Father Kellner was assigned and for several years before the Gregorian chant was revived the musical programmes arranged by him were a feature of the service, and on Easter Sundays, Christmas, and feast days drew many attendants of other denominations.

Father Kellner was a German scholar, and preached in German to parishioners of that nationality. His parish finally grew so large that the late Adrian Iselin built a separate church for residents of the Italian quarter at an expense of about $60,000.

MRS. R. P. FLOWER DEAD.

Widow of Former Governor Leaves Estate of Over $4,000,000.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Mrs. Roswell P. Flower, aged 74, widow of ex-Gov. Flower, died at her home in this city to-day after a month's illness of heart trouble.

Her benefactions to the City of Watertown have been very numerous. She leaves an estate variously estimated at from $4,000,000 to $8,000,000.

One daughter, Mrs. Emma Flower Taylor, who recently divorced her husband, survives.

Mrs. "Jack" Taylor, daughter of ex-Gov. Flower of this State, obtained an interlocutory divorce decree on June 24 at Watertown, N. Y. She will get her final decree in September, and it will leave Mrs. Taylor free to marry again. Mr. Taylor cannot marry in this State before five years.

Mr. Taylor is allowed to see his three children, Frederick, Rosemary, and Flower, two days in each week for two hours at the home of his parents, but only when some one else is on the premises.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were married about twenty years ago.

William Earl Dodge Scott.

William Earl Dodge Scott, a naturalist, died suddenly yesterday at Saranac Like in his fifty-ninth year. He was graduated from Harvard in 1873, and became curator at Princeton in 1874. Since 1897 he had been curator of the department of ornithology at Princeton. He had done field work for the British Museum, the American Museum of Natural History, and the Museum of Comparative Zoology. He was the author of "Bird Studies," "Stories of a Bird Lover," and "Birds of Patagonia."

Chauncey Olcott In a New Play.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—"Barry of Ballymore," Chauncey Olcott's new play for this season, had its first performance at the Broadway Theatre to-night. Rida Johnson Young, the author, has furnished Mr. Olcott a romantic drama with the scenes laid in County Galway, Ireland, in 1789. Frederick Knight Logan has written the incidental music. Mr. Olcott sang several songs. The play will be seen in New York in January.

ULRICH SIMON DEAD.

Aged Founder of Silk House Passes Away at Deal Summer Home.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 23.—Ulrich Simon, a retired importer of Japanese silk of New York, died at his Summer home in Jerome Avenue, Deal, this afternoon. He was 87 years old.

Fifty years ago he established the business now carried on at 19 and 21 Greene Street, New York, under the firm name of J. R. Simon & Co. He retired ten years ago. Associated with him besides J. R. Simon were three other sons, David Simon, G. F. Simon, and Harry G. Simon, and his son-in-law, B. Hollender.

He leaves also three daughters, Mrs. Hollender, Mrs. Ray Levy, and Miss Hattie Simon. His New York home was at 50 West Seventieth Street.

Funeral services will be held on Thursday. The interment will be in Cypress Hills Cemetery.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. CATHERINE PARKHURST POINIER, said to be the only Newark woman who ever voted for a candidate for President of the United States, died yesterday at her home, 43 Spruce Street, Newark, N. J., as the result of an injury she received in a fall. She was 91 years old. At the time Mrs. Poinier cast her vote she was living in Colorado, in the year 1900, when the late President McKinley was the Republican candidate for the Presidency. She returned to Newark to live several years ago. She was the daughter of Caleb Carter, and was born in the old Carter homestead at Broad and Green Streets. She is survived by three sons, John and Henry M. Poinier of Newark, and Arthur O. Poinier of Colorado Springs.

NELLIE GERTRUDE MEIGH, a teacher of the Harrison School, Trenton, N. J., died Monday, following an operation for appendicitis. She was an active member of the Trenton Teachers' Club, and also of the State Teachers' Association.

WILLIAM NEVIUS JOHNSTON died at his home in Fort Plain, N. Y., yesterday, aged 68 years. He was prominent in Democratic politics.

Ex-Judge JACOB KLEIN, for many years one of the most notable figures on the bench of the Middle West, died at his home in St. Louis yesterday. He was 66 years old.

LUCIUS FIELD, 70 years old, Past Commander of the Department of Massachusetts, G. A. R. died at his home in Clinton, Mass., yesterday, following an operation on Sunday last for internal complications. He was Department Commander in 1904.

Col. FRANK CHAMBERLAIN died in Alb

TIGERS' RALLY IN NINTH FAILS TO WIN

Ford Wabbly Near End of Game, but Pulls Through to Victory After Score Is Tied.

New York...	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1—3
Detroit	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Daniels, cf.	4	1	1	2	2	1
Wolter, rf.	4	0	3	1	0	0
Chase, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0	0
Knight, ss.	3	0	0	2	4	0
Laporte, 2b.	2	1	2	1	2	0
Roach, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Austin, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Sweeney, c.	3	0	0	11	0	0
Ford, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Total	29	3	8	27	11	1

DETROIT.

	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
McIntyre, lf.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Delehanty, 2b.	4	1	1	0	3	0
Cobb, cf.	4	1	3	2	1	1
Crawford, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Moriarty, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Bush, ss.	3	0	0	2	1	0
D. Jones	1	0	0	0	0	0
O'Leary, ss.	0	0	0	0	0	0
T. Jones, 1b.	3	0	2	10	0	0
Casey, c.	3	0	0	6	1	1
Willett, p.	2	0	0	1	4	0
Total	31	2	6	*25	11	2

*Batted for Bush in the ninth inning.
†Two out when winning run was made.

Two-base hits—Wolter, Daniels. Three-base hit—T. Jones. Sacrifice hits—Knight, Daniels. Sacrifice fly—Ford. Stolen bases—Moriarty, Wolter, 2. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; New York, 10. Double plays—Cobb, Casey, and Moriarty. Struck out—By Willett, 5; by Ford, 9. Bases on balls—Off Willett, 7; off Ford, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Ford, (Willett.) Wild pitch—Ford. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes.

Detroit tossed a large scare at the Yankees in the ninth inning on the hilltop yesterday and another of the champions' volcanic finishes was impending when it was nipped in the bud. New York won out after two were out in the ninth by a score of 3 to 2. For nine innings the Yanks showed the Tigers their heels. Ford was pitching with telling effect and it didn't look as if the Michigan sluggers had a chance of breaking through the deceptive bends. Then two hits and an error tied the score in the first of the ninth inning. But Ford "kept his noodle" all through the crisis and was as cool as a quarter of Chicago beef that has been in the refrigerator for six months.

The first two Yanks that faced Willett in the ninth were easy outs. Bert Daniels presumed to plank the leather between centre and right and by smart traveling beat Cobb's return throw into second. That throw was a pippin and rushed through second and landed over near the grand stand. Daniels going around to third. Willett was afraid of Wolter, who had already hit the ball thrice, so he walked him. Hal Chase right then and there won the game by spanking a grasser through short field that took a cowcatcher bound and sailed over Charlie O'Leary's awning. Daniels scampered home.

Ford had his moist toss spinning and jumping. Nine of the Tigers fanned, including Ty Cobb. The ninth was the only round when they were able to bunch two on him. Willett was no mark for the Yankees. Most of the time their hitting was stingy and meagre. But they cracked it just right in the ninth, so the other innings of fine pitching by the figger don't count.

In the second inning New York started to get into prominence. Laporte beat out a rap to deep short and Roach walked. Austin sacrificed them along a station and Sweeney was walked intentionally. Detroit, figuring on Ford hitting into a double play, word fooled them and sent a sacrifice fly to Cobb, Laporte scoring. Roach tried to go from second to third on the play, but was nipped at third.

Detroit tied the score in the fourth. Cobb beat out a bunt with a remarkable burst of speed. Crawford strolled and Moriarty forced him at second. Moriarty stole second and then Ford made a wild pitch which sent Cobb across the plate. The sixth inning saw the Yanks go to the front. Chase walked and went down on Knight's sacrifice. Laporte ambled and Roach hoisted a pop into Willett's hands. Austin poked the ball to left and scored Chase. Sweeney was the third out on a fly to Crawford.

Here's trouble brewing. Delehanty, first man up in the ninth, whacked a singing single to centre. Cobb nailed a hot one between centre and right. Daniels fumbled the ball for a second and Cobb dashed on to second. Daniels made one of those tremendous heaves, but the ball went on past second, short, and third the stands and Delehanty kept right on sprinting until he was across the plate, with Cobb safely perched on third. Ford then showed his mettle. He tightened up and the next three runners died at first on ground balls, while Ford watched Cobb so closely that he didn't dare start that stealing home performance of his.

The best that Sweeney could do in the last half of the ninth was to slam a hot one at Willett, which the pitcher lost no time in transferring to first. Ford fanned. The Yankees' only chance centered in Daniels. He met the ball squarely and shot it between centre and left. Both Crawford and Cobb went after it and Cobb got the ball. Tyrus threw the ball to second as if he was trying to make a record with the sixteen-pound hammer. The sphere rolled carelessly to the stands and Daniels went to third. He didn't have to wait long, for Wolter was presented with four balls as quickly as Willett could serve them. Then Chase qualified with a rattling bounder through short and Daniels raced in with the victory.

Lord Drives in Winning Run.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—Philadelphia again played an extra inning game with Cleveland to-day, the home team winning in the tenth inning by 2 to 1. For the second game in succession Lord drove in the winning run with a single. Coombs and Falkenberg had a great pitching duel, with the latter giving his opponents the run which tied the score in the eighth inning by making a wild pitch, with two out. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Lord, lf.	4	0	1	4	0
Oldring, cf.	4	0	0	7	0
Collins, 2b.	4	0	1	4	1
Baker, 3b.	3	0	1	0	2
Davis, 1b.	3	0	0	7	2
Houser, 1b.	1	0	0	1	0
Murphy, rf.	3	0	1	3	0
Barry, ss.	2	1	1	0	5
Livingston, c.	4	0	0	3	1
Coombs, p.	4	1	1	0	3
Total	32	2	6	30	12

CLEVELAND.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Turner, 3b.	5	0	0	1	3
T'mason, rf.	5	0	0	3	0
B'm'h'm, cf.	4	1	0	3	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	0	2	5
Stovall, 1b.	4	0	1	12	1
Krueger, lf.	2	0	1	1	0
Ball, ss.	3	0	1	4	3
Land, c.	3	0	0	2	2
F'k'berg, p.	4	0	2	1	0
Total	34	1	5*	29	14

*Two out when winning run was scored.
Error—Coombs.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1—2
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Sacrifice hits—Land, Lord. Stolen bases—Stovall, Barry. Double play—Lajoie, Ball, and Stovall. Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Falkenberg, 4; off Coombs, 5. First base on error—Cleveland. Struck out—By Falkenberg, 1; by Coombs, 3. Wild pitch—Falkenberg. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Evans.

White Sox Get Only Run of Game.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Walsh's pitching enabled Chicago to shut out Washington today, 1 to 0. Two triples in succession by Meloan and Dougherty in the sixth inning scored the visitors their only run. Johnson struck out twelve batters. The batting of Dougherty and fly catches by Conroy and Zwilling were features. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Lord, 3b.	4	0	2	1	1
Zeider, ss.	3	0	0	1	5
Meloan, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
Dougherty, lf.	4	0	4	0	0
Pinnehill, 1b.	4	0	1	14	0
Zwilling, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Parent, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5
Sullivan, c.	4	0	0	6	1
Walsh, p.	4	0	0	1	2
Total	34	1	9	27	13

WASHINGTON.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Milan, cf.	4	0	1	1	1
Killifer, 2b.	3	0	1	2	2
Elb'f'd, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3
Conroy, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
McB'de, ss.	3	0	1	4	2
Gessler, rf.	2	0	1	2	0
Ungl'b, 1b.	3	0	0	5	1
Beck'd'f, c.	3	0	1	10	3
Johnson, p.	3	0	0	0	0
Total	29	0	5	27	12

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Beckendorf, Killifer. Three-base hits—Lord, Meloan, Dougherty. Sacrifice hits—Killifer, Zeider. Double plays—Milan and

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Detroit, 2.
Philadelphia, 2; Cleveland, 1.
(Ten innings.)
Chicago, 1; Washington, 0.
Boston, 13; St. Louis, 11.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 4; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; Pittsburg, 2.
Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 1.
Chicago, 3; Boston, 2.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto, 5; Newark, 4.
Buffalo, 3; Jersey City, 2.
Jersey City, 5; Buffalo, 4.
Rochester, 3; Baltimore, 2.
Montreal, 3; Providence, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	78	34	.696	Cleveland	50	62	.446
Boston	64	48	.579	Washington	50	65	.435
New York	64	50	.562	Chicago	45	66	.406
Detroit	64	50	.562	St. Louis	34	76	.309

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	74	35	.679	Cincinnati	55	57	.487
Pittsburg	69	42	.611	Brooklyn	44	66	.400
New York	62	45	.579	St. Louis	44	68	.393
Philadelphia	55	55	.500	Boston	41	73	.360

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	70	46	.603	Montreal	54	60	.474
Newark	71	50	.587	Buffalo	53	61	.465
Toronto	67	54	.554	Providence	48	68	.414
Baltimore	62	59	.512	Jersey City	49	72	.405

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit at New York.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Boston.
Chicago at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Pittsburg.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Buffalo.
Newark at Toronto.
Providence at Montreal.
Baltimore at Rochester.

Elberfeld; Sullivan and Lord. Left on bases—Washington, 4; Chicago, 8. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 1; off Walsh, 1. Struck out—By Johnson, 12; by Walsh, 5. Passed ball—Beckendorf. Wild pitch—Johnson. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Colliflower and Connolly.

Boston Wins Slugging Match.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Twenty-five players, including eight pitchers, four on each team, participated in a slugging match which Boston won from St. Louis to-day, 13 to 11. Both teams had large leads, but lost them at different times. Pitcher Wood tied the score by hitting a home run, and Boston won in the eighth inning on two-baggers by Lewis and Engle. Score:

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Hooper, rf.	3	2	2	2	1
Purtell, 2b.	4	1	2	3	2
Speaker, cf.	4	1	3	0	0
Stahl, 1b.	4	1	1	12	0
Lewis, lf.	5	1	2	0	0
Wagner, ss.	3	1	0	2	4
Engle, 3b.	5	2	2	2	3
Carrigan, c.	5	1	2	6	2
Karger, p.	1	1	0	0	3
Collins, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Cicotte, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Moskiman	0	1	0	0	0
Wood, p.	2	1	1	0	0
Total	37	11	15	27	17

ST. LOUIS.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Tisdale, 2b.	4	1	1	4	1
Stone, lf.	5	2	2	1	1
N'nam, 1b.	4	3	2	9	0
Griggs, 3b.	4	2	1	3	0
Oman, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
Wallace, ss.	4	1	3	2	3
Schaefer, rf.	5	0	1	1	0
Stephens, c.	5	1	1	6	2
Lush, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Bailey, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Pelty, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Criss, p.	1	0	1	0	0
Total	37	11	12	24	10

Batted for Cicotte in sixth inning.
Errors—Wagner, Carrigan, Newnam.

Boston	0	3	1	2	0	3	2	2	.	.	.	13
St. Louis	0	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	—	—	11

Two-base hits—Wallace, Stone, Lewis, Engel. Three-base hit—Speaker. Home runs—Newnam, Truesdale, Wood, Purtell. Hits—Off Karger, 6 in four and one-third innings; off Cicotte, 3 in one-third inning; off Cicotte, 2 in one and one-third innings; off Wood, 1 in three innings; off Link, 4 in two innings; off Bailey, 3 in two innings; off Pelty, 6 in two and one-third innings; off Criss, 2 in one and two-third innings; by Wood, 2. Sacrifice hits—Lewis, (2.) Wagner. Stolen base—Newnam. Double play—Wallace, Truesdale, and Newnam. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Boston, 8. First base on balls—Off Link, 3; off Karger, 3; off Collins, 3; off Cicotte, 2; off Wood, 1; off Pelty, 1; off Criss, 2. Hit by pitcher—by Link, (Wagner.) by Bailey, (Karger.) Struck out—By Karger, 3; by Bailey, 1; by Wood, 2. Wild pitch—Karger, Balk—Criss. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

Connecticut League.

Hartford, 5; Holyoke, 2.
Hartford, 4; Holyoke, 2.
New Haven, 5; Waterbury, 3.
Bridgeport, 6; Springfield, 1.
New Britain, 5; Northampton, 3.

American Association.

Louisville, 5; Kansas City, 3.
St. Paul, 8; Columbus, 4.
Columbus, 6; St. Paul, 5.
Milwaukee, 3; Toledo, 2.
Indianapolis, 4; Minneapolis, 0.

New York State League.

Syracuse, 4; Scranton, 2.
Elmira, 8; Troy, 4.
Albany, 5; Binghamton, 1.
Wilkesbarre, 4; Utica, 0.

New England League.

Brockton, 6; Haverhill, 2.
Haverhill, 8; Brockton, 0.
New Bedford, 4; Worcester, 1.
Lowell, 1; Lynn, 0.
Lawrence, 7; Fall River, 0.

Tri-State League.

York, 6; Johnstown, 5.
Williamsport, 5; Reading, 4.
Harrisburg, 4; Trenton, 1.
Lancaster, 3; Altoona, 0.

Southern League.

Mobile, 7; Chattanooga, 1.
Chattanooga, 3; Mobile, 0.
New Orleans, 4; Memphis, 0.
Nashville, 4; Montgomery, 2.
Birmingham, 8; Atlanta, 3.

MIDDLE STATES REGATTA.

New York Oarsmen Training for Races to be Held on Labor Day.

A number of the boat clubs along the Harlem River are now getting their crews into condition to compete in the Middle States regatta to be held in Philadelphia on Labor Day. From present indications New York will be well represented, and it is expected that the oarsmen from this city will return with the lion's share of cups and banners which will be awarded to the winners.

The Harlem Boat Club will send the Livingston brothers, who this year won the junior double event at Yale, and O'Neal and Wilson, who will row in the intermediate double-oared class.

The Nassau Boat Club will likely send Russell and Walch as its representatives and expects great things of them. In the regatta held at Washington recently they finished second in the intermediate doubles race.

The Union and Nonpareil Clubs will each be represented by four-oared shells. The former's crew is composed of L. Pullman, R. Aitken, A. Jalnike, and J. Noone, stroke, with Capt. John Kemp as coach, while the latter's four will be J. A. Crowley, Palmer, Charles Schwartz, and Walter Schmit. James O'Neal will row single for the Nonpareil and Palmer and Schmit may row double.

The Bohemian Boat Club on next Sunday will hold a regatta in which the principal event will be the contest between their old champion eight of 1895 and this season's junior eight. This race will be an exciting one from the fact that the junior crew is a swift aggregation. The champions won their title in 1895, and although they have been in many contests since they have never been beaten.

BASEBALL, 4 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit. American League Park. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

MATHEWSON FALLS BEFORE CARDINALS

St. Louis Turns Tables and Defeats the Giants in One-Sided Game by Score of 4 to 1.

St. Louis ...	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	.	.—4
New York...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

ST. LOUIS.

	A.B.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Huggins, 2b.	3	1	1	1	3	1
Ellis, lf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Mowrey, 3b.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Konetchy, 1b.	4	1	3	16	3	0
Evans, rf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Bresnahan, c.	3	0	1	3	1	0
Oakes, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Betcher, ss.	3	0	1	1	6	1
Corridon, p.	3	0	1	1	3	0
Total	29	4	11	27	18	2

NEW YORK.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Devore, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	1	2	3	0	0
Snodgrass, cf.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Murray, rf.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Bridwell, ss.	3	0	0	5	2	0
Devlin, 3b.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	3	0	1	5	3	0
Meyers, c.	4	0	0	5	3	0
Mathewson, p.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Total	31	1	5	24	12	0

Two-base hits—Corridon, Mowrey, Murray, Bresnahan, Snodgrass. Three-base hit—Doyle. Sacrifice hits—Mowrey, Bridwell. Double play—Bridwell and Merkle. Stolen bases—Snodgrass, Murray, 2; Meyers, Huggins. Bases on balls—Off Corridon, 3; off Mathewson, 2. Struck out—By Corridon, 3; by Mathewson, 4. Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; New York, 7. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 23.—The St. Louis Cardinals took the second game of the series from the Giants here to-day, 4 to 1. The Giants got their one run in the eighth inning. Mathewson, who pitched for the Giants, was off, and a long way off, for some reason. The Cardinals walloped him for a total of eleven hits, while the Giants could count but five hits off of Corridon, who pitched for the locals.

The Cardinals, who played such a farce of a game yesterday, got to "Matty" in the first inning and scored two runs on him. Huggins started it with a single, though Bridwell and Ellis followed him with another in the same place. Mowrey sacrificed, Mathewson to Merkle, and Keney fanned. Huggins and Ellis scored on Evans's single to right.

The third run came in the third inning when Mowrey doubled to centre. After Ellis had grounded out, Mowrey scored on Keney's single to centre. The sixth inning brought in their fourth and last tally.

Koney started off with a single to left. Evans fanned, and Bresnahan doubled to right, advancing Koney to third. Oakes bunted, and was safe on Mathewson's fumble, Koney scoring. In this inning the Giants had their opportunity of scoring, and a chance to tie it up, but Bridwell knocked a pop fly with two men on bases and one of them at third, two of the five hits gathered by the Giants are credited to Loyle and Mathewson got both of the errors, there being two marks against the Giants.

Only a moderate-sized crowd witnessed the game the most of the audience being made up of Eagles attending the National convention here.

Barger Hit Hard, Superbas Lose.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 23.—Cincinnati defeated Brooklyn to-day, 5 to 1. Beebe was in fine form and kept the hits so well scattered that in only one inning was he in any real trouble. Barger was hit hard. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Bescher, lf.	4	0	2	3	0
Egan, 2b.	4	1	1	1	4
Hohlfeld, 1b.	3	2	2	6	1
Mitchell, rf.	2	0	0	3	0
Parkert, cf.	4	2	2	1	0
Lobert, 3b.	4	1	2	1	2
McLean, c.	4	0	2	10	1
McM'lan, ss.	4	0	2	1	0
Beebe, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	32	5	12	27	8

BROOKLYN.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Dav'port, cf.	4	0	1	2	1
D'Gert, 1b.	4	0	2	11	0
Wheat, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Hum'l, 2b.	3	0	0	2	2
Burch, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Dundon, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2
Smith, c.	4	1	1	4	1
Bergen, c.	0	0	0	1	2
Barger, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Erwin	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	9	24	11

*Batted for Bergen in the ninth inning.
Errors—McLean, Bergen.

Cincinnati	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.—5
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Bescher, Lennox. Three-base hit—Smith. Stolen bases—Haskett, (2.) Lobert. Double plays—McLean and Egan; Smith, Hummel, and Daubert; Hummel and Smith. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 9; Cincinnati, 7. First base on balls—Off Barger, 4; off Beebe, 2. Struck out—By Barger, 1; by Beebe, 5. Wild pitches—Beebe, Barger. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Eason.

Magee's Homer Scores Three Runs.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—Philadelphia won from Pittsburg in the first inning, when Magee lifted the ball over the fence, three runs coming in. Pittsburg had several chances to win, but could not hit Moore at the right time. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Titus, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Knabe, 2b.	3	0	0	2	4
Bates, cf.	4	1	1	4	0
Magee, lf.	4	2	3	3	0
Grant, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
Bransf'd, 1b.	4	0	2	8	1
Doolan, ss.	3	1	1	5	2
Moran, c.	4	1	1	5	0
Moore, p.	2	0	1	0	3
Total	31	6	10	27	11

PITTSBURG.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Byrne, 2b.	5	1	1	1	4
Leach, cf.	4	0	2	0	0
Burke, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Warner, ss.	4	0	1	0	3
Miller, 2b.	3	0	0	3	0
Flynn, 1b.	4	0	2	10	1
Wilson, rf.	4	1	2	3	1
Gibson, c.	4	0	2	5	1
Leifield, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Phillippe, p.	2	0	0	1	0
*Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
Maddox, p.	0	0	0	0	1
†Campbell	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	11	27	16

*Batted for Phillippe in seventh inning.
†Batted for Maddox in ninth inning.
Errors—Knabe, Byrne, Wagner, (2.)

Philadelphia	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	.	.—6
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hits—Wilson, Gibson, Magee, Moore. Three-base hit—Titus. Home run—Magee. Sacrifice hits—Knabe, Grant, Moore. Double plays—Clarke and Gibson; Wilson and Flynn; Clarke, Wagner, and Miller; Knabe and Bransfield; Doolan and Bransfield; Grant and Bransfield. First base on balls—Off Leifield, 1; off Moore, 2. Struck out—By Phillippe, 3; by Moore, 4. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 8; Philadelphia, 8. Hits—Off Leifield, 4 in one and one-third innings; off Phillippe, 3 in five and two-thirds innings; off Maddox, 3 in two innings. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and O'Day.

Kane's Bat Beats Doves.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Kane's timely batting for Chicago defeated Boston 3 to 2 to-day in the second game of the series. Reulbach was in great form, allowing buched hits but twice. A freak double play executed by Graham and Herzog, in which the latter retired Evers and Kane at third, featured the fielding. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Evers, 2b.	3	1	1	0	2
Sheck'd, lf.	1	2	0	1	0
Kane, cf.	3	0	3	5	0
Archer, 1b.	4	0	0	13	1
Z'man, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1
Schulte, rf.	3	0	0	4	0
Tinker, ss.	3	0	1	2	6
Kling, c.	3	0	0	2	0
Reulbach, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	26	3	6	27	14

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.
Collins, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
Herzog, 3b.	4	0	0	2	4
Shean, 2b.	4	0	0	1	1
Sharpe, 1b.	4	0	1	12	1
Miller, rf.	4	1	0	1	0
Sw'ney, ss.	3	0	0	2	2
Beck, cf.	3	1	1	1	0
Graham, c.	3	1	1	5	2
Frock, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total	31	2	5	24	11

Errors—Herzog, Shean, Graham.

Chicago	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	.	.—3
Boston	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hit—Beck. Sacrifice hits—Kane, Collins, Sheckard. Stolen bases—Kane, Miller, Collins, Tinker. Double plays—Shean, Sweeney, and Sharpe; Sharpe, (unassisted,) Herzog and Graham. Left on bases—Chicago, 3; Boston, 3. First base on balls—Off Frock, 3. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Struck out—By Reulbach, 3; by Frock, 5. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Four Matches for McFarland.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Packey McFarland, the lightweight, has accepted an offer from Hugh McIntosh, the Australian promoter, to fight four battles in the Antipodes this Fall. In Australia Packey will meet Jem Douglas, Jack Nedden, Johnny Summers, and Rudy Unholz. All these bouts will be twenty-round affairs, and enough time will elapse between them to allow Packey to maintain proper condition. After the Australian engagement, McFarland will go to England, where McIntosh has promised him another match with Freddie Welsh. McFarland will sail from Vancouver, B. C., on Sept. 9 with Billy Papke.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Newark Loses Again to Toronto.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ontario, Aug. 23.—Toronto succeeded in defeating Newark here to-day in a ten-inning battle. McDonald's single, with two on bases, won the game after Schlafly, for Newark, tied the score in the ninth by a two-bagger which sent three men across the plate. The score:

TORONTO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Shaw, rf.	4	2	1	1	0
Fitzp'k, 2b.	4	0	1	1	4
O'Hara, c.	2	0	0	1	0
Kelley, cf.	1	0	1	1	0
Flattery, lf.	3	1	0	1	2
Delehanty, 1b.	4	0	3	0	0
McD'ld, ss.	5	1	2	0	0
Vaughan, ss.	4	0	2	3	3
Coleman, c.	2	0	0	6	2
Mueller, p.	4	1	0	4	4
*Mullen	0	0	0	0	0
Rudolph, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Newton, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Total	33	5	10	30	16

NEWARK.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Brown, rf.	5	1	2	2	0
Z'man, 3b.	4	0	2	3	1
Coulon, ss.	3	0	1	4	2
Kelly, lf.	5	1	1	1	0
Gettman, cf.	4	1	1	1	0
Meyer, 2b.	3	1	0	3	4
Schlafly, 1b.	4	0	1	9	1
Agler, 1b.	3	1	0	2	0
Hearn, c.	1	0	0	2	1
McAlister, c.	2	0	0	3	2
Spade, p.	2	0	0	0	2

ARMY EXHIBIT AT FOOD SHOW

Visitors Will See How the Food Is Prepared and Served in the Field.

There is one sphere of American life where no impure foods are served. That is in the United States Army. Since the exposure of conditions that prevailed in the Spanish-American war, the army has been scrupulous in its supervision over the Commissary Department. Meals equal to the best in any hotel are fed to soldiers at from 17 to 30 cents each.

So true is this that the Domestic Science and Pure Food Exposition, which opens in Madison Square Garden in September, has arranged for an exhibit by the Army Commissary Department. It will be under the supervision of army officers, and attended by regular soldiers and army cooks.

Camp and garrison kitchens will be shown, how the food is purchased, so as to guard against frauds and impurities; how it is prepared and served, and the methods by which the strict sanitation and economy are maintained, will be exhibited and explained in a manner that cannot help being of help and enlightenment to all.

The navy also will exhibit. From the United States Bureau of Animal Industry will come collections showing the work of the market milk investigations and meat inspection. A working laboratory will show methods of testing food for adulteration and a model child's library from the Supervisor of Libraries will teach pictorially the lessons of the home.

JANER DIES IN PRISON.

Brooklyn Abductor of Katherine Loersch a Victim of Phthisis in Maryland Jail.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 23.—Joseph J. Janer of Brooklyn, who was serving a twenty-one-year sentence in the Maryland Penitentiary, died in prison yesterday of tuberculosis. He was convicted in April, 1909, of mistreating 11-year-old Katherine Loersch of Brooklyn, whom he brought to this city. Janer was 38 years old.

Janer was the son of a wealthy retired sea Captain, who left him $500,000 when he died. He had a wife and four children, a boy 13 years old and three younger daughters, and lived at 274 Classon Avenue.

The Loersch girl lived at 343 Classon Avenue. Her father, formerly a well-to-do contractor, was a paralytic invalid with whom Janer frequently played cards. Janer took the girl away with him in his automobile, and the next heard from them was a letter written by the girl in Baltimore.

The Maryland authorities refused to honor a New York warrant charging Janer with kidnapping, and tried him on a capital charge. The Loersch girl was returned to her parents.

ART DEALERS IN BANKRUPTCY

Petition Against Fishel, Adler & Schwartz—Liabilities $100,000.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Aaron A. Fishel, who did business as Fishel, Adler & Schwartz, dealers in oil paintings and engravings, at 15 East Thirty-ninth Street. The business has been established thirty-two years. Judge Hough appointed Irving M. Dittenhoefer receiver. Liabilities are said to be about $100,000, unsecured. The bankruptcy petition was filed by James, Schell & Elkus, attorneys for these creditors: August Hoffmann, $5,000; George Goldson, $4,000, and Robert Henke, $350.

Mr. Dittenhoefer, the receiver, was appointed at the request of the committee of creditors which has been in charge of the business for a month past. The Court authorized him to run the business until further orders.

The Court enjoined the Holyoke National Bank from continuing a suit against Mr. Fishel until adjudication or dismissal of the petition, or permitted to do so by order of this court.

At a meeting of creditors on Aug. 19th the committee reported serious difference of opinion between the appraisal made for the committee and that of Mr. Fishel, as to the value of some of the assets, including paintings, plates, water colors, and photogravures, and in order to protect the assets and realize the best possible amount for creditors the committee recommended that the affairs be placed in the hands of a receiver to continue business under direction of the court, but as the committee shall advise.

The Holyoke National Bank, a creditor for $2,250, declined to be bound by the action of the meeting. James, Schell and Elkus stated that as one of the smaller creditors had pressed a suit against Mr. Fishel, it was necessary in order to preserve the assets equally for all creditors that a bankruptcy petition should be filed. Among the creditors are the Lincoln National Bank, $17,000; J. B. Greenhut, $11,000; Heidelbach Ickelheimer & Co., $9,801; National Butchers' & Drovers' Bank, $8,250; Commission Merchants' Association, $6,900; Stern Bros. & Co., $2,600; Central National Bank of Rochester, $4,500; Utica Trust & Deposit Company, $6,750; Union National Bank of Troy, $4,500, and Trust and Deposit Company of Onondaga County, Syracuse, $2,250.

A statement of the financial condition of the business in October, 1908, showed assets $325,000, and liabilities $46,000.

Stanley W. Dexter has been designated as special master in the case.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Goods Brought in Aug. 5, 1909, Dutiable Under New Law.

The Board of United States General Appraisers decided yesterday that merchandise which arrived on the steamship Pennsylvania within the limits of the Port of New York on the night of Aug. 5, 1909, and for which entry was made on Aug. 6, was dutiable under the tariff act of 1909, in accordance with Section 29 thereof, and not under the law of 1897, as claimed by the importers.

This protest was brought before the board as a test case by Adolph Kraut and others. The evidence disclosed that the Pennsylvania, on the evening of Aug. 5, at 7:25 P. M., was reported near Fire Island, a point outside the Port of New York; at 7:45 P. M. passing Fire Island; at 9:37 P. M. off the lightship; at 10:20 P. M. passing Sandy Hook; at 10:55 P. M. at Quarantine, and at 6:45 on the morning of Aug 6 she was reported having left Quarantine.

The office of the New York Custom House for the receipt of entries closed on Aug. 5 at 4:30 P. M. About 4 o'clock the representative of the importer presented himself, according to his testimony, with entry and money with which to pay the duties. They were refused by the Government officials on the ground that the ship had not arrived. Formal entry and payment of duties were made on Aug. 6 The importers contended that the offices of the Collector should have been kept open for the purpose of receiving entries and the payment of duties.

According to the board, the matter of prolonging the hours at the Custom House was left to the sound discretion and business judgment of the Government officials. The board did not think that the office was to be kept open at the demand of any single individual to give him an opportunity to perform a certain official act to his advantage, but rather that the officers are authorized to continue doing business to meet the exigencies of business demands at a time when the office is ordinarily closed.

In overruling the claim of the importers General Appraiser Waite stated: "We cannot hold in this case that there was any demand for the exercise of such discretion on the part of the officials or that they were bound to continue the office force at work and the office open in anticipation of the arrival of a vessel which might not ever have entered the port."

Continuing in his decision, General Appraiser Waite said: "We do not deem it necessary in this case to attempt to define the exact limits of the Port of New York as we are satisfied that at the time the tender was made and within the time in which it could have been made in the ordinary course of business on Aug. 5, the vessel containing the goods had not entered the port, and therefore no entry or payment of money could have been made which would have entitled the importer to the rate of duty provided under the law of 1897."

BUSINESS TROUBLES

ZERILLO BROTHERS.—Schedules in the assignment of Zerillo Brothers, stable, 92 Thompson Street, show liabilities of $2,750 and assets of $1,644.

MORRIS SOLOMON, INC.—Judge Hough has granted the discharge from bankruptcy granted to Morris Solomon, Incorporated, clothing, 28 West Fourth Street, on Aug. 5, on application of Louis Levy, attorney, 32 Nassau Street.

field, 90 West Street, formerly a dealer in machinery, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,161, contracted in 1906 and 1907, and no assets.

MOSES LEWIS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Moses Lewis, manufacturer of nightgowns, 28 West Houston Street, show liabilities of $11,625 and assets of $4,122. Among the creditors are Wilson & Bradbury, Schwab-Kepner Company, W. B. Conrad & Co., and Simon & Co.

CHARLES F. STEARNS PRINTING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Charles F. Stearns Printing Company, 81 Centre Street, by I. Gillman & Co., New York and Brooklyn Paper Company, and Manufacturers' Paper Company. Assets are (estimated) $15,000.

SAMUEL A. LERNER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel A. Lerner, manufacturer of waists, 33 West Seventeenth Street, by Bacon & Co., S. Zendman, Son & Co., and Hannah Weissman. Liabilities, $19,000, and nominal assets $22,000. A few days ago he asked creditors for an extension, but his offer of 10 cents on the dollar cash and 10 cents every three months until the claims were paid was not accepted. Judge Hough appointed Charles L. Greenhall receiver, with bond of $2,000, on application of Bacon & Co. Peter B. Olney was appointed special master.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Bloom, Wolf and Annie—S. Cohen et al., $5,050.
Barrett, William M., President, &c.—T. F. Magner, $145.
Cerra, Antonio—Savoy Trust Co. of City of New York, $217.
Cooper, William A.—A. Y. Gray, $324.
Compton, Robin A.—Thirty-five Per Cent. Automobile Supply Co., $125.
Corin, Robert A.—The Western Electric Co., $1,503.
Cahn, Elliott Gray—L. C. Porr et al., $106.
Grau, Herman—A. Richards Shoe Co., $219.
Kaufman, Samuel—B. Simpson, $134.
Lewine, Joseph—Central Building Improvement and Investment Co., $5,711.
M. A. Udell Specialty Co.—Forest Box and Lumber Co., $202.
Manhattan Window Shade Co. and Max Kahn—B. Meyers, $1,489.
Miller, Charles E.—E. Young, $691.
Pescia, Enrico V.—L. Jackson et al., $103.
Perry, John W.—The Twenty-eighth Street Co., $268.
Rudnick, Herman—A. Rosenberg, $1,814.
Silberberg, Michael—J. Altmark et al., $162.
Sovik, Stevan—A. Owescka, $309.
Townsend, Oliver C.—C. S. Townsend, $11,450.
United States Ruby Mining Co.—Alfred H. Smith Jewel Co., $3,954.
Wasserman, Max—M. Greenspan, $240.
Wood, Burton C.—F. W. Brocklebank, $998.
Werner, Arthur—J. Hart, $218.
Yannin, Alexander—S. Elias et al., $277.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Bogart, Nellie B.—J. A. Clerke et al., March 7, 1910, $331.
Bacrach, Julia and Harry, as executors—M. Shapiro, May 14, 1910, $420.
Britting, Valentine, executor—E. M. C. May, July 3, 1909, $388.
Same—E. M. May, July 3, 1909, $388.
Same—A. Kaufmann, July 3, 1909, $388.
Same—K. Lessmann, July 3, 1909, $388.
Same—B. Lattner, July 3, 1909, $237.
Same—M. Galitzke, July 3, 1909, $388.
Same—A. M. May, July 3, 1909, $388.
Brand, Leopold—E. Leber, Aug. 10, 1910, $508.
Galgano, Nicola—D. Von Hein, Aug. 19, 1910, $967.
Holt, Margaret, C.—J. Fleishman, Feb. 10, 1902, reversed, $608.
Lamport, Nathan—N. Hutkoff, May 11, 1910, $152.
Merkel, Otto J.—T. Allison, Commissioner, June 25, 1910, vacated, $110.
Smith, Isaac—L. A. Sackman, June 21, 1910, $132.
Hano, Louis—D. J. Hamburg, July 22, 1910, $102.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Bankruptcy calendar discharges. J. Gottfried, Albert J. Mack, David Lowman, McDermott & Son, Rayne Adams, P. Miller, Simon Marcus, William E. Flack, S. Blumenkrohn, C. F. Glimm, Smerling & Borowitz, Wm. B. Taylor. Under objections, Max Schatz, Samuel Roth. Adjourned cases. H. R. Wechsler, Maurice B. Friedman, Reisig & Schwartzbard. Involuntary case. Petition v. Thomas Kramer. Motions. Francis M. Madden, Samuel Goldman, J. M. Fiske & Co., Joseph Guth, R. Schachter & Son, Herman Weber, Castle Braid Co., William Steinberg, &c., H. Mammerschlag, H. S. Haskins, William P. Flanders, Pureta Candy Co., Walter Woodward Press, Salvatore Dattilo, Floyd M. Stage, Film Importing and Trading Co., Frazin & Oppenheim, Ferguson Contracting Co., Bay State Brass Co., Merris Gottesman, Henry Moeltz, Louis Thirer, Louis Weil, R. Schachter & Son, John T. Tracy, L. Tannenbaum & Co., Jacob Kasner, William Steinberg et al., M. B. Friedman, F. M. Madden, J. A. Lawrence, Ferdinand Delmonte. United Tungsten Lamp Co., H. L. Toplitz, Rothschild Cloak and Suit Co., Imported Tobacco Mfg. Co., Somerville Clothing Co., Rudy & Karpas, Mayerson & Hirschenheim, Theodore Radin, Wagner-Daniels Co., T. J. Keveney & Co., Wertheimer & Co., Annie Rofalefsky.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Motion calendar. 1—In re Adolph Newman. 2—N Y Button Works v. Lang. 3—Engel v. O'Malley. 4, 5—Parsons Non-Skid Co v. Newhall. 6—Jones v. Motor Car Eq Co. 7—Jones v. Stewart & Clark. 8—Same v. N Y Sporting Goods Co. 9—Harned v. Int Mag Co. 10—In re Barbara. 11—Jackson v. Hooper. 12—Sirocco v. Monarch Vent Co. 14—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry Co. 15—Hamilton v. Curtiss. 16—Phoenix v. Levitt. 17—Elchhorn v. C R R of N J. 18—Myers v. Tuttle. 19—Kahan v. O'Malley. 20—In re McKinnon. 21—Mosher & Co v. Curtis. 22—U S v. Psaki. 23—Newcomb v. Burbank. 24—Engel v. O'Malley. 25—Conkley v. Chicago League Ball Co. 26—Lorain Steel Co v. Union Ry Co. 27—In re Demitrius Ellopulos. 28—Kahan v. O'Malley. 29—Tuttle v. Myers's Sons Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Brady, J.—Litigated motions. 1—In re Platt. 2—Brown v. Thompson & Starrett Co. 3—Logan v. Greenwich Trust Co. 4—Gerr v. Gerr. 5—O'Rourke Eng and Con Co v. Goodwin Car Co. 6—Hodin v. Towne. 7—Drummond v. Buck. 8—Pfatenhauer Nesbit Co v. Raymore Realty Co. 9—O'Rourke Eng and Con Co v. Goodwin Car Co. 10—Richle v. Richle. 11—Laughrey v. Ertz. 12—Moritz v. Postal Tel Cable Co. 13, 14—Lee v. Gerard. 15—Teufel v. North Am Distilling Co. 16—Knoedler v. Wehrebrock. 17, 18—In re Wheadon. 19—Mahlstedt v. Cunningham. 20—Abenroth & Root Mfg Co v. Milk Concentrates Co. 21, 22—Kodis v. Kodis. 23—Roercke v. Roercke. 24—Eidenossische Bank, &c, v. St. Gallen Mfg Co. 25—Strauss v. Dilg. 26—Knickerbocker Trust Co v. Eames. 27—Starbuck v. Starbuck. 28—White v. H G Realty Co. 29—Wodslowsky v. Van Wyck. 30, 31—In Lancey v. Heylman. 32—Hall v. Herrman. 33—Rethwisch v. Rethwisch. 34—Gelaczynski v. Gelaczynski. 35—Taibbi v. Denlin. 36—United Oil Cloth Co v. Cannon. 37—Forester v. Forester. 38—Bouton v. Henderson Lithographing Co. 39—Elkins Coal and Coke Co v. Stony Creek Coal and Coke Co. 40—Reed v. Alexander. 41—Franzblau v. Lebowitz. 42—Randen v. Froma Realty Co. 43—Fluhart v. Fluhart. 44, 45—Sullivan v. Shea. 46—Mayer Brew Co v. Skennian. 47—Phillip v. Phillip. 48—In re White, Allom & Co. 49—In re Tighe. 50—In re Graf. 51—In re Schneider. 52—Elwell & Co v. Acme Portland Cement Co. 53—Hotchkiss v. Levi. 54—Todd v. Todd. 55—In re West Farms Road. 56—Baron De Hirsch v. Menchen. 57—White v. H G Realty Co. 58—Film Import and Trading Co v. Centaur Film Co. 59—Napestek v. Napestek. 60—McCullom v. McCullom 61—Pack v. McMillan. 62—McIntyre v. McIntyre. 63—Davidaw v. Schwarcz.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Page, J.—Part 2 business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: Lottie R. Jankowsky, Luka Katch, C. Volney King, Franklin P. Burdon, Adolph Hampe, Jr., Rose McAdam, Abraham Cohen, Thomas V. Hussey, Robert M. Chesebrough, Frederick A. Lyons.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Mellis v. Cohn—Phelan Beale. Remsen v. Levee—John J. Hynes.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—Guttag v. Montague—Roy M. Robinson.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—James Shea v. Julia Shea—A. Frank Shaw.

Guide for Buyers.

Directory of Wholesale Merchants.

One line, 12 months, $109.50; 6 mos., $58.56; 3 mos., $30.94; 1 mo., $10.80.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosseiman & Co., 469 Broadway.
ART PILLOW SLIPS & Stamped Goods
E. W. Guiterman Co., 51-53 White St.
BABY SHOES AND MOCCASINS.
Adler, Martin & Katz, Suite 251 Prince George.
BASKETS & WILLOW WARE NOVELTIES.
Krauss & Co., 11-13 West Houston St.
BATH ROBES AND SLIPPERS.
Frederick W. Maas, 47 E. 19th St. "Mascot Brand."
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844 & 846 Broadway.
CUT GLASS.
Louis Levien Cut Glass Co., 33 Murray St.
FLANNELETTE & MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., near Av. A.
HAND-EMBROIDERED WAISTS.
Standard Mfg. Co., 33 W. 17th. (Also muslin underwr.)
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, importer, (Mfg. trade.) 22 W. 21 St.
Schwarzkopf & Salmore, 42 Union Square East.
MACHINE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MANUFACTURING FURRIERS.
Lang & Herskowitz, 34 West 27th Street.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844 & 846 Broadway.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Sellck, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.
RHINESTONE HAT PINS & NOVELTIES.
American Rhinestone Novelty Works, 483 Broadway.
SHOULDER STRAPS & Garment Trimmings.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Rothschild, D., & Co., Columbus, Ga.; D. Rothschild, cloaks, suits, and waists; 45 Leonard Street; Hotel Cumberland.
Hayden Brothers, Omaha, Neb.; H. B. Hayden, dry goods; Hotel Flanders.
Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; J. L. Geraghty, notions, trimmings, laces, and ribbons; 648 Broadway.
Stix, Barr & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss M. Kearney, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 684 Broadway.
Seder Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; H. Seder, children's cloaks and silk waists; 7 East Twentieth Street.
Sturtevant, H. H., & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; K. Fedderson, ladies' hosiery, corsets, and gloves, 320 Church Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss M. Geisel, millinery; Miss Robinson, millinery; 31 Union Square.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; F. G. Winter, silks; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Heyden Brothers, Omaha, Neb.; P. Flynn, cloaks, waists, furs, and infants' wear; Waldorf-Astoria.
Bernett-Stine Company, San Diego, Cal.; Mr. Dunne, men's furnishing goods; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street.
Filenes, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss M. L. Jackson, ladies' waists; J. J. Kelley, misses' skirts, suits, and dresses; Miss M. J. Keegan, infants' dresses; Miss M. G. Cronin, millinery and infants' coats; Miss Coakley, representing; Miss F. Kalesky, veilings; Mr. Breed, suits; Mr. Conners, representing; 30 West Twenty-second Street.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. B. Denny, cloaks, suits, and waists; 115 Worth Street.
Robertson-Sutherland Company, Lawrence, Mass.; G. Auld, domestics; 57 White Street.
Halle Brothers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; S. H. Halle, dry goods; 31 Union Square.
Bluestein Brothers, Savannah, Ga.; L. Bluestein, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Mendel & Freedman, New Haven, Conn.; Miss Carroll, laces; 817 Broadway.
Sanger Brothers, Waco, Texas; Miss Bier, laces; Miss Hutchison, millinery; C. F. Jackson, furnishing goods; 15 Mercer Street.
Heyman, L., Huoma, La.; general merchandise; Room 111, 43 Leonard Street.
George, S. H., & Sons, Knoxville, Tenn.; S. H. George, notions and dry goods; 63 Leonard Street.
Thomas, F. B., & Co., Roanoke, Va.; J. F. Lee, furnishing goods and notions; 258 Church Street.
White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; A. H. Shannon, dress goods; M. A. McBride, cloaks and suits; E. H. Young, prints; P. Buchert, silks and velvets; 41 Union Square.
Mannheimer Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; Miss C. Cavanaugh, trimmings and buttons; Miss M. Gable, laces; 41 Union Square.
Hager Brothers, Lancaster, Penn.; E. Walker, dress goods and silks; 41 Union Square.
Kennedy Mercantile Company, Enid, Okla.; R. Kennedy, general merchandise; Mr. Matthews, representing; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Shartenberg & Robinson Company, New Haven, Conn.; Miss Brehm, infants' wear; 75 Spring Street.
Howland, The, Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; J. D. Granfield, gentlemen's furnishing goods; W. E. Tiffney, silks and dress goods; 75 Spring Street.
Reid & Hughes Dry Goods Company, Waterbury, Conn.; A. Hoagland, housefurnishing goods, china, and glass; 75 Spring Street.
Nathan, J. J., & Co., Beaumont, Texas; Mr. Weber, dry goods, notions, and cloaks; 320 Church Street.
Brown, Thomson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. McGrath, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; J. S. Marsden, furnishing goods, hosiery, and umbrellas; 2 Walker Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; C. G. Miller, dry goods, notions, and ladies' garments; 2 Walker Street.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; B. S. Chapin, cloaks, suits, furs, and shawls; 2 Walker Street.
Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Company, Portland, Me.; W. D. Lakeman, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; A. L'Homme, dry goods; 55 White Street.
O'Neil, M., & Co., Akron, Ohio; H. F. Pierce, notions and hosiery; 2 Walker Street.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mr. Goldman, coats, 821 Broadway.
Kennedy Mercantile Company, Enid, Oklahoma; R. Kennedy, general merchandise; M. Matthewson, furnishing goods, 100 Fifth Avenue.
Donaldson, L. S., Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; J. Isba, cloaks and suits, 2 Walker Street.
Darlington, J., & Company, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. A. Parsons, cloaks and suits, 111 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Wolcott.
Smith's Parisian Cloak Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; N. Smith, cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Steiger, A., Springfield, Mass.; A. Steiger, dress goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Selter & Selter, Syracuse, N. Y.; F. J. Selter, hats; The Breslin.
Superior Skirt Company, Philadelphia, Penn.; B. D. Abraham, piece goods; The Breslin.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; G. H. Lauten, hats, 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
MacInnes, J. C., Company, Inc., Worcester, Mass.; A. J. Eastman, white goods; 55 White Street.
Watt & Shaud, Lancaster, Penn.; P. T. Watt, dry goods, hosiery, and underwear; 55 White Street.
Smith-Murray Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; T. Larkin, wash goods; 55 White Street.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; J. Porteous, cloaks and suits; 55 White Street.
Montgomery Fair, Montgomery, Ala.; J. T. Jessel, jewelry and leather goods; 214 Church Street.
Watt, Rettew & Clay, Norfolk, Va.; Miss A. Delany, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. C. Truxes, laces, neckwear, and embroideries; 214 Church Street.
Sibley, Lindsay & Carr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss Cox, millinery; 454 Broome Street.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, jewelry and leather goods; notions, stationery, art goods, and trimmings; F. E. Mack, domestics, linens, flannels, and blankets; Miss S. Eber, millinery; G. N. Everett, housefurnishing goods and china; Mrs. M. Johnson, hosiery and knit underwear; E. C. Gatchell, furnishing goods; J. H. Sisman, representing; Mr. Hospital, representing; 438 Broadway.
Naftel-Nirosi Dry Goods Company, Montgomery, Ala.; J. Nirosi, domestics; Hotel Cadillac.
Steiger, A., Company, Springfield, Mass.; A. M. Burton, domestics; Hotel Cadillac.
Heilprin & Gross, Hartford, Conn.; S. Gross, dry goods; The Hermitage.
Mistrot, H. B., & Sons, Waco, Texas; J. C. Mistrot, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Montgomery Fair, Montgomery, Ala.; W. H. Balk, dress goods and silks; C. F. Sweeney, carpets, 214 Church Street.
Houghton & Dutton, Boston, Mass.; W. H. Scarlett, ribbons; The Hermitage.
Levy, A. & S., Victoria, Texas; S. Levy, cloaks; J. Levy, suits; Herald Square Hotel.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss S. Alexander, millinery; 214 Church Street.
Nathan, M., & Brother, Johnstown, Penn.; M. Nathan, hosiery, underwear, and gloves; 41 Union Square.
Castner-Knott Dry Goods Company, Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs. T. D. Lenahan, millinery; 214 Church Street.
Bergner, P. A., Company, Peoria, Ill.; W. Schwentzer, muslin underwear; 821 Broadway.
Scott & Everstine, Rochester, Minn.; Miss M. A. Scott, fancy goods; Miss C. G. Everstine, ladies' wear; Hotel St. Denis.
Kaufman Dry Goods Company, Harrisburg, Penn.; J. E. Gutman, cloaks and suits; The Breslin.
Shopfell Dry Goods Company, Williamsport, Penn.; C. F. Clawson, dress goods and silks; Hotel Victoria.
O'Callaghan Cloak and Suits Company, Boston, Mass.; J. F. Hennessy, cloaks and suits; Hotel Latham.
Bonney, W. A., Boston, Mass.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Latham.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. Scannell, books; 821 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Cleland & Simpson Company, Scranton, Penn.; H. L. Ricalton, cloaks; Hotel Grand.
Columbus Cloak Company, Columbus, Ohio; C. Reuter, cloaks; Hotel Grand.
Barney, H. S., Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; W. H. Warner, furnishing goods, hosiery, and underwear; 75 Spring Street.
Levy, A. & S., Victoria, Texas; S. Levy, ready-to-wear; J. Levy, cloaks; 434 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss J. L. McClusky, costumes and dresses; 31 Union Square.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; R. Buchner, boys' clothing; 438 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Lazarus, F. & R., Company, Columbus, Ohio; E. D. Payne, cloaks and suits; Hotel Algonquin.
Keppler Dry Goods Company, Eau Claire, Wis.; R. J. Keppler, carpets; Hotel Belleclaire.
Wasson, H. P., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; F. M. Black, millinery, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear; 821 Broadway.
Emery-Bird-Thayer Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss C. Hutchison, corsets; 396 Broadway.
Thieme & Schuessler Company, Lafayette, Ind.; J. H. Schuessler, dress goods and silks; Hotel Empire.
Robertson-Sutherland Company, Lawrence, Mass.; G. Auld, linens; 57 White Street.
Robinson, J. W., Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; W. S. Young, domestics; 114 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Seville.
Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; J. Baer, sporting goods and clothing; 648 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Jackson, C. F., Company, Norwalk, Ohio; J. R. Wetmore, housefurnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Whitney, L. T., & Son, Oberlin, Ohio; C. K. Whitney, clothing; Herald Square Hotel.
Schruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Mrs. M. E. Kremp, stationery; 874 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Stutson & Johnston, Chillicothe, Ohio; C. F. Johnston, cloaks; The Breslin.
Schryver, G. L., & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; C. W. Buhl, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.
Moe, J. J., & Sons Company, Duluth, Minn.; J. J. Moe, dress goods, silks, cloaks, and suits; 80 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Albert.
Great Department Store, Lewiston, Me.; W. J. Mills, housefurnishing goods; Hotel Earlington.
Bolster, J. R., Dry Goods Company, Battle Creek, Mich.; F. W. Smith, cloaks and suits; The Breslin.
Hills, McLean & Haskell, Binghamton, N. Y.; H. W. Gillette, domestics; 32 White Street; Hotel Albert.
Prentke, D., Novelty Company, Cleveland, Ohio; D. Prentke, ladies' neckwear; Hotel St. Denis.
Hudson & Symington Company, Detroit, Mich.; C. Symington, carpets; Hotel Netherland.
O'Neil, M., & Co., Akron, Ohio; Mr. McKenzie, buyer; E. Walter, buyer.
Prentke, D., & Co., Findlay, Ohio; R. C. Campbell, housefurnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Miller & Paine, Lincoln, Neb.; E. C. Miller, carpets; 31 Union Square.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; D. P. Birkett, prints; 2 Walker Street.
Shartenberg & Robinson, Pawtucket, R. I.; A. R. Cote, dress goods and silks; 75 Spring Street.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. F. Evans, muslin underwear, infants' wear, and corsets; 438 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; W. H. Mann, domestics; 57 White Street.
McLean, J., & Sons, York, Penn.; A. E. McLean, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Snapper, George, Baltimore, Md.; carpets and rugs; Hotel Imperial.
Holmes, D. H., Company, New Orleans, La.; Miss J. L. Hogan, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 20 East Twentieth Street.
Higbee Company, Cleveland, Ohio; C. N. Rexford, laces, handkerchiefs, and trimmings; Hotel Imperial.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; F. E. Gordon, domestics; 821 Broadway; Hotel Grand.
Simons, J., Helena, Ark.; dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. L. Baer, dry goods; 684 Broadway.
Clark, Davis & Poore Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. H. H. Davis, flowers and feathers; 621 Broadway.
Heyn's Bazaar Company, Detroit, Mich.; M. May, millinery; Hotel Imperial.
Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; A. B. Bacon, carpets and rugs; Hotel Imperial.
Bon Marche Dry Goods Company, Lowell, Mass.; P. H. Duvall, domestics; E. J. Gilmore, housefurnishing goods; Hotel Navarre.
Star Cloak Company, Muskegon, Iowa; H. Wasserman, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.
Davidson Brothers Company, Sioux City, Iowa; W. H. Valentine, notions and leather goods; 683 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Gotthelff & Co., Norwich, Conn.; L. L. Gotthelff, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.
Cobb & Pathin, Providence, R. I.; E. D. Cobb, millinery; The Hermitage.
Calkins, William, Rochester, N. Y.; cloaks and suits; The Hermitage.
Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; C. E. Bradley, hosiery and knit underwear; Hotel York.
Boston Dry Goods Company, Boston, Mass.; I. Tolman, dress goods; 72 Grand Street; Hotel York.
Steiger-Dudgeon Company, New Bedford, Mass.; J. P. Fenton, domestics, handkerchiefs, and ribbons; Grand Hotel.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss A. Holden, representing; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Wolcott.
Rogers Manufacturing Company, Philadelphia, Penn.; E. S. Rogers, piece goods; The Breslin.
Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; Mrs. C. F. McCoy, millinery; 41 Union Square; The Breslin.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; F. B. Perse, carpets; Hoffman House; W. F. Walker, housefurnishing goods; Hotel Latham.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. J. Kahnweiler, clothing; Sixth Avenue and Eighteenth Street; Hotel Latham.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; Anna Lambert, fancy goods; H. Elsenberg, notions and leather goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Broztell.
Jonasson, M., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. Hertz, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss Manderfield, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Kirschbaum, A., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; A. M. Kirschbaum, woolens; Hoffman House.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. P. Selman, cloaks and suits; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Grinsfelder, J., & Sons, Baltimore, Md.; S. Grinsfelder, silks; Hoffman House.
Burke, Fitzsimons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; P. F. Monion, cloaks and suits; Hotel Seville.
McCurdy & Norwell Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss M. McLaughlin, laces and ladies' neckwear; Buyers' Association, 821 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, laces, handkerchiefs, and ladies' neckwear; 683 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Dewald, George, Company, Fort Wayne, Ind.; R. W. Dewald, hosiery, ribbons, and notions; Hotel Seville.
Shortenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; Miss E. L. Burger, ladies' wear; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.
Starr, L., & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss F. L. Sylvia, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.
Campbell & Judkins, Boston, Mass.; A. D. Campbell, millinery; Hotel Broztell.
Great Department Store, Lewiston, Me.; J. L. Moriarty, silks; Hotel Victoria.
Rothschild Brothers, Ithaca, N. Y.; D. Rothschild, dry goods; Hotel Victoria.

Out-of-town merchants registered at the office of the Merchants' Association of New York, 54 to 60 Lafayette Street.

Molt, C., Cleveland, Ohio; Catherine Gerson, children's dresses; Jennie Gerson, dry goods; Jennie Madigan, ladies' waists; 2,113 Eighth Avenue.
Fletcher, L. L., Chardon, Ohio; dry goods and clothing; Broadway Central Hotel.
Columbus Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; M. Hempstead, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Farmer, W. S., & Son, Frankfort, Ky.; W. S. Farmer, dry goods, ladies' garments and millinery; Hotel Seville; Susan Chambers, millinery; 38 Madison Avenue.
Gebhart Mill

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Rally and Grow Dull—Call Money Rates, 1¼@1½ Per Cent.

FAVORABLE WEATHER REPORT

Corn Assured of Sufficient Moisture—Further Rise in Cotton—Exchange Again Up.

A further decline in prices at the opening of trading yesterday followed by a recovery and thereafter by irregular, narrow fluctuations left the general level of prices at the end of the day fractionally higher than the final quotations of Monday. The firmer tone of the market was accompanied by a reduction in trading, the transactions falling short by about 100,000 shares of the previous day's total. The increased dullness yesterday served to reflect the lack of any general interest in the present movements of the market whose principal and practically only source of activity at the moment are the day to day transactions by traders.

The weekly weather report of the Department of Agriculture contained the statement that the weather this past week was very favorable in nearly the entire corn belt, and that the soil now probably contains sufficient moisture for the remainder of the growth of this crop. This suggests that this important crop is now free from practically all hazards save that of positive frosts before the date of harvest. The same report noted the prevalence of generally favorable weather in nearly all of the cotton-growing territory save in portions of Texas whence private advices have been to the effect that some further impairment of the crop has occurred in that State. The cotton market yesterday was again under the influence of a sharp advance in the August option, while the other options showed general but moderate advances. The foreign exchange market moved further against this centre, but the advance was less yesterday than on the earlier days of this upward movement in exchange. The banks again lost cash to the Sub-Treasury, bringing the loss since last Friday up to $527,000 compared with a gain of $2,653,000 from this source during the corresponding days of last week. The time money market was dull but slightly easier in tone, while call money again loaned at a maximum of 1½ per cent. The noteworthy feature of current rates is that call rates are abnormally low for this season, whereas time money rates are higher than at this date in most recent years. The explanation lies, of course, in the desire which bankers have entertained of being fully prepared for the Fall demands, and it is to be expected that as these are gradually filled the existing discrepancy between call and time rates will disappear.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Reading Co. for dividend on first preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Dolores Mining Co.
Pressed Steel Car Co. on preferred.

SPECIAL MEETING.

B. F. Goodrich Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call money loaned on the Stock Exchange at 1¼@1½ per cent., with the last loan at 1¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 2⅜@3 per cent. for sixty days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for ninety days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four months, and 4½@4¾ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5½@6 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5½@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6@6½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 2 15-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $276,938,990; balances, $12,986,094; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $234,677.

The local banks lost $527,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.8675@$4.8680, sixty days at $4.8375@$4.8405, and cables at $4.8685@$4.87.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¾ less 1-32@5.18⅛ plus 1-64 for cables and 5.18⅛ less 5-64@5.18⅛ less 1-32 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 3-16@95 3-16 plus 3-64 for cables and 95¼@95 3-16 less 1-64 for sight.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par; Chicago, 30@40c discount; St. Louis, 10c discount; New Orleans, commercial, 50c discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; Savannah, buying, 3-16c discount; selling, par; Charleston, buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London at 24⅜d per ounce, and unchanged in New York at 52⅞c per ounce. Mexican dollars unchanged at 44c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—It was another quiet session on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange. Dribbling liquidation of the local traction stocks was still in evidence. Lehigh Valley was inclined to sag during the early trading, falling a point below last night's close, but subsequently recovering. Reading, following the improvement in New York, hardened here, after having shown a point decline in the morning dealings. Pennsylvania was steady, and United States Steel was inclined to improve. Tonopah-Belmont was not so active as in recent sessions, and fluctuated narrowly.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Cambria Steel	42¾	42¾	42¾
9	Elec. Storage	49	48½	49
200	General Asphalt	27	27	27
114	Gen. Asphalt pf.	71½	71	71½
20	H. & B. T. pf.	20	20	20
3	Keystone Tel.	7½	7½	7½
101	Lake Sup. Corp.	22	21	22
4,149	Lehigh Valley	80	79	79½
13	Minehill	61	61	61
721	Phila. R. T.	18¼	18	18
6	Penn. Steel pf.	108	108	108
187	Pennsylvania	64⅝	64¼	64 9-16
100	Phila. Electric	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜
3	Phila. Traction	83	83	83
975	Reading	71¼	70	70 9-16
1,180	Tonopah-Belmont	4	3⅞	3⅞
110	Tonopah Mining	8¾	8¾	8¾
223	United Gas Imp.	82	81¾	82
3,610	U. S. Steel	70⅜	69½	70¼
815	Union Traction	43¼	42⅜	43

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	99	99⅝
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	97¼	97⅜
Balt. & Ohio 4½s, June, 1913	98⅝	98¾
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	96	98
Chi. & Alton 5s, March 15, 1913	98⅜	99
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	99⅝	100¼
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	100¾	100⅝
K. C. Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	97⅜	98⅝
Lack. Steel, conv. deb. 5s, Mar., 1915	90¾	91½
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	97	98
St. L. & S. F. 5s, March, 1913	95	96½
Southern Ry. 5s, Feb., 1913	96⅞	98¼
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	99⅜	99⅝
Western T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	98¾	99¼
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1913	99⅜	100

Interest to be added.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked
4s —May, '50, f'chg	97⅝	98	97⅝	98
4s —Nov., '58, f'chg	97⅝	98	97⅝	98
4½s—May, '57, f'chg	106	106¼	106	106½
4½s—Nov., '57, f'chg	106	106¼	106	106½
4½s—May, '17, f'chg	102¼	103¼	102	103
4½s—Nov., '17, f'chg	102¼	103¼	102	103
4s —May, '57, f'chg	97⅝	98	97⅝	98
4s —Nov., '56, reg	96½	97½	96½	97½
4s —May, '10, f'chg	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
4½s—Mar., '60, w. i	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝
3½s—May, '54, coup	85⅝	86¼	85⅝	86¼
3½s—Nov., '54, c. f'chg	85⅝	86⅛	85⅝	86¼
3½s—May, 54, reg	85⅜	86	85	85⅞
3½s—Nov., '41, reg	86¼	88	86	88
*6s —Nov., '10, rev	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	101¼

*Coupon or registered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Aug. 23, 1910 328,934
From Jan. 1, 1910 119,835,034
Corresponding period last year 131,025,205

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
31	35	100	Allis-Chalmers pf.	32	32	32	32	−1
64¾	65	10,800	Amalgamated Cop.	64⅝	65⅜	64⅛	64⅞	...
33½	34	1,200	Am. Beet Sugar	33¾	34½	33¾	34	+ ¼
8¼	8⅝	400	Am. Can	8½	8½	8⅜	8⅜	− ¼
67¾	68	300	Am. Can pf.	67¾	68	67¾	68	− ½
110	112	130	Am. Car & Found. pf.	110⅛	110½	110¼	110½	−1½
63	63¼	1,900	Am. Cotton Oil	61½	63	61½	63	+1½
19¼	22	100	Am. Ice Securities	19½	19½	19½	19½	+ ¼
32½	33½	100	Am. Linseed pf.	33	33	33	33	...
34⅞	35¼	400	Am. Locomotive	34½	35	34¼	35	+ ½
31½	33	200	Am. Malt pf.	32	32	31⅜	31¾	−1
67¾	67½	5,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	67⅜	67¾	66¾	67½	+ ¼
102¾	103¾	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	103⅜	103⅜	103¼	103¾	+1
44½	45	800	Am. Steel Foundries	43	45½	43	44½	+ ½
119	120	200	Am. Sugar Refining	119	119	119	119	+ ¼
118	120	125	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	116	116	116	116	−3
134⅞	135¼	200	Am. Tel. & Tel.	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	134⅞	+ ⅜
28½	29	100	Am. Woolen	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	−1
95½	96¾	200	Am. Woolen pf.	97	97	96⅜	96⅜	− ⅛
35⅜	40	100	Anaconda Cop. Min.	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	+ ⅝
98¼	99⅜	4,800	Atch., Top. & S. F.	98½	99½	98¼	99¼	+ ½
99⅜	100½	50	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	...
109½	110	700	Atlantic Coast Line	110½	110¾	109	109	−2
104¾	104¼	2,300	Baltimore & Ohio	103½	104¾	103⅜	104⅛	+ ⅝
...	...	42	Bank of Commerce	200	200	200	200	...
27½	28	200	Bethlehem Steel	26½	27½	26½	27½	− ½
57	57½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf.	57¼	57¼	57¼	57¼	− ¼
75	75⅜	4,810	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	75¼	75½	75	75¼	− ¼
190½	190⅝	714	Canadian Pacific	190¾	190¾	190	190⅜	− ¼
33⅜	33⅞	3,300	Central Leather Co.	33⅞	34¼	33½	33⅝	− ¼
73⅜	73½	4,700	Chesapeake & Ohio	72⅝	73½	72¼	73¼	+ ¼
121¼	121½	3,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	120¼	121¼	120⅜	121¼	+ ¾
144	144½	400	Chi. & Northwestern	143⅜	144	143⅜	144	+ ¼
70	78	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	73	73	73	73	−1
29⅞	30½	400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	30	30⅛	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
...	...	400	Comstock Tunnel	•20	20	25	25	...
129½	129¾	1,250	Consolidated Gas	128½	129¾	128½	129¾	+1
14	14¼	400	Corn Products Ref.	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛
160½	161½	100	Delaware & Hudson	161½	161½	161½	161½	−1¾
30¼	30½	300	Denver & Rio Grande	30⅛	30½	30⅛	30⅜	+ ½
70	70¼	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	+ ⅛
82½	85	60	Detroit & Mackinac	85	85	85	85	...
27⅜	28¼	100	Distillers' Securities	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	− ¼
25⅛	25½	500	Erie	25	25½	25	25½	+ ⅛
43¼	43½	200	Erie 1st pf.	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼	− ¼
...	...	17	Fourth Nat. Bank	184½	184½	184½	184½	...
144	144½	100	General Electric	144	144	144	144	...
124½	124¾	1,300	Great Northern pf.	123⅞	124½	123¾	124¼	+ ⅝
53	54	200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	54	54	54	54	− ¼
129	131	100	Illinois Central	130½	130½	130½	130½	− ⅝
17⅝	17¾	1,800	Interborough-Met.	17⅝	18	17⅜	17¾	...
47⅜	48	800	Interborough-Met. pf.	47½	48¼	47½	48	...
95½	96¼	703	Int. Harvester	96⅜	96⅜	95¾	96	− ⅝
117⅜	118½	4	Int. Harvester pf.	118½	118½	118½	118½	...
10½	11	100	Int. Paper	10½	10½	10½	10½	...
47	48	300	Int. Paper pf.	48	48	47⅝	48	− ½
30½	31½	300	Iowa Central pf.	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ½
62	63	100	Kan. City South. pf.	62	62	62	62	−2
101⅜	102	300	Laclede Gas	101½	101⅞	101½	101⅞	+ ⅜
142¼	143¼	100	Louisville & Nash.	142¼	142¾	142¼	142¾	− ⅛
129	131	155	Manhattan Elevated	131	131	131	131	+ ⅞
23	25	300	Minn. & St. Louis	25	25¼	25	25¼	+ ⅝
128	129½	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	128¼	128¾	128¼	128¾	+ ½
32⅛	32½	200	Mo., Kansas & Texas	31⅞	32¼	31⅞	32¼	+ ½
53	54	1,700	Missouri Pacific	52	53¼	52	53	+ ½
108½	110¾	400	Nat. Biscuit Co.	109	110¾	109	109¾	+ ¼
28⅞	29½	3,800	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	28⅝	29½	28½	29½	+1⅛
70	73¼	110	N. Y. Air Brake	74	74	74	74	+1
111½	112	3,300	N. Y. Central	111	112	110⅝	111½	+ ¼
150	152½	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	150½	150⅝	150⅛	150⅜	− ⅛
..	..	206	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs., 2d paid	144½	144½	144⅛	144⅛	− ⅞
40	40¼	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	40	40	40	40	...
96¼	97⅛	920	Norfolk & Western	96½	97	96½	97	+ ½
114⅝	114⅞	4,200	Northern Pacific	114½	115	113⅞	114⅝	+ ¼
26⅞	27	200	Pacific Mail	27	27	27	27	+ ¼
128¾	128⅞	1,600	Pennsylvania R. R.	128⅝	129	128¼	128¾	+ ¼
35	35¼	500	Pressed Steel Car	35	35¼	35	35	+ ¼
142¼	142⅜	82,200	Reading	141⅝	142¾	140⅞	142¼	+ ⅜
31	31½	450	Rep. Iron & Steel	30⅜	31	30½	31	− ⅛
92	94	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	94	94	94	94	−1½
30⅞	31	9,400	Rock Island Co.	30½	31⅜	30⅝	31	+ ⅛
68	68⅜	500	Rock Island Co. pf.	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜	− ¼
39⅛	40½	400	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	40	40	39⅝	39⅝	−1⅜
56	58	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	57	57	57	57	...
114¼	114½	10,000	Southern Pacific	113¾	114⅜	113	114⅛	+ ⅝
23	23¼	800	Southern R'way ext.	23	23	22⅞	22⅞	− ⅛
52⅜	53⅜	350	South. R'way pf. ext.	53½	53½	53¼	53¼	−1
24⅛	24⅜	700	Tennessee Copper	24	24⅛	24	24¼	− ⅛
25½	26	200	Texas & Pacific	26	26	25⅞	25⅞	−1
22⅜	23½	300	Tol., St. L. & West.	23¼	23½	23¼	23½	+ ¼
48	48⅞	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	49	49¼	49	49¼	+ ¼
167	167⅛	63,200	Union Pacific	165⅞	167½	165⅝	167	+ ⅝
103	106	103	United Dry Goods pf.	105	105	105	105	+1½
56	56¾	50	United Rys. Inv. pf.	56	56	56	56	...
107½	108¾	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	108	108	108	108	− ¾
70¼	70⅝	77,400	U. S. Steel	69⅜	70⅝	69¼	70¼	+ ½
116¼	116¾	700	U. S. Steel pf.	116½	116⅝	116	116¼	...
45¼	45⅜	1,100	Utah Copper	45⅛	45⅜	45¼	45⅜	...
57	57½	800	Va.-Caro. Chemical	57	57¼	57	57¼	...
17⅛	18	275	Wabash	17¼	17⅜	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
36¾	36⅞	2,400	Wabash pf.	36⅞	36⅞	36⅝	36¼	− ¼
61½	65	100	Western Union Tel.	62	62	62	62	+1
5¼	5⅝	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	5½	5½	5½	5½	− ⅛
48	50	100	Wisconsin Central	50	50	50	50	+1

•Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	101	101½	Lacl. G. pf.	83	100
2s, c., 1930	101	...	L. E. & W.	15	17
3s, r., 1918	101¾	102⅝	L. E. & W. pf.	35	50
3s, c., 1918	101¾	102⅝	Lake Shore	325	...
4s, r., 1925	114⅝	115¼	Long Island	63½	66
4s, c., 1925	114⅝	115¼	Mackay Cos.	85	87½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	...	101	Mackay Cos. pf.	73½	74½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	...	101	Mah. C. R.	400	...
Adams Exp.	230	...	Man. B.	2	4
Allis-Chalm.	9	9½	Md. C. pf.	50	90
Am. Ag. C.	43	44	Mer. Marine	4½	5½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	...	95	Mer. Marine pf.	15½	16½
Am. B. S.	...	...	Mich. Cent.	...	180
Am. B. S. pf.	...	93½	M. & St. L.	...	36
A. B. S. & F.	...	85	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	87	89
A. B. S. & F. pf.	122½	125	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	146	149
A. C. & F.	48	49½	Mo., K. & T.	...	...
Am. Coal	75	150	Mo., K. & T. pf.	61½	63½
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101¼	103	N. C. & St. L.	...	123
Am. D. Tel.	15	30	Nat. R. pf.	...	180
Am. Exp.	240	260	Nat. Enam.	15½	16½
A. H. & L.	4½	5½	Nat. En. pf.	80	100
A. H. & L. pf.	26½	27½	Nat. Lead	50	51
Am. L. Co.	12	13	Nat. L. pf.	101½	105
Am. Loc. pf.	103	106	Nat. R. of M. 1st pf.	66	67½
Am. Malt	3½	6	Nev. Con. C.	20¼	20½
Am. S. pf.	...	...	N. Y. C. & St. L.	...	61
Am. Snuff	84	85	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	...	100
Am. Snuff pf.	200	300	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	...	80
Am. Sm. pf.	95	101	N. Y. Dock Co. pf.	...	75
A. T. & C.	71	75	N. & W. pf.	88	90
A. Tob. pf.	92½	93¼	North Am.	65½	69½
Ann Arbor	28	30	Ont. Cent.	200	...
Ann A. pf.	68	72	N. O. T. & M.	...	38½
Asso. O.	51	51	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	...	80
B. & O. pf.	86	87	N. Y. Dock Co. pf.	...	75
Batopilas M.	2	2½	N. Y. Transit	...	110
B. Un. G.	133	136	Ont. Mining	2¼	2½
Bruns. Ter.	8	8¾	Pac. Coast.	100	108
B., R. & P.	88	102	Pac. C. 1st pf.	...	80
B., R. & P. pf.	121	130	Pac. C. 2d pf.	...	100
B. & S. pf.	...	19	Pac. Tel. & Tel.	...	32
But'k Co.	29½	30	Peo. G. C.	105½	106½
Canada So.	61	65	Peo. & E.	19	23
Cent. L. pf.	104⅞	105½	Pere Marq.	24	33
C. R. R. of N. J.	...	235	Pere M. 1st pf.	42	60
C. & S. A.	...	116	Pere M. 2d pf.	...	80
Chi. & Alt.	20½	30¾	Phila. Co.	87	90
C. & A. pf.	62½	65½	P., C., C. & St. L.	95	96½
C., B. & Q.	200	...	P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	105	116
Chi. Gt. W.	23½	24	Pitts. Coal.	16⅞	18
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	45½	46½	Pitts. C. pf.	64	70
Chi., Ind. & Louis. pf.	60	80	Pr. St. Car	...	...
C. M. & St. Paul pf.	143½	146¾	Pr. St. Car pf.	94¼	95½
C. & N. W.	203	210	Pullman Co.	158	160
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	130	150	Quicksilver	2½	3⅜
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	145	165	Q'ksil'r pf.	3	5
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	2¾	3½	Ry. St. Sp.	32	55
Chi. Un. T. pf. ctfs. st.	6	8	Ry. St. Sp. pf.	91	99
C., C. C. & St. L. pf.	98	99½	Rdg. 1st pf.	86	90
Col. F. & I.	...	100	Rdg. 2d pf.	92¼	93
Col. & So.	54	55	R., W. & O.	118	123
Col. & So. 1st pf.	71½	72½	Rutland pf.	25	30
Col. & So. 2d pf.	70	72	St. L. & S. F.	53	65
Col. & H. C. & Iron.	4½	6½	St. L. & S. F. 2d	...	180
Corn P. R. pf.	73	76	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	...	115
Crex Carpet.	56	63	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	20	24
Cub.-Am. S.	38	39	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	56	58
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	...	91½	St. L. S. W.	20	24
D., L. & W.	493	520	St. L. S. W. pf.	56	58
D., M. & Ft. D.	4	14	Sears-Roeb.	...	158
Det. U. R.	..	52	Sears-R. pf.	...	123
D., S. S. & A.	103½	12	S.-S. S. & I. pf.	105	110
D., S. S. & A. pf.	21	23	So. P. R. S.	80½	..
Dul. Sup. T. pf.	...	70	So. P. R. S. pf.	...	110
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	84½	85¾	So. Ry.	110	..
Erie 2d pf.	31	32¾	So. Ry. M. & O. ctfs.	78	85
Ev. & T. H.	52	55	T. P. L. Tr.	87	90
Ev. & T. H. pf.	...	75	Third Av.	8½	9
F. M. & S.	22¾	25	T., P. & W.	17	..
F. M. & S. pf.	...	65	T. R. & P.	7¾	8½
Federal Sug.	40	60	T. C. R. T.	107¾	110
Fed. S. pf.	90	100	U. B. & P.	7	8
Gen. C. Co.	90	100	U. B. & P. pf.	54	60
Gen. C. Co. pf.	103	105	Un. Pac. pf.	91½	92¾
Granby Con.	25	100	Un. Cig. M. pf.	102	108
Hav. E. R. pf.	...	94	Un. Dry G.	100	104
Hock. Val.	120	125½	U. Rys. In.	28	30
Homestake.	86	89	U. S. C. I. Pipe	14	16
Inger.-Rand.	95	..	U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	50	57
Inger.-Rand. pf.	97	...	U. S. Exp.	90	110
Int. St. P.	39	40½	U. S. R. & Impt.	71⅞	72
Int. St. P. pf.	81¼	82¼	U. S. R. & Ref.	5½	7½
Iowa Cent.	17	17¼	U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	15½	25
Kan. C. Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	71¼	73½	U. S. Rub.	33¾	34
Kan. C. So.	29	31	U. S. R. 2d pf.	69	70½
K. & D. M.	5	8	Va.-Car. Ch. Co. pf.	121	125
K. & D. M. pf.	30	50	Va. I., C. & Coke	...	61
Kn. I., Chi., pf.	67	75			
Lack. Steel.	..	88			

BID AND ASKED.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
W. F. Exp.	155	168	Westingh'se 1st pf.	105	125
West. Md.	44	45	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	10	11
West. Md. pf.	67	68	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	6½	7½
Westingh'se assenting.	59	61			

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
3d week Aug.	$43,225	$39,458	$3,767
Jan. 1-Aug. 21.	1,368,771	1,280,408	88,363

SEABOARD AIR LINE—

2d week Aug.	340,265	320,501	19,764
July 1-Aug. 15.	2,237,228	2,034,888	202,340

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for June—

Mileage	9,039.97	9,020.82	19.15
Freight rev.	4,494,171	4,094,198	899,973
Passenger rev.	1,977,613	1,735,229	242,383
Oth. trans. rev.	545,198	525,338	19,860
Non-trans. revs.	83,489	71,990	11,490
Total op. revs.	7,100,473	6,426,765	673,708
Maint. of way & structures	1,571,866	1,660,352	•88,485
Maint. of equip.	958,038	1,204,322	•246,283
Traffic exp.	145,033	164,547	•19,513
Trans. exp.	2,517,032	1,973,364	543,667
General exp.	182,573	177,257	5,315
Total op. exp.	5,374,544	5,179,843	194,700
Net op. revs.	1,725,929	1,246,922	479,007
Outside op. deb.	7,462	15,792	•8,330
Total net revs.	1,718,467	1,231,129	487,337
Taxes	599,330	178,417	420,913
Oper. income	1,119,136	1,052,711	66,424

•Decrease.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN for the quarter ended June 30—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Total op. rev.	9,389,878	8,528,283	8,450,584
Total op. exp.	5,218,962	4,833,704	4,860,475
Net op. revs.	4,170,915	3,694,579	3,590,108
Net rev. from outside oper.	62,191	82,822	•87,529
Total net rev.	4,233,106	3,776,902	3,532,579
Taxes accrued	355,950	295,200	338,400

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Illinois Tunnel 5s, 1928
Schwarzschild & Sulzberger 6s, 1916
Western Pacific 5s, 1933

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Underwood Typewriter Co. Stocks
Tri-City Ry. & Lt. Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Elect. Co. Stocks
Amer. Gas & Elec. Pfd.
Amer. Power & Lt. Stocks

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E. B. MORRIS, President.
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MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

113 BROADWAY

CHARTERED 1864

Union Trust Co. of New York

80 BROAWAY Fifth Ave. & 38th St.

Capital & Surplus, $8,737,000

Allows Interest on Deposits

Central Trust Company of New York

54 WALL STREET

CAPITAL and SURPLUS . $18,000,000

(of which $17,000,000) has been earned

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 30 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 149th St.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Income Bond Earnings.

In the annual report of the Central of Georgia Railway the income bondholders read yesterday that the balance of earnings for the year applicable to interest on their bonds was only $1,216, which was too small an amount, of course, to make any payment on these issues. Indeed, the management recently announced the revenues of the company for this past year were not sufficient for any distribution on the income bonds. The makeup of the account, which showed this very meagre balance, presented some items in which the income bondholders took particular interest. Among the charges against the year's income was one of $1,247,000 for renewals and betterments, another of $70,000 for reserve for renewal and betterments, and two items of $30,000 each for the payment of bonds which matured during the year. The amount expended for renewals and betterments, and charged to income, was not much short of double the amount similarly charged the previous year. What the income bondholders were inclined to ask yesterday was how large the earnings of the road would have to be to show under such a system of accounting any earnings available for income bond interest. The Inter-State Commerce Commission rules that such expenditures for betterments have to be charged to capital account, and the Central of Georgia's balance sheet is made up in conformity with this ruling of the commission, but this is a meagre solace for the income bondholders.

***

Oppose Currency Associations.

Advices from Minneapolis received in the financial district yesterday indicated that the officers of National banks in that city see no necessity of forming an emergency currency association there, and are, therefore, not disposed to accede to the suggestion recently advanced by the Secretary of the Treasury that these associations be formed throughout the United States. A somewhat similar disposition has been shown by Chicago bankers, whereas here in the East the New York National banks were quick to respond to the suggestion of the Treasury Department. If any need arises for emergency currency this Fall it is generally accepted that it will come from crop-moving demands, and it is a matter of interest, therefore, that some of the banks closest to this demand see no reason for providing for the issuance of emergency currency.

***

Who's Who in Cotton.

With the last month of the cotton season making new high records and more cotton coming from abroad to make good selling contracts for the option there has been some taking of stock among the professionals as to who has been the king pin in this season's most successful bull campaign on record. James A. Patten, it is said, on the Cotton Exchange, has had more glory than his part in the advance of prices during the last season has deserved. Since the closing of the May deal Patten has been out of the market, the professionals say, and the burden of accepting the heavy deliveries on July and August contracts has fallen on Eugene P. Scales, Frank Hayne, and William P. Brown in the order named. Mr. Scales, it is said, has been the biggest man in the cotton pool from the beginning of the campaign to the end, although it is admitted by his friends that in the January raid on the May option he lost something like $3,000,000 in paper profits.

***

Heavy Disbursements Next Month.

The estimates of dividend and interest disbursements next month range up to $100,000,000, an increase of $20,000,000 over those of last year, which in its turn made new records over 1907. According to The Wall Street Journal's estimates the dividends payable in September total $58,956,000, against $41,687,000 in the same month a year ago, and $34,879,000 in 1908. Bond interest is put at $37,236,000, as compared with $38,240,000 in 1907, and $32,057,000 in 1908. The Standard Oil and United States Steel dividends for the period are payable in September, the former aggregating $6,000,000, payable on Sept. 15, and the latter totaling $6,353,000, payable Sept. 29. The dividend on United States Steel preferred, aggregating $6,305,000, is payable Aug. 30.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—The official closing quotation for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.11	Hale & Norcross	.37
Alpha Con.	.08	Justice	.10
Andes	.18	Kentucky Con.	.10
Belcher	.00	Mexican	1.35
Best & Belcher	.48	Occidental Con.	.44
Bullion	.20	Ophir	1.47
Challenge Con.	.18	Potosi	.35
Chollar	.21	Savage	.21
Confidence	.70	Sierra Nevada	.33
Con. C. & V.	1.45	Union Con.	.43
Con. Imperial	.05	Utah Con.	.06
Crown Point	.54	Yellow Jacket	.35
Gould & Curry	.27		

Silver bars, 52⅞; Mexican dollars, 45 to 46; drafts, sight, 4 to 5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 6 to 7½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	3.87	Crackerjack	.02
Jim Butler	.25	Daisy	.04
MacNamara	.27	Goldfield Con.	8.27
Midway	.24	Great Bend	.06
Montana	.90	Jumbo Ext.	.46
North Star	.08	Kendall	.02
West End	.60	Lone Star	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.04
Adams	.01	Sandstorm	.03
Atlantac	.14	St. Ives	.18
Blue Bell	.03	Silver Pick	.09
Comb. Frac.	.48	BULLFROG.	
		Tramps Con.	.03

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 23.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	10	10¼	Jackpot	10	11
Elkton	75⅜	75⅝	McKinney	53	55
ElyPaso	85	85½	Old Gold	5¼	5½
Findlay	9¼	10	Portland	118	121
Gold Dollar	15½	16½	Vindicator	92	94
Isabella	15¼	15⅝	Jennie S.	10	11

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Most of the trading today was in Chicago Subway, which sold off to 5 under moderate offerings. The stock was also sold freely on the New York Curb. National Biscuit was strong, advancing from 109 to 110, while Swift shares held steady around 103. Sears-Roebuck common showed more than a point decline on a single transaction.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125..	Am. Can	8½	8⅛	8½
100..	Am. Can pf.	68¼	68¼	68¼
40..	Am. T. & T.	134¾	134¾	134¾
1..	Chi. Pneu. Tool	86	86	86
40..	Chi. Railways, Series 1	70	70	70
100..	Chi. Railways, Series 2	15¾	15⅜	15⅝
435..	Chi. Subway	5¼	5	5¼
75..	Corn Products Ref.	14	14	14
10..	Diamond Match	90½	90	90
10..	Illinois Brick	59½	59½	59½
81..	Masonic Temple	45	45	45
230..	Nat. Biscuit	110	109	110
75..	McCrum-Howell	53	53	53
60..	McCrum-Howell pf.	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
35..	People's Gas	106	106	106
20..	Quaker Oats pf.	102	102	102
140..	Sears-Roebuck	154	154	154
104..	Swift & Co.	103	102⅞	103
30..	United Box Board	7¼	7¼	7¼
100..	U. S. Steel	70	70	70

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Aug. 22.	Month.	Fis. Year.
Rects., customs.	$453,670	$20,593,025	$45,644,536
Int. revenue	352,146	16,316,288	39,780,756
Corp. tax	1,070	64,770	6,182,026
Miscellaneous	57,195	1,850,392	6,035,109
Total	$864,083	$38,824,477	$97,642,429
Expenditures	967,295	41,669,074	110,080,783
Deficit	103,213	2,844,597	12,438,354

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Early prices in the wheat market were lower, reflecting continued liberal receipts, especially from the Northwest, indicating willingness on the part of farmers to dispose of the crop and a bearish estimate of the Canadian crop. This estimate was issued by The Free Press of Manitoba and made the current yield 101,000,000 bushels. Early in the season, when extreme pessimism prevailed, this same crop was figured at 60,000,000 bushels. At the decline, however, there seemed to be little pressure, with the market presenting an oversold appearance. The declines of the last few days seem to have improved the technical condition materially, and when shorts endeavored to cover offerings were extremely limited. Late strength of Liverpool caused some nervousness and the market advanced slowly but gradually, closing with a substantial gain. The Canadian and Northwestern markets exhibited the most strength, with buying in those markets on reports of snow in Canada and predictions of frost and cooler weather. Bradstreet's report, issued at noon, was more bearish than expected, indicating an increase in stocks of world's wheat of 7,211,000 bushels. This compares with an increase of over 8,000,000 bushels last week, but with the comparatively small increase of 830,000 bushels last year. This statement had little effect on values, and the failure of bear news to bring about any freer offerings emphasized the better technical position. A cable from Argentina to a prominent Chicago house, reporting drought there, had quite a little effect on sentiment.

Cash wheat quoted: No. 2 red Winter nominal to arrive, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 2 red spot nominal; new, $1.07¾ free on board, afloat, for export; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.22 nominal; No. 2 hard Winter, new, $1.08, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.14¾. Sales include 1,000 bushels No. 4 red Winter, $1.02; 1,000 bushels no grade, $1.02, both in elevator, domestic.

The corn market opened higher, with offerings limited. Selling was restrained by early advices reporting a severe electrical storm in the lake region, which was said to be working southwestward and doing considerable damage. Shorts were fair buyers, influenced by estimates of smaller receipts and on Bradstreet's report. This document, notwithstanding the comparatively heavy movement of last week, reported a decrease of 686,000 bushels, against a corresponding decrease last week of 1,421,000 bushels and an increase last year of 418,000 bushels. Later there was some reaction on reports of slackening in the cash demand. Cash corn quoted nominal.

Oats were steady at the outset on short covering and on some buying by traders for a turn. The market for a time acted better in sympathy with other grain, but late in the day pressure again developed, owing to continued large receipts and slow cash demand. Bradstreet's report was bearish, showing an increase in the stocks of 6,254,000 bushels, against an increase last week of 3,200,000 bushels and 3,048,000 bushels increase a year ago. Cash oats quoted: Standards, 39c; No. 2 white, 39½c; No. 3 white, 39c; No. 4 white, 38½c; natural white, 39@40¼c; white clipped, 41@43½c.

Provisions were higher at the outset, due to the firmness in the hog market and on predictions of lighter receipts. Demand, however, was quiet on the advance and the market developed decided heaviness on profit taking.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
Wheat—				
September	$1.07	$1.05⅝	$1.06¾	$1.04
December	1.10⅝	1.09½	1.10½	1.09⅝
Corn—				
September	..	..	68¾	69
December	..	..	66¾	..
Lard—				
January	11.10	11.10	11.08	11.05

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
Wheat—				
September	$1.00¾	98⅞	99¾	99¼
December	1.04⅜	$1.02¾	$1.04	$1.03
May	1.09	1.07¾	1.08⅞	1.07⅝
Corn—				
September	60¾	60¼	60¾	60
December	58⅞	58¼	58½	58¼
May	60⅝	60¼	60⅝	60¼
Oats—				
September	34⅞	34⅝	34½	34⅝
December	37⅛	36¾	36¾	36¾
May	40	39½	39⅝	39½
Lard—				
September	12.15	11.92½	11.92½	12.10
October	12.15	11.92½	11.92½	12.05
November	11.62½	11.45	11.45	11.55
January	10.62½	10.52½	10.52½	10.65
Ribs—				
September	12.65	12.37½	12.37½	12.57½
October	11.90	11.62½	11.62½	11.80
January	9.77½	9.62½	9.62½	9.80
Pork—				
September	21.45	21.27½	21.30	21.47½
October	20.95	20.60	20.60	20.85
January	18.75	18.40	18.40	18.70

COTTON.

Opening prices were at an advance of from 4 to 12 points, and as has been the case the past few days, the greatest strength was noted in the near months. Foreign buying was again in evidence in these positions which represented short coverings, and there was also good buying for bull account. The market received impetus from Liverpool advices, which were better than earlier anticipated. That market was affected by Continental buying and by smaller crop estimates on the Texas crop. Crop reports received here were rather mixed, indicating generally favorable conditions east of the Mississippi, but rather unfavorable in parts of Texas with that State adversely affected by hot dry weather in some sections. There was a report by a Southern newspaper which was very bullish on the Texas crop and on the percentage given would indicate an output of only 2,500,000 bales, with normal conditions prevailing at the end of the season. This estimate, however, was not in unison with the general opinion, which seemed to be for a crop of that State of from three to three and one-quarter million bales. There was some profit taking in the market at times, but bulls continued liberal buyers throughout. The advance in the afternoon was helped by the unfavorable weekly weather report on Texas, with a disposition shown to ignore the favorable features of the report. An estimate of the total cotton crop issued by a local reporting association made the prospective return 10,370,000 bales, which showed a deterioration for the month of approximately 300,000 bales and a decrease of 1,250,000 bales for the past two months. This estimate compares with a crop last year of 10,290,000 bales, as given by the census report and had some effect on sentiment.

New York spot cotton quiet, 15 points advance; middling uplands, 16.55c; middling gulf, 16.80c.

COTTON PRICES.

Opening, range, and close to-day, and closing bid the previous night and last year follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Monday Close.
August	16.50	16.60	16.48	16.52@16.54	16.39
September	14.40	14.43	14.36	14.36@14.37	14.28
October	13.68	13.71	13.63	13.63@13.64	13.57
November	..	..	..	13.54@13.56	13.47
December	13.55	13.62	13.51	13.54@13.55	13.47
January	13.48	13.61	13.48	13.53@13.54	13.44
February	13.53	13.54	13.53	13.53@13.54	13.45
March	13.56	13.65	13.56	13.58@13.59	13.49
May	13.57	13.67	13.57	13.62@13.64	13.53
June	..	..	..	13.50@13.61	13.50
July	..	..	..	13.60@13.62	13.51

The market closed barely steady at 6 to 13 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee fell 3 to 10 points at the opening owing to a sharp decline in the European markets with selling for foreign account. Offerings were well absorbed and there was a late active demand, and the close showed a net advance of 3 to 10 points, with total sales of 78,000 bags.

Havre was ⅝@1f lower early, but regained ¼f, and at the close was ⅛@⅜f net lower, while Hamburg, after showing a decline of 3@1 pfennig, made a partial recovery and closed at ⅛@1 pfennig lower. The Brazilian market was firm, Rio showing an advance of 175 reis, while Santos was unchanged to 50 reis higher, and cost and freight offers were very firm. A private cable from Santos said that the prospects for flowering are doubtful and that drought continues. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is 3,087,521 bags, compared with 3,753,234 last year. Spot coffee very firm, 9⅝c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
August	....	....	7.65@7.70	7.55
September	7.65	7.50	7.65@7.70	7.55
October	7.70	7.55	7.70@7.75	7.60
November	7.65	7.55	7.75@7.80	7.70
December	7.90	7.75	7.85@7.90	7.80
January	....	....	7.90@7.91	7.84
February	....	....	7.91@7.93	7.86
March	7.93	7.85	7.93@7.95	7.88
April	....	....	7.96@7.98	7.91
May	8.00	7.88	8.00@8.05	7.95
June	....	....	8.01@8.02	7.98
July	8.03	7.94	8.03@8.04	7.99

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Money, 2½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 3⅜ per cent.

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Consols, account	81 1-16	..	..	+1-16
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Atchison	101½	98⅜	98¾	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	195¼	189¾	190½	— ¾
St. Paul	124	120½	120½	.. ..
Erie	25⅞	25⅛	25⅛	.. ..
Erie 1st pf.	44½	43⅛	43⅛	— ⅝
Illinois Central	134	130¾	..	.. ..
Louis. & Nash.	146	142	142⅝	.. ..
N. Y. Central	114¾	111⅝	111⅝	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	66	128¼	128½	+ ¼
Reading	72½	141	141⅞	+ ⅜
Southern Pacific	117⅝	114	113½	+ ½
Union Pacific	171½	166¼	166¼	+ ¼
U. S. Steel	72⅝	70⅝	69⅝	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	119⅞	116¼	116¼	+ ⅝

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BALTIMORE, Aug. 23.—Maryland Casualty, which has been showing renewed strength, made a further fractional advance. Other issues were firm, but trading was narrow. Shares, 105; bonds, $29,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	At. Con. St. Ry. 5s	104¼	104¼	104¼
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s	72¼	72¼	72¼
1,000	Fair. & Clarks. tr. 5s	96	96	96
3,000	Fairmont Coal 1st 5s	95	95	95
5,000	Ga., S. & F. 1st 5s	106	106	106
1,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	103	103	103
8,000	Knoxville Traction 5s	102½	102½	102½
1,000	Norf. & P. Trac. 5s	82¼	82¼	82¼
3,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	83	83	83
8,000	United Rys. inc.	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞
1,000	Western N. C. 6s	105¼	105¼	105¼

STOCKS.

5..	Cotton Duck	5½	5½	5½
10..	Farmers & Merchants'	47	47	47
10..	Georges Creek C. & I.	9	9	9
10..	Maryland Casualty	91¼	91¼	91¼
40..	Mechanics' Bank	27	27	27
10..	Mercantile Trust	140	140	140
20..	Seaboard Co	22	22	22

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
160..	Crucible Steel	12¼	12¼	12¼
225..	Crucible Steel pf.	76¾	76¼	76¾
10..	Independent Brewing.	4¾	4¾	4¾
40..	Ind. Brewing pf.	20¾	20¾	20¾
30..	Mfrs. L. & H.	20¼	20¼	20¼
22..	Ohio Fuel	45	45	45
10..	Pittsburg Coal pf.	65¾	65¾	65¾
1,800..	Ross Mining	.15	.15	.15
100..	Tonopah Extension	.87	.87	.87
65..	Union Switch	103	103	103
15..	U. S. Steel	70	70	70

UNLISTED.

500..	Ohio Fuel Oil	6¾	6½	6¾
1,100..	San Toy	.25	.24	.25

BONDS.

$4,500..	Ohio Fuel Supply 6s	94	94	94

SCRIP.

$2,210..	Crucible Steel	66	66	66

WARRANTS.

$7 4-5..	Pittsburg Plate Glass.	1	1	1

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IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Apartment House Deals the Feature of the Market—Tenements Purchased for Investment—Crocker Residence Withdrawn From the Market—Bronx and Suburban Sales.

Apartment house property proved the feature of the realty market yesterday.

Several deals on the upper west side were reported, the most important of which was the sale of the Chiselhurst, a six-story apartment on Fort Washington Avenue, between 180th and 181st Streets, on a plot 100 by 108.

The buyer, E. H. Peck, gives in part payment to Mark Ash the four dwellings, 454, 457, 460, and 464 West 144th Street, between Amsterdam and Convent Avenues. George R. Read & Co. negotiated the sale.

Buy Plot for Apartment.

Another transaction on Washington Heights that foreshadows the erection of a big apartment was the purchase of a plot 75 by 100 on the south side of 157th Street, 200 feet west of Broadway, by the Sun Construction Company, (Nieberg Brothers.)

The plot adjoins the two big apartments recently erected at the southeast corner of Broadway and 157th Street by Patrick McMorrow, and is now disposed of by the Central Building Improvement and Investment Company and the Realty Mortgage Company.

The sellers bought the property from James C. Picken last December. It is part of the large Clark estate plot of nineteen lots sold a couple of years ago to Klein & Jackson. The purchasers will erect an eight-story apartment.

Realty Company Buys the Westerfield.

The Larkins-Thompson Realty Company is the buyer of the ten-story apartment house known as the Westerfield, at 610 West 116th Street, 50 by 100, sold last week by Madeline L. Ottman through Earle and Calhoun.

Harlem Tenements for Investment.

The Park View Realty Company has sold for Hahn & Geisler 231, 233, and 235 East 108th Street, three four-story flats, each on lot 25 by 100.11. The purchaser is the De Goode Realty Company, which will hold the property for investment.

Bronx Sales.

David B. Baum has sold for a client the premises known as 1,043 College Avenue, a three-family house, to Helene Trattner.

Brooklyn Sales.

George E. Lovett & Co. have sold for F. J. Renken of 305 Sterling Place, between Underhill and Washington Avenues, a three-story and basement stone residence, 19 by 45 by 131; at 307 Sterling Place, a three-story and basement and dining room extension, brownstone residence, and on the south side of First Street, near Ninth Avenue, a four-story American basement stone residence, 22 by 76 by 100, now being erected by Louis Bonert, for $35,000.

Suburban Sales.

The Lewis H. May Company has sold for William Scheer the Regensburg cottage at 8 North Cedar Avenue, Arverne, L. I., to Eugene K. Campell, who will improve and occupy by the year.

The I. Mayer Realty Company sold three houses in Hartwell Place, Woodmere, for $4,000 each. James L. Abrams bought two and Frank Hammerann one. The same company sold four lots in Hartwell Place to S. G. Hess for $2,500.

Factory for Jamaica.

A plot, 100 by 100 feet, at the corner of Union Hall and Cumberland Street, Jamaica, has been sold by Charles L. Burchard to the David H. Schmidt Company, manufacturer of piano hammers in the Bronx. The plant of the company will be removed to Jamaica as soon as a building is ready for it. About fifty men are employed. The work of building is to be begun at once.

Recent Buyers.

Miss Emily Sharswood is the buyer of 149 East Seventy-second Street, sold recently by Edward A. Le Roy.

Crocker House Withdrawn.

N. C. Thrall, one of the executors of the George Crocker estate, stated yesterday that while the Crocker mansion, at the north corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, had been withdrawn from the market, no sale of the property had been effected. He declined to say for what reason the property has been withdrawn.

Douglas Robinson Leases Residence.

Douglas Robinson has leased his former residence, at 422 Madison Avenue, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets, to Frank Bowles, a dealer in antiques, now located at 347 Fourth Avenue.

The house is a four-story and basement structure, having a frontage of 28 feet, and was occupied by Mr. Robinson for a number of years. Mr. Bowles will make extensive alterations to the house and use it for his business.

Housing Big Express Companies.

It was learned yesterday that the Howard & Childs Brewing Company's property in Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets, between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, recently purchased by the New York Central Railroad, will be utilized for the erection of buildings to house the Adams and American Express Companies, now located at the Forty-second Street terminal. The railroad company has made other purchases in the same vicinity from time to time since the first of the year, aggregating $1,000,000.

Tearing Down Old Station.

The old Grand Central Station is to be razed. The New York House Wrecking Company yesterday received permission from the Bureau of Buildings to take down the old building on Vanderbilt Avenue, extending from Forty-second Street to Forty-fifth Street. It was for years used as a waiting room and offices for the New York Central and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroads before the new waiting rooms and office building fronting on Forty-second Street were erected about twelve years ago. The old structure occupies a plot 500 by 35.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Herbert A. Sherman.

171st St, 562, s s, 150 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 25x95, two-story dwelling; C. W. MacLennan, referee; amount due, $5,398.50; taxes, &c., $816.13; to the plaintiff for $8,250.

By Daniel Greenwald.

8th Av, 750-752, n e corner of 46th St, 50.5x125x irregular, six-story office and store building; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which Metropolitan Mercantile and Realty Co. had on Oct. 29, 1909, or since; adjourned to Aug. 30.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SPECIAL FUND
$50,000.
@ 4½%
PRIVATE DWELLINGS
WM. A. WHITE & SONS
62 CEDAR STREET

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
Low rates of interest; moderate charges. Prompt action on applications.
PIERRE M. CLEAR, 261 BROADWAY.

Wanted—By a prosperous manufacturing concern a first mortgage loan of $15,000 on $25,000 machinery. W 213 Times Downtown.

$15,000 to loan, first mortgage, improved property. Address Mortgage, 104 East 14th St.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

56th St, East, 94.3 ft e of 1st Av, garage; Peter Dociger, owner, 407 East 55th St; A. G. Koenig, architect, 401 West 24th St, $35,000.

Bank St, s s, 293, 295, and 297, 65 ft e of 4th St, with "L" in 4th St, two-story store and apartment house; Christian Yere, owner, 302 West 13th St; Justus J. Smith, architect, 46 Lawrence St, $75,000.

58th St, s s, 42 ft e of 12th Av, one-story power house, concrete; Coal Boulet Co., owners; Emory W. Fenn, architect, 820 12th Av, $3,000.

Alterations.

No alterations below $5,000.

Madison Av, e s, 74.5 ft n of 57th St, two private residences, ten openings between houses, new stairway; Dr. Joseph A. Blake, owner, 601 Madison Av; James Gamble Rogers, 11 East 24th St, architect, $25,000.

78th St, n s, 98 ft e of Amsterdam Av, two dwelling houses to be occupied as a dwelling for the Sisters of Mercy of St. Vincent de Paul, lower wall to be removed to make a community room; Sisters of Mercy, owners; C. E. Ditman, architect, 111 5th Av, $8,000.

Hull Av, n s, 150 ft e of Mosholu Parkway, three four-story brick tenements, 27 and 27.11½ x95; A. D'Andrea, 206th St and St. George's Crescent, owner; Moore & Landseidel, 148th St and 3d Av, architects, $60,000.

Hoe Av, n w corner of 172d St, five-story brick tenement, 25x90; Atiro Realty Co., Angelo Atteri, 1,148 Tiffany St, Treasurer, owners; Goldner & Goldberg, 704 Jackson Av, architects, $35,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, Aug. 23.

With name and address of purchaser.

173D ST, 416 East, n s, 20x100; Julia Dunkak to Gottlieb W. Graeber, (mtg $7,900.) Aug. 22; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....$1

WATER ST, 666, n s, 25x100; Henry A. Frikman, referee, to Jacob and Isidore Kauffman, Aug. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,000

CHERRY ST, 274, n s, 26.2x113.1; Loring M. Black, Jr., referee, to Samuel Cohen and another, Aug. 22; attorneys, Rosenthal & Steckler, 320 Broadway.....$30,544

BROOME ST, 274, n e corner of Allen St, 90 and 92, 22.4x75; Max Mann to Samuel Mann, July 12; address, 182 Grand St.....$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 104th St, 22x100; Alanta E. Gillette to Jessie Farquharson, (mtg $55,000.) Aug. 17; attorney Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1

EAST BROADWAY, 158, n s, 25x106.9 to 39 Canal St; Fannie Seldin to Rebecca Lipschutz, June 17, 1909; address, 1 East 106th St....$1

85TH ST, 19 West, n s, 20x102.2; Mae Weil to Adeline S. Fink, (mtg $40,000.) Aug. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

COLLEGE AV, e s corner of 168th St, 200x100; Jacob G. Breunich to Thomas H. Roff, Aug. 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

FINDLAY AV, s w corner of 168th St, 200x100; Jacob G. Breunich to Bessie L. Kirkland, Aug. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

125TH ST, n s, 102 ft w of 2d Av, 28x99.11; Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to Henry H. Jackson, (mtg $21,000.) Aug. 1; attorney, Stephen H. Jackson, 106 Lexington Av.$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; Henry H. Jackson to Solomon Barney, (mtg $21,000.) Aug. 17; attorney, H. Scheidlinger, 116 Nassau St.....$100

117TH ST, 218 East, s s, 25x100.11; David Alexander to Eleanor Bauman, (mtg $18,500.) Aug. 22; attorney, Max Heinrich, 104 Grey St, Jersey City.....$100

146TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Brook Av, 25x99.8; Gottlieb W. Graeber to Julia Dunkak, (mtg $10,000.) Aug. 22; attorney, F. C. Herbman, 2,804 3d Av.....$100

LOTS 30 and 31, map of Joel Wolfe estate; Frank L. Alazenger to Peter Leckler, Aug. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

41ST ST, n s, between 2d and 3d Avs, lot 55 and part of 54 and 57 to 62, map of Kips Bay Farm; Mary H. Pettit to Brainerd T. and Noah Norris, Dec. 11, 1909; attorney, Job E. Hedges, 165 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Melville M. Moore, to same, Oct. 7, 1907; same attorney.....$25

SAME PROPERTY; Walter Skip to same, Jan. 6, 1910; same attorney.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel K. Poe to same, Nov. 22, 1909; same attorney.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lydia Underhill to same, quitclaim, Dec. 30, 1909; same attorney...$1

SAME PROPERTY; Cornelia K. Burr to same, quitclaim, Dec. 21, 1909; same attorney...$1

SAME PROPERTY; J. Underhill Kip to same, quitclaim, Dec. 29, 1909; same attorney...$1

SAME PROPERTY; Charlotte B. Post to same, quitclaim, Jan. 24, 1910; same attorney.....$1

CLAY AV, e s, 108.8 ft n of 166th St, 39x80; A. T. Schwarzler Co. to Louis Werner and Laura Bush, his wife, tenants by entirety, (mtg $22,000.) Aug. 23; Joseph M. Levine, 50 West 18th St.....$100

FRANKLIN AV, e s, 57 ft n of 168th St, 18x100; Mathilde Repper to Graham E. Arthur of Brooklyn, (mtgs $5,250,) Aug. 22; Albert C. Asche, Postal Telegraph Building.....$1

EAGLE AV, s e corner of 156th St, 100x52.6; Ahearn Construction Co. to John Hallahan, (mtg $7,000.) Aug. 22; John Hallahan, 271 West 125th St.....$1

LOTS 410 to 423, 425 to 438, 440 to 442, and 452 to 472, map of 530 lots of west portion of Benson estate at Throgg's Neck; Brown-Weiss Realties, a corporation, to Llewellyn Realty Co., Aug. 23; Frederick R. Hasselman, 35 Nassau St.....$1

TRINITY AV, s e corner of 158th St, 105x98.8; Isidore D. Morrison to Joshua Silverstein, (mtg $14,000.) Sept. 24, 1908; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway.....$100

TURNPIKE ROAD from New York to Boston, s e s, at n e s of town landing road, contains 6,903-1,000 acres, East Chester; John J. Frodelck to George Dies, 3-14 part, (mtg $24,000.) Feb. 8, 1907; attorneys, William C. Atwater & Co., 1 Broadway.....$1

LOT 168, Map 108 (Westchester County) of Seton Homestead, Westchester; John W. and Clara Caton to William T. Caton of Brooklyn, quitclaim, July 29; William T. Caton, 73 Johnson St, Brooklyn.....$1

108TH ST, 231 to 235 East, n s, 75x100.11; Paul Kaskel and others to De Goode Realty Co., (mtg $35,900,) Aug. 11; L. & J. Weinberger, 119 Nassau St.....$1

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified, with name and address of lender's attorney.

DIAMOND, Morris and Jacob, to Andrew L. Carvey; 230th St, n s, 380 ft w of 4th Av, 25 x114, Wakefield, Aug. 22, due Nov. 22, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Ruskay & Ruskay, 31 Liberty St.....$800

DUNKAK, Julia, to Gottlieb W. Graeber; 146th St, n s, 100 ft e of Brook Av, 25x98.9, prior mtg $10,000, Aug. 22, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....$8,400

WOLFRATH, Emma A., to Frank Rauch; 5th St, n s, 400 ft w of Avenue D, 175x103, Unionport, Aug. 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Gerlich & Schwegler, 306 East 85d St.....$1,500

LECKLER, Peter, to Frank L. Slazenger; Lots 30 and 31, map of Joel Wolfe estate, Aug. 22, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,200

KIRKLAND, Bessie L., to Augusta M. de Peyster; Findlay Av, s w corner of 168th St, 200x100, Aug. 22, 3 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$7,000

ROFF, Thomas H., to Augusta M. de Peyster; College Av, s e corner of 168th St, 200x100, Aug. 22, 3 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$10,500

KLINKER, Louis T., to Francis Biegen; 51st St, n s, 141.8 ft w of 8th Av, 20.10x100.5, prior mtg $15,000, Aug. 22, due Jan. 7, 1912; attorney, Nathan Goodman, 140 Nassau St.....$2,000

HARBATER, Joseph, and Solomon Silk to Alfred Fechheimer; 19th St, 340 and 342 West, s s, 50x92, Aug. 16, 5 years; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$65,000

BARNEY, Solomon, to Stephen H. Jackson; 125th St, n s, 102 ft w of 2d Av, 28x99.11, prior mtg $21,000, Aug. 19, due Sept. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; Stephen H. Jackson, 106 Lexington Av.....$7,000

BLACK, Mary M., to Eliza O'Kennedy; Barnes Av, 1,827, 25x100, Aug. 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. J. Karby O'Kennedy, 154 Nassau St.....$1,000

SCULLY, Mary, of New Rochelle, N. Y., to Abbie E. Wille; Cornell Av, s s, 375 ft w of Mapes Av, 125x100, Aug. 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lambert G. Mapes, 1,469 or 1,669 Williamsbridge Road.....$1,500

WERNER, Louis, to Jacob Reiss; Clay Av, e s, 108.8 ft n of 166th St, 39x80, prior mtg $22,000, Aug. 23, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph M. Levine, 50 West 18th St....$5,000

GARONE, Martin, and Rachela Paladino to William C. Trueheart; Cherry St, 150, n s, 25.4x127, prior mtg $18,500, Aug. 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston, 487 Broadway.....$1,500

WAGNER, Edward, to D. Comyn Moran and another, executors; 100th St, n s, 325 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 20.4x101x26.3x100, Aug. 22, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$15,000

O'SWELLYN REALTY CO. to E. Ormonde Power, trustee; Lots 411 to 436, 438, 440 to 442, 452 to 461, and 467 to 472, map of westerly part of Benson estate, Throgg's Neck, Aug. 23, due Jan. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, United States Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 20 Vesey St.....$8,500

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

PROSPECT AV, n e corner of 164th St, 74.7x75, June 19, 1907; Newark-Jacobs Construction Co. to Joseph Henschel; Bernard Alexander, 165 East Broadway.....$67,500

PROSPECT AV, n e corner of 164th St, 74.7x75, Aug. 6, 1908; same to Middletown Savings Bank, by Daniel H. Bailey, President; Foster & Thompson, 141 Broadway.....$63,000

BECK ST, w s, 470 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100, March 29, 1910; Mardece Construction Co. to the Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$29,000

BROOK AV, n e corner of 150th St, 25x100, May 17, 1899; Herbert Janes and Henry E. Janes, and Amelia M., his wife, to John C. Heald, executor of Elizabeth Lanier Dunn, deceased; Miller, King, Lane & Trafford, 80 Broadway.....$22,000

HOUSTON ST, 305 East, s s, 18x70, Jan. 2, 1904; Albert Klauber to Leopold Zimmermann; M. B. & D. W. Blumenthal, 35 Nassau St.....$20,000

62D ST, n s, 73 ft w of Lexington Av, 17x100.8, Jan. 14, 1887; William J. and John P. C. Walsh to W. Watts Sherman, Robert H. I. Goddard, and Frank W. Matteson, trustees of Sophia Augusta Sherman, wife of W. Watts Sherman; Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St.....$13,000

2D AV, 314, e s, 17x60, April 16, 1906; Fannie R. S. Irish to Peter Cook, executor of Caroline Kalbfleisch; Frederick L. Drescher, 258 Broadway.....$13,000

86TH ST, 108 West, s s, 20x100, Dec. 21, 1909; Maude J. Goldfinger to Sara Welt Kakels; address, 71 East 66th St.....$11,000

LENOX AV, 458, s e corner of 133d St, 25x84, Aug. 20, 1907; Cathleen Turney to Estelle Jacobs and Florence E. Jacobs; Max Marx, 128 Broadway.....$6,000

PROSPECT AV, 980, n e corner of 164th St, 74.7x75, Oct. 22, 1909; Nevelson Goldberg Realty Co. to Nelly Henschel; B. Alexander, 165 East Broadway.....$5,500

86TH ST, 108 West, s s, 20x100, June 16, 1910; Maude J. Goldfinger to Sara Welt Kakels; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,500

176TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of Fleetwood (formerly Madison) Av, 25x125, March 12, 1908; Annie Ridal to Helen Mathews; Ernest R. Eckley, 43 Wall St.....$5,500

ORCHARD (now 176th) ST, n s, 350 ft w of Madison Av, 25x50, West Farms, May 3, 1905; Jacob Stroh and Gussie, his wife, to Alvin F. Johnson; William E. Quigley, 146 Broadway.....$4,500

182D ST, 521 and 523 West, n s, 50x79.9, July 18, 1910; Kate Marcuson to Charles T. Lark of Hackensack, N. J.; Charles T. Lark, 5 Nassau St.....$4,000

139TH ST, 63 and 65 West, n s, 50x99.11, Dec 5, 1905; Louis Hyman to Alexander Rosenthal; H. Brill, 220 Broadway.....$4,000

139TH ST, 59 and 61 West, n s, 50x99.11, Dec 5, 1905; same to same; Spiro & Wasservogel, 140 Nassau St.....$4,000

TINTON AV, 1,220, e s, 22x100, March 17, 1906; Delia Burt to James Kirk; W. Stebbins Smith, 462 East 167th St.....$4,000

150TH ST, 317 East, n s, 118.4x25, March 15, 1909; Charles H. Cook, Jr. and Sophie, his wife, to George Cook; Martin Gollubur, 132 Nassau St.....$3,000

163D ST, 414 East, s s, 100x37.6, July 6, 1907; Nathan Zimmerman to William Daub; Sternberg, Jacobson & Pollock, 309 Broadway.....$2,500

104TH ST, 206 East, s s, 16.8x100.11, Aug 23, 1907; Selma Berger to Max Taschman, administrator of Harris Taschman, deceased; Leo Schafran, 116 Nassau St.....$2,500

LAFONTAINE AV, s e corner of Oak Tree Place, 25x95, March 7, 1910; Lucy Edwards of Mount Vernon, N. Y., to Marion V. Wilson; William Duncan Cameron, 1,001 Bathgate Av.....$2,250

181ST ST, s s, 350 ft w of Grand Av, 25x135x 26x153, June 26, 1905; W. Tilson Timmermann and Isabella J., his wife, to Lina Von Hesse, trustee; Miller, Miller & Storm, 120 Broadway.....$2,000

75TH ST, 222-224 East, s s, 39.2x102.2, Feb. 26, 1908; Sadie V. Brody to Edw. Goodfriend; Armin H. Mittelmann, 320 Broadway..$2,000

JEROME AV, s w corner of Burnside Av, 227.9x3.6x76.8x—, Sept. 22, 1904; Mary A. Broderick to A. Hupfel's Sons; United States Title Guaranty and Indemnity Co., 20 Vesey St.....$1,500

77TH ST, (Unionport,) n s, 305 ft w of Av B, 75x108, Aug. 30, 1909; John E. Bentz and Elise, his wife, to Frank Rauch and Paul Zerneke; Frank Gass, Westchester....$1,700

OLD ALBANY POST ROAD, begins at point of intersection by n s of Mosholu Av, 119.2x 100.6x135x128, Jan. 12, 1884; Patrick Coleman of Riverdale to John H. Thorn; John H. Thorn, Riverdale, N. Y.....$500

169TH ST, 209 East, n w corner of Teller Av, 20x90, April 22, 1907; Mary Eckert to Lizzie Van Riper; Theall & Beam, 45 Wall St.....$1,000

176TH ST, 60 East, n s, 25x50, Feb. 20, 1908; Annie Ridal to Jacob Stroh; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,500

LOT 20, map of St. Raymond's Park, March 30, 1910; Charles Ringelstein and Louise, his wife, to George Wildring; Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.....$1,000

LOTS 319-320, map of Haight estate, Westchester, July 16, 1904; Charles H. Stumpfel to the Regent Realty Co.; Ephraim B. Levy, 320 Tremont.....$510

181ST ST, s s, 350 ft w of Grand Av, 23x135x 25x133, Jan. 12, 1906; W. Tilson Timmermann and Isabella, his wife, to Lina Von Hesse, trustee; Miller, Miller & Storm, 120 Broadway.....$1,500

57TH ST, (Unionport,) n s, 400 ft w of Av D, 103x175, Dec. 21, 1905; Emma A. Wolfrath to John Sommer; John P. Everett, 92 Liberty St.....$1,500

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of attorney.

9TH AV, 89, store; J. Montgomery Hare to Bernard Gallagher, 2 10-12 years from Aug. 15, 1910; Bernheimer & Schmid, 128th St and Amsterdam Av.....$1,800

53D ST, 332 East, store; Julius Levy and another to John Balfafarano, 3 years from Aug. 15, 1910; Bernheimer & Schmid, 128th St and Amsterdam Av.....$360

1ST AV, 563, store; Jessie Lewis and others to John Donnelly, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1910; attorney, William J. Coen, 304 East 34th St.....$540

COLUMBUS AV, 816, s w corner of 100th St, store; John H. Diersen and others to Terrence Kelly and another, 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway.....$2,100

114TH ST, 246 East, all; Joseph Scher to Anna Vucci, 3 years from June 18, 1910; attorney, James A. Kehoe, 303 East 116th St.....$780

1ST AV, 1,475, corner store, cellars, and rooms above; Diedrich Lehnert to Kilian Klauer, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1910; attorney, Peter Klein, 61 Park Row.....$1,380

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 177th St, inside store; Broad Construction Co. to Abraham Isler, 5 years from May 1, 1910; attorneys, Bogart & Bogart, 61 Park Row.....$720

BROOME ST, 372 and 374, and Mott St, 179, all; Lucrie F. Post and another, executors, to Gennaro Tripari and others, 10 years from Feb. 1, 1908; Tripari Brothers, 139 Emerson Place, Brooklyn.....$9,500

Mechanics' Liens.

2D AV, 817; Harry F. Bowsky against Samuel J. Weinberg, owner; Alois Staudt, contractor.....$325

115TH ST, 71 East; Morris Zack against Emil Gans and Louis Garner, owners and contractors.....$270

SHERIDAN AV, n e corner of 163d St, 63x105; Torregiani & Severino against the Briggs Avenue Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$400

52D ST, 49 East; D. B. Pearshall & Son against William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., owner; Jacob & Young, contractors; William G. Maher, sub-contractor.....$784

MADISON AV, 415; J. P. Duffy Co. against John Doe, owner; Schaeffler & Harrington, contractors.....$57

2D AV, 817; John Pugh & Son against Samuel J. Weinberg, owner; Alois Staudt, contractor.....$767

MADISON AV, 777; Western Electric Co. against Park View Co., owner; renewal.$2,654

107TH ST, 66 and 68, West; Gollert & Son against George B. Hayes, owner and contractor.....$236

SAME PROPERTY; same against same....$304

BRYANT AV, 849 and 851; O'Connor & Hanrahan against John Ferguson Co., owner and contractor; Edward Scofield, owner; Richard T. Rotterbusch, contractor.....$200

CONCORD AV, e s, 118.6 ft n of Dater St, 118.6x100; Antonio Russo against Anthony McOwen, owner and contractor.....$2,585

7TH AV, 848 and 850; Cambridge Tile Manufacturing Co. against E. C. Potter and Wyoming Apartment Co., owners; Grinshaw, Campbell & Green, sub-contractors; John McKeefrey, contractor.....$836

HOLLAND AV, 3,644; Charles Shapiro against Co-operative Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$70

48TH ST, 137 West; Peter G. Kemp against New Netherlands Theatre Co., owner; Thomas McCahill, contractor.....$14

LEONARD ST, 156; Peter G. Kemp against James W. Cruikshank, owner; Thomas McCahill, contractor.....$91

WASHINGTON ST, 389; Peter G. Kemp against St. John's Park Realty Co., owner; Thomas McCahill, contractor.....$83

HESTER ST, 167; Joseph D. Maublatt against Adelina Anselm, owner; Carmine Luongo, contractor.....$315

8TH AV, 972 to 982; Abraham Cohen and others against Walter J. Salomon and Columbian Circle Arcade Co., owner; Sigmund Fox, contractor.....$500

PARK AV, 829; A. P. Bigelow & Co. against 829 Park Avenue Co., owner; William G. Maher and William J. Taylor Co., contractors.....$1,022

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s s, between Aqueduct Av and Tee Taw Av, 287x200; A. P. Bigelow & Co. against Hebrew Infant Asylum, owner; William G. Maher and William J. Taylor Co., contractors.....$152

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

RIVINGTON ST, 134; Samuel Rosenberg against Max Jortman and others, July 19, 1910.....$160

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 416; J. L. Harding, receiver, against John J. Hearn Construction Co. and others, Aug. 3, 1910.....$1,163

115TH ST, 629 West; Isaac Osserman against Alcazar Realty Co., March 14, 1910, (vacated).....$2,289

180TH ST, 871 to 875 East; G. Ernst against Hoffmann-Deyerberg Construction Co. and others, Aug. 16, 1910, by bond.....$1,705

BROADWAY, 1,465, Snead & Co. Iron Works against estate of Charles A. Coe and others, July 28, 1910.....$39,352

Lis Pendens.

242D ST, s s, 245.4 ft e of White Plains Av, 200x200; Clara J. Brown against William W. Penfield and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. H. Beckett.

MOTT ST, 123 and 125; William C. Runyon against Marshall Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. C. Runyon.

7TH AV, w s, 25.5 ft s of 55th St, 25x100; Royal Holding Co. against John J. Reilly and others, (foreclosure of a transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Arnstein, Levy & Pfeiffer.

81ST ST, 115 East; Julia A. Fry against Emma F. Mulvemy and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. W. Simpson.

158TH ST, n w corner of St. Nicholas Av, 78.5x203.3x irregular; Herman Feitelberg against Cartene A. Way and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, Freyer, Hyman & Jarmulowsky.

COSTER ST, e s, 200 ft s of Spofford Av, 360x 100, (18 actions;) Hunt's Point Estates against Feiser Realty and Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of eighteen mortgages;) attorney, S. T. Stern.

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The Bellrose
230 West 113th St.,
near 7th Av.
Private house block.
Convenient Location.
Two Apartments to a floor.
8 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $1,050 to $1,080.

CIRCLE APARTMENTS
100 & 102 Morningside W.,
near 122d St.;
overlooking Park; unexcelled view.
All outside rooms.
4-6-7 Rooms.
Rents $540 to $900.

The Maryland
201 West 105th St.
N. W. cor. Amsterdam Av.;
Convenient to Subway and "L."
4-5-6-7 Rooms.
Rents $480 to $1,000.

Fowler Court
400 Riverside Drive,
corner 112th St.;
excellent location;
two entrances, service, elevator;
4-5-6-7-8 Rooms.
Rents $660 to $2,200.

Raymore Court
234-240 West 106th St.,
near Broadway.
JUST COMPLETED.
Convenient to 102d St. Subway and 104th St. "L" stations.
7 Rooms.
Rents $1,050 to $1,100.

The Munroe
415 West 115th St.
Convenient to 116th St. Subway.
Columbia College section.
Exceptionally large rooms.
4-5-6 Rooms.
Rents $510 to $720.

Shelburne Hall
90 Morningside Av. West,
Corner 122d St.
Overlooking Park.
Unexcelled view.
Convenient to 116th St. Subway.
5 and 6 Rooms.
Rents $480 to $900.

Ostend Court
233-235 West 107th St.,
near Broadway.
Convenient to 110th St. Subway.
Very reasonable rent.
6 and 7 Rooms.
Rents $540 to $780.

Morris Hall
501 Cathedral Parkway,
corner Amsterdam Av.;
Absolutely Fireproof.
JUST COMPLETED;
overlooking Cathedral St. John.
6-7-8 Rooms.
Rents $1,150 to $1,800.

Linlithgow
Riverside Drive,
Corner 139th St.
EXCELLENT LOCATION.
Convenient to Subway station.
4-5-6-7 Rooms.
Rents $480 to $1,000.

The Westdale
602-4 West 139th St.,
Convenient to 137th Subway.
Large light and airy rooms.
Near Riverside Drive.
5, 6 and 7 Rooms.
Rents $600 to $900.

The West-Bourne
519 West 143d St.,
Near Broadway.
Convenient to 145th St. Subway station.
4 & 6 Rooms & Bath.
Rents $480 to $720.

27-29 Manhattan Av.
Near 102d St.,
Convenient to Subway and "L" stations. Reasonable rents.
8 Large, Light Rooms.
Rents $540 to $720.

Douglas Court
546 West 147th St.,
S. E. cor. Broadway.
Convenient to 145th St. Subway station.
Overlooking Riverside Drive.
Exceptionally light, airy rooms.
5-6-7 Rooms.
Rents $540 to $1,000.

Amazon and Orinda
534 & 541 West 157th St.,
near Broadway,
convenient to 157th St. Subway.
High-class Elevator Apartments.
Occupancy Sept. 1.
Largest rooms in this section.
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath, 7 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rentals $600 to $900.

Pease & Elliman

340 Madison Ave. (near 43d St.)
165 West 72d St. (near B'way)

TELEPHONE 1000 MURRAY HILL.

OFFER HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS FOR RENT IN THE FOLLOWING

New Buildings

535 Park Av.
N. E. CORNER 61ST STREET.
14-story Fireproof Building
Co-operative Apartments.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$2,600 to $3,000.
Duplex Apartments.
12 Rooms, 3 Baths,
$6,000 to $6,500.

563 Park Av.
N. E. CORNER 62D STREET.
12-story Fireproof Building
Co-operative Apartments.
Two Apartments Left.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,500.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $3,000.

116 East 58th St.
NEAR PARK AVENUE.
9-story Fireproof Building,
8 Rooms, 3 Baths,
$2,400 to $3,000.
Doctor's Office,
3 Rooms, $1,000.

144 East 40th St.
NEAR LEXINGTON AVENUE.
6-story Building, High Ceilings.
Two Apartments on a Floor.
6 Rooms and Bath,
$1,800 to $1,900.

The Southfield
145 EAST 35TH STREET.
8-story Fireproof Building
Exceptionally Light Apartments
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,700 to $2,500.
Duplex Apartments.
7 Rooms and Bath,
$1,400 to $1,800.

The Phillien
411 WEST 114TH STREET.
Co-operative Apartments.
Large Rooms, Unique Arrangement.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,200 to $1,550.

THE ABOVE HOUSES ARE UNDER OUR EXCLUSIVE MANAGEMENT AND ARE INSPECTED DAILY BY ONE OF OUR AGENTS.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

The Katahdin,
567 West 113th St.
Large 8-room corner apartment; every room on the street; hardwood floors throughout; best value in entire neighborhood. Just one to lease from Oct. 1; elevator and high-class service in all respects.

Bordeaux,
549 Riverside Drive,
SOUTHEAST CORNER 127TH ST.
Large 7 and 8 room apartments; every modern, up-to-date improvement; unobstructed view of river and Palisades; rentals $900 to $1,500 yearly; concessions to early applicants.

Crescent Court,
195 Claremont Av.
SOUTHWEST CORNER 127TH ST.
High-class elevator apartments; every modern improvement; hardwood floors; 4 to 7 rooms; extremely reasonable rentals, $420 to $840 per year; liberal concessions to early applicants.

Bellehaven,
515 West 124th St.
Well-located elevator apartment; high-class service; extremely low rents; 5 and 6 rooms from $450 to $600 per year; cannot be approached in value in this section.

519 West 124th St.
6 large, light rooms, second floor $36, third floor $34; all modern improvements and good service.

214 West 104th St.
Very large, light 7 rooms, single apartment; two flights up; newly decorated; very reasonable at $48 per month.

25 West 65th St.
Large 7-room apartment; maple trim throughout; open plumbing and every modern convenience; one flight up; $35 per month.

For particulars of above apartments apply to Superintendent or

WM. P. SHERIDAN,
549 Riverside Drive.
TEL. 484—MORNINGSIDE.

530 West 113th St.

Near Broadway
NEW, STRICTLY FIREPROOF
8 Rooms—3 Baths 6 Rooms—2 Baths
5 Rooms—1 Bath
Open For Inspection
Ready for Occupancy Sept. 15th
All Rooms Are Unusually Large
Abundance of Closet Room
Rents $900 to $1,980
Apply on Premises or
Thos. J. O'Reilly Agent, Broadway & 109th St.

THE HILLCREST

430 West 116th Street,
One Block from Broadway Subway Station.
8 to 14
ROOMS & BATHS
$1,500 to $2,100.
BACHELOR SUITES OF 2 & 5 ROOMS,
$660 & $960.
Elevator and Hall Service, Mail Chute and Every Modern Improvement.
MAY BE SEEN EVENINGS.
THOMAS J. O'REILLY, Agent, Broadway & 109th St.

Forrest Chambers

113th Street and Broadway

6 Outside Rooms,	*2 Baths*	. .	*$1,100*	*Upward*
7 Rooms,	*2* "	*(cor.)*	*1,600*	"
8 Rooms,	*2 and 3 Baths*	*(cor.)*	*1,800*	"
9 "	*3* "	. . .	*1,900*	"

Now Ready for Occupancy
Leases from October 1

NOTE.—Mr. GEO. F. JOHNSON, president of the Company owning and operating this building, is also president of the company owning and operating the CHATSWORTH, 72d St. and Riverside Drive, and the HENDRIK HUDSON, Riverside Drive and 110th St., and tenants can be assured of the same standard of service.

EDWARD A. DAVIS, Resident Mgr.

THE
CORNWALL
APARTMENTS
Northwest Corner Broadway and 90th St.
12 STORIES HIGH.
New 12 Story Fireproof Building, Superior to Any Apartment House on Broadway.
Every Conceivable Modern Convenience. Very Beautiful Interior Finish. Close to Subway Station.
Every Apartment Has an Outside Exposure, Abundant Light and Air. Now Ready for Occupancy. Leases Made from October 1.
8, 9 and 10 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths
Rents $2,000 to $2,800 Per Annum
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES OR
SLAWSON & HOBBS
Columbus Ave., 73d, 74th Sts.

VERNON HALL
and
REMSEN COURT
146-156 West 118th Street.
Between Lenox and Seventh Aves.
Centrally Located, Convenient to Subway and "L."
Private Block, Quiet and Refined.

All modern improvements, including day and night hall and elevator service, combination wall safes, telephone and electric light in each apartment, etc.

A few choice, bright 5, 7 and 8-Room Apartments. Rents $540-$900-$1,000.

Also one beautiful 9-room ground floor apartment, separate plate glass door entrance, specially adapted for physician, etc. At present and during past 4 years so occupied. Rent, $1,200.

I. L. SHAPIRO, Agent, 220 West 116th St.
REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

West Side.

Own Your Apartment
THE POSSESSION OF AN APARTMENT IN
44 West 77th St.
will insure a most desirable and luxurious home.

FACING MANHATTAN SQUARE, WITH 100 FEET FRONTAGE.
ALL LIVING ROOMS ARE 18x27.
LIBRARY OR STUDIO ROOMS 22x27.
APARTMENTS CONTAIN 9 AND 10 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS.
By acting promptly some choice Apartments may yet be
Rented or Purchased at Attractive Prices.
44 West 77th Street Co.
OWNERS.
Apply Mgr. on the Premises.
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents

West Side.

The Recently Completed BELNORD
One Entire Square Block
Broadway—86th to 87th St. and Amsterdam Ave.

THE largest and best appointed Apartment House in the world. Convenient to all transit lines.

7 Rooms and Up, with 2, 3 and 4 Bathrooms.

Electric light, artificial refrigeration and vacuum cleaning of the apartments once each month supplied without charge direct from The Belnord's own plant.

Every room an outside room.
ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET ON REQUEST.
W. H. DOLSON & CO., AGTS.
OFFICE ON PREMISES.
2364 Broadway, at 86th St.
Telephone 10400—Riverside.
Representative on premises at all hours to show apartments.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE QUIDNET
526 West 113th St.
CLOSE TO "L" & SUBWAY STATIONS.
New Fireproof Apartment House
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
One 4 Room, $720
Booklet on application.
Apply on premises, or
Thomas J. O'Reilly, Agent.
Broadway and 109th St.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

High Class Apartment Houses
WESTBOURNE COURT
S. E. Cor. 140th St. & Broadway
JUST COMPLETED
Largest and Best Finished Apartments on Washington Heights,
Suites of 4, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath with 6 and 7 closets to an Apartment.
Bedroom, size 12x15; Dining Room 12x16
RENT $540 TO $1,100.

THE BRIARCLIFF
S. E. Cor. Broadway & 162d St.
4, 5, 6 Rooms and Bath, Parquet Floors, with ample closet room.
RENT $420 TO $780.

RENAULT COURT
207 West 110th Street.
(Cathedral Parkway.)
Apartments of 4, 6, 7 & 8 Rooms & Bath
5 and 6 closets to Apartments.
Bedrooms, 12x15; Dining Rooms, 12x16.
$570 TO $1,200.

AMBASSADOR
S. E. Cor. 97th St. & Madison Av.
8 & 9 Room Apartments and 2 Baths
Inquire on premises. Can be seen evenings.
C. M. SILVERMAN & SON, Owners

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Henry D. Winans & May,
749 5TH AV., NR. 58TH ST.
offer the following desirable apartments:—

"The Ramondo"
S. W. COR. PARK AV. & 74TH ST.
7 and 8 Rooms and two baths. Modern. Also a choice physician's apartment. $1,650 to $2,100.

"The Soncy,"
49 TO 53 W. 57TH ST.
9 extra large rooms and bath. Choice residential street. $1,900 and $2,000.

"The Kenmore,"
353 W. 57TH ST
8 rooms and bath, all improvements, private block. $1,000 to $1,300.

"The Albany,"
B'WAY, 51ST TO 52D ST.
7 to 10 rooms and bath, conveniently located. $800 to $1,300.

"The Crown Studios,"
15 TO 19 E. 59TH ST.
Studio, bachelor and light housekeeping apartments. 2 to 6 rooms and bath. $600 to $1,200.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

179TH, 706—710—714 WEST
(Just West of Broadway).
"BELLEROSE"
"HARGOOD"
"COLONIAL"
The Garden Spot of the Heights.
High, Healthy Ground. No Malaria.
JUST COMPLETED.
Ready for occupancy. Leases from Oct. 1.
4 Rooms and Bath, $29 to $34.
5 Rooms and Bath, $37 to $42.
Telephone in each apartment and electric light; handsome wall-tiled bathroom, with shower; imported wall decorations; most beautifully and tastefully finished, with every modern improvement.
TO SEE THEM MEANS TAKING THEM ON THE SPOT.
Broadway car at corner; 181st St. Subway Station 4 minutes' walk.
Agent on Premises.

BENNINGTON CORNERS

S. W. Cor. West End Av. and 100th St.
Most Residential Avenue on West Side.
Strictly Under Jurisdiction of Park Department.
12 Story Fireproof Building.
6, 7 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths.

BENNINGTON CORNERS is the most notable addition to the apartment architecture of the metropolis. Being located on West End Avenue assures absolute quietness. The large foyers in each apartment add greatly to the attractiveness and comfort of the tenants.
Highest class service will be maintained.
RENTS $1,200 TO $2,200.
Renting Agent on premises, or
FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS,
Broadway and 79th St.
NOTE:—"Tenants of Bennington Corners will have at their call proper valet services. There will also be installed a modern establishment where hairdressing, manicuring and barber services will be available."

West Side.

Harperley Hall,
Corner Central Park West and Sixty-Fourth St.

Have You Seen This New Apartment Building?

Unusual arrangement of all light rooms and special new features.
FROM 2 TO 11 ROOMS.
KITCHENS OR KITCHENETTES.
HOTEL SERVICE IF DESIRED.
Ready September 15.
Apply on premises, or to your own broker.

The Sumner
Washington Square Section,
31-33 West 11th St.
Near Fifth Av.
Eight Story Strictly Fireproof Housekeeping Apartment.
Suites of Four and Five Rooms and Bath.
All Modern Appointments.
Ready for Occupancy About September 15.
John H. Dye Co.,
73 West Eleventh Street.

SPENCER ARMS
BROADWAY AT 69TH STREET.
Housekeeping Apartments.
6 rooms & 2 baths to 11 rooms & 3 baths.

THE HANOVER,
West End Ave. 823, Cor. 100th St.
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
Seven large, light rooms, all latest improvements, $1,150 to $1,200. Superintendent on premises.

A—156 WEST 72ND
Bachelor apartments; 2 and 3 rooms, bath, valet service. Apply on premises.

West Side.

Amherst and Cortland
South Side 110th St., East of Broadway
The house is exceptionally well arranged, and affords all the comforts and conveniences of a private house, with the added advantages of an apartment.
2 apartments on each floor. Service elevator direct to kitchen.
7 rooms, 3 baths.....$1,400 to $1,800
8 rooms, 3 baths.....$1,800 to $2,100
7-room apartments contain 3 bedrooms.
POSSESSION SEPTEMBER 10TH
Leases to commence from October 1.

COBURG APARTMENTS
215-221 West 34th Street
A 7-story apartment building in the centre of the shopping and theatre district; containing apartments of 6 and 7 rooms and bath, with butler's pantry and extra toilet for maids, electric elevator and light, steam heat, hot water, steam clothes dryer, also excellent roof for same; telephones and hall service, at rentals from $65-$85.
Supt. on Premises.
POST & REESE
753 FIFTH AVENUE.

Bachelors desiring to reduce expenses are invited to examine apartments offered by us at
308, 310 West 15th St.
Suites of 2 rooms and bath. Large, cheerful living rooms. Equal to any offered at double the prices further up town. Attractive and unique house.
Rents $28 to $33 per month
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

Cathedral Parkway, 237 West 110th St.
FRONTING ON CENTRAL PARK, BETWEEN SUBWAY AND "L" STATION.
7 large rooms, 2 baths; every apartment a perfect home, containing every conceivable modern improvement; night elevator service. Supt. on premises.

343-45 West 85th St
High-class 8-room apartments adjoining Riverside Drive; most select location; one block from Subway; all outside rooms; rents, $1,300 and $1,400.
Apply Superintendent on premises.

HESPERUS and PARTHENON
400 to 406 Manhattan Av.
High-class elevator apartments, 2 to 9 rooms and baths; all-night service; telephone; express station; one block to all cars; dining room connected.

THE WINFIELD
207 WEST 56th ST.
Between Broadway and Seventh Ave.
Completely Reconstructed
Exclusive, High Class Modern Apartments, 7 and 8 Rooms With Baths.
Extra Servants' Rooms
Day and Night Hallboy and Elevator Service.
RENT $1,350 to $2,200
Apply on Premises or
MOORE & WYCKOFF
546 Fifth Ave., Cor. 45th St.
Telephone 1263 Bryant

The Chepstow
Northeast Corner Broadway and 101st St.
Modern Fireproof Building.
7 and 9 Beautiful all Outside Rooms and Baths.
Filtration Plant in Building.
Four Rapid, Noiseless Elevators.
Excellent All Night Service.
Rents $1,600 to $2,400.
McVICKAR, GAILLARD REALTY CO.
444 Columbus Ave.

THE MARGARET.
Modern elevator apartments; 4-5-6 large, light rooms and bath; all night elevator and telephone service, express Subway, surface, and "L" cars at corner; $32.50, $35, $42.50, $48. Superintendent on premises, 120-126 West 116th St., near 7th Avenue Drive.

VAN PRAAG,
522-524 WEST 112TH ST.,
Between Amsterdam Av. and Broadway.
Beautiful 5 rooms; telephone, etc.
$35 UP.

Elevator Apartments to Lease
The Anona, 231-33 West 141st; five rooms, $33, $35, $38; six rooms, $50; 7 rooms, $55. BENEDICT & CO., Agents, 2,423 7th Av.

4 and 5 room apartments in good, clean house, with all improvements; rent only $21 to $25. Inquire 23 West 131st St., or Robert Lovett, 256 Lenox Av.

SONOMA
1,730—BROADWAY—1,734
Attractive APARTMENTS of 8 Rooms and 2 Baths to choose from, some with coveted southern exposure. Modern fireproof building. Exclusiveness; superior hall and elevator service night and day; refrigeration; transit facilities unequalled; within five minutes' walk to amusements, restaurants, and best hostelries in New York. Your inspection invited from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. each day, including Sunday.

BUCKINGHAM
3,089 BROADWAY, NEAR 122ND ST.
HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
4, 5 & 6 ROOMS.
RENTS $40 TO $60.

PAUL REVERE
147th St. & Convent Av.
Most desirable suites of
4 & 5 Rooms
All large and outside rooms.
Elevator and all latest improvements.
Near Subway and Elevated.
Rents $600-$840.

KENSINGTON COURT
N. E. Cor. 151st St. and Broadway.
All apartments have southern exposure; suites of 4-6 and 7 rooms, bath.
Bedroom, size 12x15. Dining Room, 12x16.
RENTS $510 TO $1,050.

CAROLYN COURT
N. E. Cor. 162d St. and Broadway.
Apartments of 5-7 and 8 rooms;
RENTS $540, $900 AND $1,000
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.
Main office, 3,436 Broadway

THE ROSEMOUNT,
FACING MORNINGSIDE PARK,
65 Morningside Av., near 121st St.; 5 or 7 rooms; modern; parquet floors; hall and telephone service; rent, $37.50 and $43.

THE BURLINGTON,
Unique. Exceptional Value.
134th St., 507 West.—4, 5, 6 rooms; large, light; every detail modern; telephone service; electric light; rent, $25, $33, $36.

ROSBERT HALL,
163d St., 560 West, corner Broadway.
Four, five, or six rooms; elevator apartment; everything new; rent $35 to $60; must be seen to be appreciated.
Apply on premises or Agents,
3,892 Broadway, near 163d St. Tel. 1145 Audubon.
Everett M. Seixas & Co.

THE PLAZA,
795 ST. NICHOLAS AV., COR. 150TH ST.
Elegant 6, 7, 8 room apartments; modern improvements; rents $600-$960 year. Superintendent, premises.

414 West 118th Street
Six rooms and bath, $55 and $60.
63 West 106th Street
Six and seven rooms, $45-$70.
507 West 111th Street
Five to seven rooms, $45-$75.
Elevator houses. Every modern convenience, including vacuum cleaner. Best locations. Convenient transportation. See Superintendent.

THE PRASADA,
Central Park West, Cor. 65th St.
OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.
8-10 rooms, 2-3 baths; $2,200 to $3,600.
W. S. Norton, Agt., 35 Nassau St. Tel. 5999 Cort.

St. Nicholas Av., 301, Corner 125th St.—4, 5 and 6 room, modern elevator apartments; telephone service; $35 to $60.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

STANLEY COURT,
519 TO 527 WEST 134TH ST.,
three blocks from 137th St. Subway station.
3, 4, 5, AND 6 ROOMS,
all improvements; telephones; electric lights.
RENT $25 TO $36.
Apply H. E. BOWIE, Agent, 506 W. 134th St.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

SUMMER RATES
Modern elevator houses. Every convenience, including vacuum cleaner. Six and seven rooms, $40-$60.
414 West 118th St. & 63 West 106th St.

SPLENDID NEW APARTMENTS
2, 3, AND 4 ROOMS WITH KITCHENETTE;
4 AND 5 ROOMS (KITCHENS).
Large, light rooms, abundant closets, elevator, telephone, &c.
RENTS $32 TO $65.
THE IRADELL,
422 West 119th St.
Near Columbia University and Morningside Park.
Booklet on application.
Large restaurant on first floor to lease.

SPRINGFIELD
SELECT APARTMENTS
180 Claremont Av., Northeast corner 125th St.
Beautiful apartments, five, six, and seven large, light rooms; select neighborhood, near Riverside Drive; mail chute; telephone; all-night elevator; hall service; near Subway station; moderate; liberal concessions.

YORKTOWN COURT
Overlooking Broadway and the Hudson River, 162d St. and Fort Washington Av.
3 minutes' walk to express Subway station.
High-Class Elevator Apartment House.
3, 4, 5, 6 & 7 ROOMS AND BATH.
Rents $35 to $75 Per Month.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

209 DYCKMAN STREET,
near Broadway. Six and seven room apartments. Ideal location, near Subway Station; all modern improvements; rents $32-$43. Superintendent premises.

St. Nicholas Av., 446, near 133d, opposite St. Nicholas Park, convenient to "L"; single flat, seven and eight rooms; all improvements; liberal allowance; rent $38 to $45. Pocher & Co., 126 West 34th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

THE ROCKINGHAM,
Broadway, S. E. Cor. 56th St.
Centrally located, very desirable, 8 large rooms, servants' quarters upstairs; $1,000 to $1,700.

THE MELBA,
Central Park West, North Cor. 102d St.
7 and 8 rooms and bath; rooms well arranged; all conveniences; $780 to $1,000.

THE HETHERINGTON,
Park Ave., S. E. Cor. 63d St.
Choice corner apartment on ground floor, suitable for physician or dentist; 8 rooms and bath; $1,500.

THE VAN CORTLANDT,
Park Ave., N. W. Cor. 96th St.
7, 8 and 9 rooms and 2 baths; separate servants' accommodations; modern building; $1,000 to $1,400.

THE HENRY JAMES,
N. W. Cor. 113th St. and Amsterdam Ave.
8 very large rooms and bath, steam heat, hall boys, etc.; $1,100-$1,140-$1,200.

THE RUTHERFURD,
175 Second Ave., Cor. 11th St.
Extra large apartment, with wide halls and staircase; hall service, etc.; $1,000.

218-220 WEST 59TH ST.,
Overlooking Central Park.
Charming 8-room apartment; elevator and hall service; $1,100.

26 WEST 97TH ST.,
Near Central Park West.
Large, light apartments, 7 and 8 rooms, all improvements; very desirable neighborhood; $660 to $720.

J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co.
17 West 42d St. Telephones 2400-2401-2402 Bryant.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

CLARA COURT,
503-5 West 111th St.
One block from "L" and Subway.
4, 5 and 6 large rooms and bath; electric light; 'phone and elevator service; plenty of closet room.
$37.50-$55.

FAIRHOLM,
503 West 121st St.,
Opposite College grounds.
6—7 Rooms and Bath.
Unusually large; good closet room; every modern improvement.
$50-$75.
Apply on premises, or
THOMAS J. O'REILLY, Agent,
Broadway and 109th St.

121ST ST., 100 WEST,
SOUTHWEST CORNER LENOX AV.
"Temple Hall"
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
ONLY REAL SELECT PRIVATE HOUSE SECTION IN HARLEM.
8 rooms and 2 baths (cor.) Rent $1,350.
Only one Apartment left.
All rooms large, light, handsomely finished and decorated; every known modern improvement; all night elevator and 'phone service.
Goodwin & Goodwin,
Lenox Av. and 121st St.
OPEN SUNDAYS.

509 WEST 140TH ST.
NEW LAW
6 Rooms, Every Improvement
$38.00
THOMAS J. O'REILLY, Agent,
Broadway and 109th St.

East Side.
The WILBRAHAM
N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 30th St.
Opposite Holland House
Two, Four or Six Rooms with Baths.
Southern Exposure—Fireproof Bldg.
FRED'K FOX & CO.,
1,315 B'way. Phone 6786 Murray Hill.
Supt. on Premises.

HAWARDEN HALL
5th Ave., N. E. Cor. 129th St.
5, 6, 7, 8, and 12 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS,
$600 to $1,000
Thoroughly high-class modern apartment house; all-night service; convenient to all transit.

MASON
6-12 East 58th Street
Close to Central Park Plaza.
High-class apartments of eight rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat, hall boys, &c.; elevator service all night; reasonable rents; possession Oct. 1.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

LENOX HILL
987 Madison Ave., S. E. Cor. 77th St.
Eight room corner apartment; fireproof building.
SEE SUPERINTENDENT.

152 EAST 35TH STREET
One of Murray Hill's Finest Apartment Houses.
6 rooms and 2 baths on 1st floor, $1,500.
SUPERIOR SERVICE.
SUPERINTENDENT AT BUILDING,
or FRANKLIN L. PARTRIDGE,
49 WALL STREET.

ST. ANDREW,
S. E. COR. 5TH AV. AND 127TH ST.
Apartments of 5 and 6 large, light rooms and bath; parquet floors; separate servants' toilet in the 6 rooms; all-night elevator; refined neighborhood; rents $690 to $840 per annum.

THE MARIE
61 to 69 86th Street,
Near Madison Av. Overlooking Central Park.
5, 6, and 7 Rooms.
Rental $600 and up.

THE STANLEY,
175 EAST 79TH ST.
Thoroughly up-to-date apartment, 8 rooms and bath; all improvements; rent $65-$75. Inquire premises.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
Northeast corner Lexington Av. and 34th St. Two and three rooms and bath, $35-$45.
111 WEST 43D ST.
Two rooms and bath, $25 to $45.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 EAST 42D ST.

2D AVENUE 145
6 ROOMS AND BATH, ELEVATOR, STEAM HEAT.....$38 UP.
FOLSOM BROTHERS, (Inc.,) 885 Broadway.

237 Lexington Ave., Corner 34th St.
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
2 rooms, bath, Service. $32 to $45.

715 Madison Av., (Near 63d St.)—Non-housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; elevator, electric light, steam heat; good service; rent, $60; references required.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th STREET.
Handsome apartment; eight large, light rooms.

Bronx.

Southeast Corner 176th St. & Belmont Av.
Two short blocks of Tremont "L" Station, surrounded on all sides by Crotona Park.
Elegant new up-to-date apartments, all light, large and airy rooms; exceptionally well planned and decorated; all the latest improvements, including electric light, etc.
4 & 5 Rooms and Bath $20 and up.
Apply to
John McNulty, Owner,
ON PREMISES.

Tiffany Arms,
163d and Tiffany Sts.
West Farms Subway Express Station at Intervals Ave., only two blocks from House.
NEW HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Containing every modern improvement, including day and night elevator service; private telephone in each apartment.
3, 4, 5, 6 Rooms, with Bath. Rents Very Moderate.
Apply Superintendent, on premises, or ZIPKES CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, 103 Park Av., New York.

Large, Light Apartments of 4 and 5 Rooms & Bath.
Plenty steam heat and hot water at all times, all improvements, at
1,019-1,029 Boston Road,
corner 165th St., convenient to "L," Subway, and all surface lines; rent moderate; inducements.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.
5 and 6 all light, elegantly finished rooms. Modern up-to-date improvements; large, handsomely decorated dining room.
948-50-52 TRINITY AVE.,
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station.
RENTS, $24 UP.
Select tenants only desired.
Janitor or agent on premises.

Brooklyn.

PARK SLOPE APARTMENTS.
6 light rooms, bath, separate toilet; steam heat, hot water; 511 Sixth Street, between 7th and 8th Avenues, Brooklyn. Agent on premises.

489 St. Mark's Av.; four light rooms; all improvements; $10.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Advertiser owning elegantly appointed residence, West 68th St., will rent second floor, private bath, $75-$100 monthly; breakfast optional; also large third rear, $30-$40 monthly, adjoining bath; gentlemen; references. Address Extreme Cleanliness, 2,029 Broadway.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 843, (corner 127th St.)—Handsomely furnished suites; four, five, and six rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; low rent Summer rates, $10 weekly upward; room, bath, kitchen, $8 weekly upward.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Unmarried man and mother desire furnished apartment for Winter; reasonable; commanding view or near park; Stuyvesant considered. Y 52 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO LET
29 West 34th St.
12 STORY BUILDING, 25x100.
Floors and offices for those requiring extra light. Also top floor with skylights.
RENTS $2,500 to $3,000.
RANALD H. MACDONALD, 29 W. 34th St.

Studios To Let.
BROADWAY STUDIO BUILDING,
Broadway and 80th St.
Steam heat and elevator service; very desirable neighborhood.
Subway station same block.
Apply on premises, Room 3, 2,231 Broadway.

SKYLIGHT STUDIOS AND OFFICES.
Mullanphy Building, northeast corner 67th and Columbus Av.; all conveniences; rent $25 upward.
JAMES W. KELLY,
673 NINTH AV.

LARGE CORNER STORE
Northeast corner 67th St. and Columbus Av.; also inside store; fine location; all conveniences; splendid opportunity for any first-class business. Jas. W. Kelly, 673 Ninth Av.

TO LEASE.
Storehouse, 20th St., between Avs. A and B; 50 feet front; also 4½ vacant lots on Av. B, between 19th and 20th Sts. Apply JOHN U. BROOKMAN, owner, 88 Wall St.

A.—25,000 SQUARE FEET
of space, entire five-story building, west side, near 125th St.; lease for term of years at low rental to responsible party; contains power plant and elevator; early possession.
POCHER & CO., 126 West 34th.

Office to sublet in the Marbridge Building; a large, light, and attractive room on the seventh floor, facing 34th St. Apply Sage Foundation Homes Co., Room 710, Marbridge Building.

Nice, light loft to let, 40x100, with or without power. Inquire office, 145th St. and Southern Boulevard. Telephone 1961 Melrose.

Fronting on Broadway, 760 square feet; will sublet at sacrifice in attractive office building. Apply 160 Broadway, Room 1,006.

359 Water St., cor. James Slip.—Three-story building, with store; any business; low rent. Pocher & Co., 126 West 34th.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

DELAWARE & HUDSON
SHORTEST, QUICKEST AND BEST LINE.
NEW YORK to MONTREAL
High Grade Equipment on Through Trains from Grand Central. Direct Connection with Hudson River Lines. Choice of Routes via
LAKE GEORGE AND LAKE CHAMPLAIN
Reduced Fares, Account Eucharistic Congress
September 6th to 11th, 1910
Only Line Reaching The Catholic Summer School at Cliff Haven. Attractive Week End Fares
Tickets & Reservations At All Offices of N. Y. C. & W. S. R. R. & Hudson River Steamer Lines and Tourist Agencies
"The D & H"
New York City Information Bureau, 1354 Broadway.
For Your Labor Day Outing Consider
THE DELAWARE & HUDSON LINES

SEEING NEW YORK YACHT The Original Boat **$1.00 ROUND TRIP**
Tel., 4944—Gramercy.
Hudson River Day Line, foot W. 42d St., North River, 10 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. every day and Sunday.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, August 24, 1910
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATRIX.
37 shs. N. Y., New Haven & Hartford R. R.
50 shs. Pennsylvania R. R.
$800 N. Y., New Haven & Hartford R. R. 6 p. c. Convertible Deb. Bds.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
25 shs. Cosmopolitan Land Co.
250 shs. Bay Ridge Park Improvement Co.
15 shs. Flatbush Trust Co.
100 shs. Ann Arbor R. R. common.
113 shs. The Orr Co. pref'd.
610 shs. The Orr Co. common.
40 shs. Ossining (N. Y.) Natl. Bank.
$3,000 Sunbury, Hazelton & Wilkesbarre R. R. Regstd. Income Bonds, 1938.
$6,940 Washington Gas Light Co. 6 p. c.; Dividend Ctf. of Indebtedness, 1923.
80 shs. Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain R. R. and Coal Co. pref'd.
50 shs. Interborough-Metropolitan Co. pref'd.
40 shs. Northern Bank.
7 shs. Fidelity-Phenix Fire Ins. Co.
10 shs. American Light & Traction Co. common.
5 shs. Mercantile Trust Co.
$5,000 note William Jacobs, due Oct. 22, 1910, indorsed J. Krulewitch & Co., Julius Krulewitch, Charles Whitcup, M. G. Samuels & Co., M. G. Samuels, and William Jacobs.
$5,000 note William Jacobs, due Oct. 29, 1910, indorsed J. Krulewitch & Co., Julius Krulewitch, Charles Whitcup, M. G. Samuels & Co., M. G. Samuels, and William Jacobs.
10 shs. Great Northern Rwy. pref'd.
100 shs. Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. common.
25 shs. Ore Ctfs. of the Great Northern Rwy.
20 shs. American Can Co. pref'd.
20 shs. Southern Pacific Co.
20 shs. Chi., Mil. & St. Paul R. R. common.
10 shs. Erie R. R. 1st pref'd.
10 shs. Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

THE MANSFIELD,
12 WEST 44TH ST.,
NEW YORK.
Bachelors Only
NEW 12 STORY APARTMENT HOTEL.
3 doors from 5th Av., in the heart of the club district and convenient to all lines of transportation. Standard Squash Court on roof. Restaurant, excellent cuisine.
DESIRABLE APARTMENTS OF 2 & 3 ROOMS AND BATH.
Apply on premises or
E. S. WILLARD & CO.
45 Pine St. 'Phone, 5987—John

HOTEL WALTON
100-110 West 70th St.
An exclusive, modern, residential hotel of unfurnished Suites, leased by the year; no transient guests; privacy, comfort, and relief from the servant problem.
Unusually large outside Rooms, with commodious closets, at attractive rates.

ON THE BEACH, HUGUENOT PARK, S. I. ONE HOUR FROM CITY.
TERRA-MARINE INN Rooms singly or en suite; cuisine unsurpassed; dining room facing the Ocean; auto stages meet trains. Motoring, fishing, bathing, tennis. New York Booking Office, "Ask Mr. Foster," Flatiron Building Arcade. Tel. 145-146 Tottenville. E. H. Vaughan, Manager.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

MUSIC. **MORETTI** SONG.
51-53-55 W. 35th St., bet. 5th & 6th Avs.
BEST DINNER IN TOWN (With Wine) 65c

MACFADDEN'S
PHYSICAL CULTURE RESTAURANTS.
Try NATURE'S DIET To-Day.
New Store, 213 West 42d. (10 Stores.)

WHERE AMERICANS ABROAD MAY PURCHASE THE NEW YORK TIMES.
AUSTRIA.
FRANZENSBAD—Buchhandlung E. Kobrtsch & Gschibay.
VIENNA—Opernsing, Leo & Co.
BOHEMIA.
KARLSBAD—Buchhandlung Starksche, Buchhandlung Rudolf Hengstenberg, Buchhandlung Franz Paulus.
FRANCE.
PARIS—37 Ave. de l'Opera, Brentanos; 36 Rue du Sentier, New York Times Office.
GERMANY.
FRANKFORT-ON-MAIN—Kaiserstrasse, Blazek & Bergmannfilliale; Grand Hotel Frankfurter Hof, George Stilke.
HAMBURG—Gr. Burstah Gerth, Laciaz & Co.
HEIDELBERG—Hamostrasse, Gustav Koesler.
MUNICH—Manhanserstr 44, Kaphans Oberpolling.
NUREMBERG—Koenigstrasse, Ribert Fehle; Bahnofbuchhandlung, Schrag & Brener.
BADEN-BADEN—C. Wild; Buchhandlung Ernest Brockhoff.
BAD HOMBURG—Buchhandlung F. Supp; Luisenstrasse, L. Stands.
BAD NAUHEIM—Weinbergstrasse, William Bohlmann; Heinrich Burh.
BAD NEUENAHR—Buchhandlung A. Lucke.
BAD HEINRICH VONDER HOLIE—Hobbuchhandlung Fritz Schichs.
BERLIN—Vorotheenstrasse 72, George Stilke; 60 Friedrichstrasse, New York Times Office.
COLOGNE — Buchhandlung Hauptbahnhof; Haptpostlagernd, H. Elbert.
DRESDEN—Wienerplatz No. 1, C. A. Schlagshan; Anglo-American Club.
FRANKFORT-ON-MAIN—Buch handlung, Hauptbahnhof, Julius Faterhalim.
ROTHENBURG—An der Tauber, Buchhandlung C. Schalk.
VERVIERS COLN—German Traveling P. O.
WIESBADEN — Tannerstrasse, Zeitungskiosk; Buchhandlung Moritz & Munzel; Buchhandlung A. Lucke.
ENGLAND.
LONDON—16 John Street, Saarsbach's News Agency; 15 Warden Street, Mme. Vachon; Hotel Cecil, Nilsson & Co.; 17 Green Street, Daw's Steamship Agency; Carlton St., Pall Mall Am. & Colonial Exchange; 67 Fleet St. New York Times Office; Grosvenor Square, Claridge's Hotel.
ITALY.
NAPLES—Pasquale Caizzo.
ROME—Paolo Talta-Piazzo Spagna Chiosco; Palace Hotel, E. Hasse.
FLORENCE—Bosge Ognissanti; 20 Tournafunol, B. Seeber; 17 Tournafunol, F. C. Ebhardt.
SWITZERLAND.
INTERLAKEN—Buchhandlung M. Stump; Buchhandlung Preil & Ecerle.
LUGANO—Arnold.
MONTREAUX—Libraria Internazionale, C. B. Hist.
DAVOS PLATZ—Buchhandlung H. Erfurt.
MORITZBAD—Librarie St., C. B. Falst.
BEONE—Kiosque beim Kaeltighthurm.
BRUNNEN—H. Lenthold.
ENGELBERG—Robert Hess.
GRINDELWALD—Peter Barnet.
LUCERNE—E. Gebhardt; Hotel National, Miss Herzeg; Kapellplatz, Probst Mueller.
RAGAZ—Robert Jaeger.
ZURICH—Librarie de la Gare.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
ALL-WATER ROUTE TO
CONEY ISLAND
ALL TICKETS INCLUDE ADMISSION TO DREAMLAND.
Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.
Leave West 129th St., N. R., 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:15, 1:00, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.
Leave Pier 1, N. R., 9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:00, 1:45, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.
Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, 10:55, 11:40 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:10, 2:55, 3:55, *4:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.
Returning from Coney Island trip marked * does not go to 129th Street, N. R.
Round Trip Tickets { From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERY DAY to FISHING BANKS. Leaves 129th St., N. R., 7:20 A. M.; Pier (new) 1, N. R., 8:20 A. M. Bait and tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

STEAMER "GRAND REPUBLIC"
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Lv. Yonkers 8:45 A. M.
Lv. foot 129th St., N. R., 9:45 A. M., *2 P. M.
Lv. Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 10:40 A. M., 2:45 P.M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:30 P. M.
Trips marked * transfers to Str. "Grand Republic" at Pier 1, N. R.
Round trip tickets, 50c.; Children, 25c. Include adm. to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND.
Refined amusements and refined surroundings. Cleanest, safest bathing on the Atlantic coast. SCHEDULE OF BOATS:—From Battery Landing, 9:45 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, and 5 P. M. Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 9:45 A. M., 12:15, 2:40, 5 and 7:30 P. M.
RETURNING 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, and 7 P. M. On Saturdays, Sunday, and Holidays, 11:05 A. M., 1:30, 4, 6:30, and 9 P. M.

ROCKAWAY BEACH
STEAMERS ROSEDALE and JOHN SYLVESTER leave West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.; West 42d St., 10:05 A. M.; Battery, 10:30 A. M., 2:15 P. M.; Rockaway, 12 M. & 5:30 P. M.; (East 138th St., East 31st St., trips discontinued.)
Exc. Tickets 50c.; Children Half Fare.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
West Point, Newburgh & Poughkeepsie
Daily (except Sunday) by Palace HUDSON RIVER DAYLINE STEAMERS HENDRICK HUDSON, ROBERT FULTON and ALBANY.
Brooklyn, Fulton St., (By Annex), 8, Desbrosses St., 8:40 and 9:40; W. 42d St., 9 and 10; W. 129th St., 9:20 and 10:20 A. M. Return on either down boat due 42d St. 5:30 or 8:40 P. M. See Steamboat Advt.

DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO
WEST POINT
STEAMER MARY POWELL.
Leaving Desbrosses St., 1:45; West 42d St., 2:00; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Return to New York by steamer "ALBANY," $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Daily, except Sunday. Orchestra. Cadets in Camp.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
Winter Cruises West Indies
3 Cruises de Luxe by New Twin Screw R.M.S.P. "AVON," 11,500 tons from New York, Jan. 21, 28 days: Feb. 18, 32 days; March 25, 19 days, visiting West Indies, Spanish Main, and Panama Canal.
Rates $5 Per Day and Up.
Sanderson & Son, Agts., 22 State St., N. Y.

EXCURSIONS
Lake Hopatcong, $1.00
EVERY FRIDAY & EVERY SUNDAY
Lv. W. 23d St. Fridays 8:20 A. M., Sundays 8:30 A. M.; Lv. Liberty St. Fridays 8:30 A. M., Sundays 9:00 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

GLEN ISLAND
BOATS ROUND TRIP 50c. Leave BATTERY LANDING 9:30 and 11 A. M., 2:30, 4 and 7:30 P. M.; E. 31st St., 30 m. later. South 5th St., Brklyn, at 9:45 A. M. and 3 P. M.
Clambakes a Specialty. Free concerts daily.

PATTEN LINE
For Highland, Seabright, Long Branch, Asbury Park and all Jersey seaside resorts.
WEEK DAYS.
Lv. West 35th, 7:45, 8:45, 10:50 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
Lv. Battery, 8:20, 9:20, 11:30 A. M.; 3:10 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT
Palatial Steamers "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," and "MARY POWELL," of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the world.

Lve. Mead	Down.		Daily, ex. Sun.	Arr.	Road	Up.
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:00	....	*	Brooklyn Annex	....	6:20	....
8:40	9:40	1:45	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00	....
9:00	10:00	2:00	West 42d St.	11:20	5:30	8:40
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:00	5:10	8:10
9:45	10:50	....	Yonkers	....	4:30	7:35
....	....	4:50	Highland Falls	8:40	....	....
11:50	1:00	5:00	West Point	8:35	2:50	5:45
....	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15	....	*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15	5:05
....	....	6:15	New Hamburg	7:30	....	....
....	....	6:30	Milton	7:15	....	....
1:15	2:35	6:45	Poughkeepsie	7:00	1:20	4:10
2:10	....	....	Kingston Pt.	....	12:25	....
....	....	7:45	Kingston	6:00	....	....
3:25	....	....	Catskill	....	11:00	....
3:40	....	....	Hudson	....	10:40	....
6:10	....	....	Albany	....	8:30	....
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry.
Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†
Perfect Afternoon Outing. Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., connecting at West Point with
STR. ALBANY due West 42d St. 3:40 P. M. Orchestra on each steamer.

MOONLIGHT TRIPS
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Modern—Safe—Reliable.
PEOPLES LINE TO ALBANY
STR C. W. MORSE (even dates Aug.), STR ADIRONDACK (daily from Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M., W. 129th St., 6:30 P. M. ORCHESTRA.

CITIZENS LINE TO ALBANY AND TROY
New Str. TROJAN or RENSSELAER, Pier 46, N. R., ft. West 10th St., 6 P. M.; Yonkers 7 P. M. daily. Stop at Albany in either direction.
Best service. Direct rail connection at Albany and Troy for points North, East, and West. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York, Albany, and Troy. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates. Send for Summer Resort Book and "Up the Hudson and Beyond," a beautiful illustrated booklet.

Select Boarding House
The best class of Boarding Houses advertise vacancies through The New York Times. The reason: Results are prompt and it is the best way to reach a desirable class of people.
If you are seeking a boarding house of the better class, read the list under the heading of Boarders Wanted.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

S. S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC.
25,000 TONS.
Leaving New York
SEPT. 3, 10 A. M.
HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE

SOUTH AMERICA
A Grand Cruise leaving New York January 21, 1911, by the S. S. BLUECHER, for the East Coast of South America, through the Straits of Magellan, and up the West Coast to Valparaiso, Chile, &c. Rates $330 upward; duration, 74 days. ALSO CRUISES TO WEST INDIES, ORIENT, and AROUND THE WORLD.
Write for illustrated pamplets, rates, &c.

LONDON-PARIS-HAMBURG.
*‡Pennsylvania.....Aug. 31, 3 P. M.
†Kaiserin Aug. Vic.....Sept. 3, 10 A. M.
Bluecher.....Sept. 7, 1 P. M.
Cleveland.....Sept. 10, 9 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant; ‡Hamburg direct. *Entire accommodations reserved for 2d cabin only.
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA.
S. S. MOLTKE.....August 30, 2 P. M.
S. S. HAMBURG..September 20, 10 A. M.
In November the new 17,000 ton S. S. Cleveland and Cincinnati will enter the Mediterranean service.
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
Guide and Travel Books on Sale.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
From Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, and 62, North River, New York City.

American Line
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia..Aug. 27, 10 AM|New York..Sept. 10
St. Louis.....Sept. 3, 10 AM|St. Paul..Sept. 17

Atlantic Transport Line
London Direct.
Mesaba.....Aug. 27, 9 AM|Minn'p's..Sept. 10
Min'waska..Sept. 3, 9:30 AM|Min't'nka..Sept. 17

Red Star Line
Dover—Antwerp—Paris.
Finland.....Aug. 27, 11 AM|Lapl'd (New)..Sp. 10
Vaderland..Sept. 3, 11 AM|Kroonl'd..Sept. 17

White Star Line
Queenstown — Holyhead — Liverpool
Arabic.....Aug. 27, noon|Celtic.....Sept. 10
Baltic.....Sept. 3, 11 AM|Cedric.....Sept. 17
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Adriatic..Aug. 24, 9:30 AM|Oceanic..Sept. 7
Teutonic.....Aug. 31, 3 PM|Majestic..Sept. 14
New York To Mediterranean
& Boston The
via Azores, Gibraltar, etc.
Canopic.....Sept. 14, 4 PM|Romanic..Oct. 1
Cretic.....Sept. 21, noon|Canopic..Oct. 22

All Steamers of the American Line, Atlantic Transport Line, Red Star Line, White Star Line Are Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signalling Apparatus, Etc.
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS.
ELEGANT ACCOMMODATIONS.
NEW YORK and NEW ORLEANS.
From Pier 48 N. R., ft. West 11th St., 12 noon.
Creole.....Aug. 20|Antilles.....Aug. 27
Momus.....Aug. 24|Comus.....Aug. 31
Connecting at New Orleans with rail lines for all points West.
L. H. NUTTING, G. P. A., 1, 866, 1,158 Broadway, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
PROVIDENCE LINE, via Providence. Leave Pier 18 North River, foot Murray St., week days only, 6:00 P. M. Steamers PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 5:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW BEDFORD LINE, for New Bedford, Woods Hole, Marthas Vineyard, Nantucket, Mattapoisett, Marion, and Cape Cod points. Leave Pier 40, North River, foot of Clarkson Street, week days only at 6:00 P. M. Steamers MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North. Leave Pier 28, E. R., week days 2:45 P. M. Sundays 9:30 A. M. Foot East 22d St. week days 3:00 P. M., Sundays 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days leave Pier 27, E. R. Steamer NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M., Str. BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M. Saturdays 2:00 P. M.; foot E. 22d St., 3:30 P. M., Saturdays 2:30 P. M.; Sundays 5:30 P. M.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

All-the-Way-by-Water
Metropolitan Line between New York and
BOSTON
An Unbroken Night's Rest from City to City over the most fascinating Salt Water Route in the World. River, Harbor, Sound, and Ocean.
Luxurious Express Turbine Steel Steamships
YALE AND HARVARD
Staterooms with or without Bath. Family rooms with four berths. Main Deck Dining Room, &c.
Week days and Sundays. Leave Pier 9, N. R., foot Rector St., 5 P. M. Due Boston 8 A. M. next day. Same schedule returning.
Tickets and reservations at Wharf; also Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices throughout City. New York to Boston, $4.00. Through tickets all points.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
*MALDEN
SMITH'S LD'G
GERMANTOWN
*CATSKILL
*HUDSON
*ATHENS
STOCKPORT
COXSACKIE
*Saturday special lands only at points marked *.
Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., week days, at 6:30 P. M.; West 129th St. 7:00 P. M.
Saturday Special 1 P. M.
Pier 43, and 1:20 P. M. W. 129th St. Send 2c. stamp for booklet giving Resorts of Catskill Regions.
'Phone 1098 Spring.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE to Albany
ORCHESTRA.
Horses and Automobiles at reasonable rates. Leave foot W. Houston St. 5:30 P. M., foot W. 129th St. 6:00 P. M. daily. Telephone 9128 Spring.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail.....$2.65
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct.....1.75
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail.....2.65
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail.....2.00
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of W. Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., New Pier 8, E. R., Tues. & Thurs. 5:30 P. M., Sats. 1:00 P. M.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Rock Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

SEA TO MAINE
The Most Charming Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
Special Excursions $7.00
The Maine Steamship Company sell at their Pier 20, East River, Ticket Office Only, Ten-Day non-transferable Excursion Tickets from New York to Portland, Maine, and return for $7.00. Tickets sold and accommodations assigned for these excursions only on day of sailing.
Sailings Monday, 10 A. M.; Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday 5 P. M., from Pier 20, East River, New York.
S. S. NORTHLAND and NORTH STAR.
Illustrated descriptive booklet sent on request.
MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

JOY LINE
From NEW YORK **$2.40** via BOAT and RAIL TO
BOSTON
Boston via Boat & Trolley, $2.35.
Modern Steel Screw Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE.
Providence Direct, $1.50|Worcester, $2.40
Every week day 5:30 P. M. | Pier 19, East River
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.
Sun rises..5:18|Sun sets..6:47|Moon rises..9:08

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:10	10:30	3:36	4:20
Governors Island	10:28	10:41	4:26	4:50
Hell Gate	12:16	12:31	6:01	6:25

Arrived—Tuesday, Aug. 23.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen, Aug. 16.
SS Gresser Kurfurst, Bremen, Aug. 13.
SS Berlin, Naples, Aug. 12.
SS Westfalen, Cardenas, Aug. 14.
SS Advance, Cristobal, Aug. 16.
SS Prinz August Wilhelm, Kingston, Aug. 18.
SS Saratoga, Havana, Aug. 20.
SS San Juan, San Juan, Aug. 17.
SS El Paso, Galveston, Aug. 19.
SS El Monte, New Orleans, Aug. 18.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, Aug. 20.
SS Harvard, Boston, Aug. 22.
SS Himesia, Baltimore, Aug. 20.
SS Sabine, Tampa, Aug. 16.
SS Carib, Wilmington, Aug. 20.
SS Denver, Galveston, Aug. 17.
SS Saranac, Barrow, Aug. 11.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, Aug. 22.
SS Wells City, Swanna, Aug. 10.

Outgoing Steamships.
SAIL TO-DAY.

| | Mails Close. |

How to Find Employment

¶ The following advertisement in The New York Times on Aug. 3 brought 48 replies in response to **one** insertion of the advertisement:

HOUSEWORKER.—Situation wanted for an exceptionally qualified young Irish woman to do general housework; the young woman is now employed by the advertiser, who reluctantly has to part with her, and it is in appreciation of her excellent and loyal service that this effort is made by her employer to secure a good position for her; the young woman is neat, intelligent and trustworthy, and untiring in her efforts to please. Address Employer, Box T 132 Times.

¶ This is striking testimony to the fact that there is plenty of demand by Times readers for competent help. Those out of employment are, therefore, urged to follow the excellent example noted above. The best way to secure the attention of employers seeking capable help is through the advertising columns of The New York Times, which reaches more employers than any other newspaper.

¶ The advertising should, however, be explicit and say something as to the qualifications of the applicant. The ordinary advertisement is frequently ineffective because it is incomplete.

¶ Advertisements, on application, will be prepared by the Want Advertising Department of The Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant and ask for a representative to call to see you.
(No. 6)

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.

THE LAW.

"A person who finds lost property under circumstances which give him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without first having made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny."
—New York State Penal Law.

Lost articles should be advertised as soon as the loss is known. Telephone 1000 Bryant. The New York Times will write and print your advertisement. The cost is small.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe Tiffany brooch, No. 2823, Saturday night, between Hoffman House, Hotel Seville, or between 29th and 30th Sts.; handsome reward; no questions. Room 1,226 Martha Washington Hotel.

LOST.—Stock Certificate No. 11,692 in the name of Walter L. Lascelles for six shares The Home Insurance Co., New York. Finder please return the same to 8 Bridge St. Application for new certificate has been filed.

LOST—Between Subway station, 116th St. and Broadway, and Amsterdam Av., package containing open-face watch and photograph. Finder please return to Charles A. Johnston, 108 Fulton St.

LOST—Small ball crystal watch, Thursday noon, Aug. 18, between Le Boutillier's and McCreery's, on 23d St.; valued by owner for associations. Reward if returned to Room 407, 156 5th Av.

LOST—Saturday, on passage to New York via New York Central, morocco case, containing one diamond stud button and one diamond stick pin; liberal reward. 1,249 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Diamond cluster ring, from corner 113th and Manhattan Av. to 110th elevated, or on 6th Av. train; valued for association; liberal reward. Return Hanlini, 312 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Monday afternoon, 7th Av., near 46th St., gold sleeve link, initials "E. P."; finder suitably rewarded. Return Room 5,061 Metropolitan Building.

LOST—Last Wednesday, ring, opals and diamonds, pinky ring; odd setting. Liberal reward return to J. Scheuer & Co., 625 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond pin, on New York & New Jersey Railroad or in Subway. E. J. Dustman, 167 East 72d St., New York City.

LOST—Diamond horseshoe pin, between Larchmont and Kisco Lake, N. Y.; reward $10. E. V. Harmon, 299 Broadway.

LOST—Rowboat Winowa, Sheepshead Bay and Sandy Hook. 'Phone Dr. Orr, 7022 Pros. Reward.

LOST—Diamond engagement ring over 2 carats; liberal reward. Knickerbocker Store, 794 East 158th St.

LOST—On 180th St., near Belmont Av., keys; reward. Return to A. L., 672 East 180th St.

LOST—Lady's diamond ring; liberal reward. Address Mrs. Sibley, 561 West 163d St.

LOST AND FOUND, CATS, DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—French Boston terrier, brindle and white. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to R. B. Mitchell, 212 West 109th St.

LOST—Russian wolf hound, dog; white with brindle spots. Reward if returned to 2,114 Bedford Av., near Lenox Road, Brooklyn.

LOST—Female dog; answers name Pewee; color black and white; $10 reward. 1,785 Madison Av. Livingston.

LOST—English bulldog, light brindle, male, white spot on chest. $25 reward if returned to 600 West 136th St.

LOST—Small fox terrier, beautifully marked, brown, white; liberal reward. Yanss, 433 8th St., Brooklyn.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND—Waltham gold open-faced watch, with fob. Address H. N., Kingsbridge.

FOUND, Aug. 22—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Cane, umbrella, purse, roll of papers, book, gloves, aprons, shirt waist, &c. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Cap, &c., umbrella, parasol, case, handbag, purse, eyeglasses, sum of money, pin, books, gloves, photo, suspenders, sweater, hats, razor strop, &c., apron, &c., towel and shirt, cape, shirt, &c., rubber stamps. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Envelopes and paper, cape, hatpin, spectacles, plush, cloth, three umbrellas, shirt, couch cover, pipe, overalls, papers, books, parasol, hat. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Waist, glove, three umbrellas, pin, grip. SUBWAY—Shirts, umbrella, bag, suit case, two purses, watch fob, locket, glove, photo, paper, cross, rosary beads, pipe, hat, embroidery, apron, coat, burners, chisel, books.

FOUND, Aug. 23.—BROOKLYN R. T. LINES. Apply 168 Montague St., Brooklyn: Lunch basket, teddy bear, shirts, price list, shirt, suitcase containing clothes, rubber, Italian book, two hats, bathing suit, shawl, umbrellas, pocketbooks.

FOUND, Aug. 22—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply Supt. of Marine Dept., foot of Liberty St.: At Pier 10—Pair of eyeglasses. LIBERTY ST. FERRY—Pair of overalls and shirt.

FOUND, Aug. 22—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, four packages, pair of gloves, locket.

FOUND, Aug. 22—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Packages and umbrellas.

FOUND, Aug. 22—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Four umbrellas, camera, raincoat, five packages.

FOUND, Aug. 22—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Six umbrellas, grip, purse, breastpin and locket, three packages, handbag.

FOUND, Aug. 22—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: ON RAILROAD TRAINS—Purse, parasol, jacket, bag, nail file. FERRIES—Three packages. AT JERSEY CITY STATION—Valise, lady's gold watch.

FOUND, Aug. 22—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master, Weehawken, N. J. Suit case.

FOUND, Aug. 22—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO., foot of Warren St.: Raincoat, hair brush, tooth brush and powder, cap, book, shaving brush, jacket, bottle of medicine, 2 keys, belt, cap, eye-glass case, front of kodak, laundry ticket, pajamas, knife.

No advertisement is accepted by The New York Times regarding which there may be any question of trustworthiness of the advertiser.—Adv.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

DETECTIVE, 17 years' experience, going to Europe; confidential commissions taken; references exchanged. L 304 Times Downtown.

Party to invest small capital, half interest, act as Treasurer, and manage road show; good booking. Room 19, 8 West 125th St.

$1,000 invested secures Secretary's position and large interest in new corporation. Room 414, 1,947 Broadway.

Part of window for rent for demonstration; commission basis. Call 509 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Confectionery and ice cream business for sale; cash; retiring. 767 6th Av., opposite Hippodrome.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A HOME with refined family of three adults in small house, one hour out, is offered to a competent general houseworker who will be paid wages equal to her ability and interest in her work; must do washing and ironing and wait on table; three months of Winter spent in New York. Adress Mrs. H. B. Prindle, Riverside, Conn.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; experienced. Apply Levy, Fox & Levy, 20 Bond St.

DESIGNER wanted on ladies' dresses; only experienced need apply. Weinberg Bros. & Hauptman, 187 Lafayette St.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and stenographer underwear house; references required. Samuel Heller Co., 31 West 15th St.

EXPERIENCED saleswoman for ladies' gowns; only those accustomed to high-class trade need apply. Mogabgab, 292 5th Av., city.

LAUNDRESS WANTED in home for blind children. Apply 2 West 15th St., Room 53, 11 to 1 only.

R. H. MACY & CO.

Applications received at office of General Manager between 8:30 A. M. and 5 P. M. daily. All applicants for positions given a personal interview.

Require

STENOGRAPHERS—Several experienced, competent young women over 20 years of age; liberal salaries.

CLERICAL—Several bright young women over 18 years of age for clerical work.

WANTED—An experienced young woman to take charge of first-class furnished room house; $25 per month; must have references. Address, with full particulars, Y 60 Times.

WANTED—Intelligent applicants to enter The Nurses' Training School in September at The Graham Sanatorium, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Young woman as house mother's assistant in home for blind children. Apply 2 West 15th St., Room 53, 11 to 1 only.

WANTED—Woman to do cooking in home for blind children. Apply 2 West 15th St., Room 53, 11 to 1 only.

YOUNG EDUCATED LADIES wanted to enter nurses' training school; after three years' course diploma given. Apply between 9 and 11, Superintendent Training School, Sydenham Hospital, 337 East 116th St.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

BOYS.—Require several well-recommended boys for various positions throughout their establishment. Inquire by mail or to Superintendent.

BOY WANTED in fire insurance broker's office; state age. Insurance, 318 Times Downtown.

HIGH-CLASS CANVASSER to solicit contributions for an established charitable association; only experienced, capable man of clean record wanted. Y 56 Times.

HOTEL BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; good position for right man. State age, experience, and salary. Z 266 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST.—First-class man only. Apply 115 Nassau St., Room 57, New York.

PH. WEINBERG'S SON & CO.,
FURRIERS,
290 FIFTH AVENUE,
REQUIRE EXPERIENCED SALESMEN AND SALESWOMEN FOR THEIR RETAIL DEPARTMENT. APPLY IN PERSON.

SALESMAN.—To sell a stamp affixing machine; nothing like it on the market; keeps, counts, sticks your stamps; sells itself in one demonstration; hustlers only need apply. 177 Broadway, Room 35.

SALESMAN.—Dress and wash goods salesman solicit department stores and cutting-up trade; commission house. Middle, 377 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted with established trade for popular-priced line of coats, suits, and dresses; good proposition for right men. Y 58 Times.

SALESMAN, Western and city, for line of cloaks and suits: L. & I. Cohen, 79 4th Av.

SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS.—Potter & Johnson, Acme, Automatic, and Jones & Lamson; in replying, state age, experience, and wages wanted. Locomobile Co. of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

WANTED for Southern States, salesman to represent popular-priced line tailored and lingerie waists, ladies' and misses' wash dresses; strictly commission basis; only those commanding large trade apply. Address W 207 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Bookkeeper familiar with cost keeping; state experience, age, references, salary expected. Z 267 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A well-appearing young man to solicit automobile advertising. Address Y 57 Times.

WANTED—Advertising solicitors of experience on a metropolitan daily. Address Y 45 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 16, wanted; must be strong and intelligent. Apply after 10 A. M., to F. R. Arnold & Co., 7 West 22d St.

HELP WANTED
EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING REQUESTS TO FURNISH COMPETENT HELP OF ALL KINDS, ESPECIALLY A LARGE NUMBER OF BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS, AND STENOGRAPHERS, BOTH MALE AND FEMALE. WORTHY, COMPETENT APPLICANTS REGISTERING WITH US WILL BE GIVEN OPPORTUNITIES TO ACCEPT ANY POSITION WE MAY HAVE TO FILL, PROVIDING THEIR REFERENCES ARE FAVORABLE AND THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ORDER. WE HAVE NO TIME FOR IRRESPONSIBLE PEOPLE. NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, (Agency,)
47 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Female; must be law reporter, $30; stenographer, private secretary; law experience; $15; stenographer, $12-$8; stenographers, assistant bookkeepers, (2,) $10; bookkeepers, knowledge stenography, $15-$12-$10; bookkeeper, $8. Universal Exchange, (Agency,) 1 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Numerous positions paying good salaries; better locate permanently now. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau St.

Domestic Help.

MISS BRINKLEY,
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent, thoroughly trained servants, including house cleaners, supplied after a careful investigation of references. Personal attention given to opening of houses.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Broadway, 83d St.—4 rooms, light; suitable bachelor apartments; convenient L, Subway. Tel. 7611 Schuyler.

YACHTS AND VESSELS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Must dispose of my speed boat at once; will do 22 miles; it is handsome, fast, and easily handled; is now in commission; just overhauled and repainted. C. Clark, 535 West 158th St.

PERSONAL

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

NOBILITY.

Will sell a title of French Marquis, dating back to 1400. For particulars address A. Bruchaut, a Largente, par Condom, (Gers,) France.

DR. J. EMANUEL, Chiropodist, of 258 West 53d St., wishes to announce to his patients that he will be absent from the city until Aug. 31.

COUNTRY BOARD

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c. a line a day.

New Jersey.

Teaneck Inn, Teaneck, near Englewood, N. J.—Quiet, refined, healthy place; large shady grounds; ideal spot for recuperation and rest; 45 minutes Times Square; fresh milk, eggs, &c.; absolute country with all modern conveniences. Particulars R. J. Bingham, Hotel Cumberland.

THE COLONIAL,
SPRING LAKE, N. J.
Open till Sept. 15th.
Misses VANDERHOOF & REYNOLDS.

HEALTH HOME, "Columbia," Butler, N. J. (Erholungsheim.) Refuge for nervousness, rheumatism; baths, massage treatment, (circular.)

HILLSIDE HOUSE.—Elegant surroundings; homelike; excellent table; airy rooms. Mrs. Mary Jacobus, Caldwell.

New England.

Tanawatha Lodge, Cos Cob, Connecticut, on estate of 65 acres; boating, bathing, tennis; 50 minutes from Grand Central Station; Autumn rates.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly capable, six years' experience, desires permanent position; salary $18-$20. W 212 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Remington or Underwood operator, experienced, desires permanent position reliable firm; salary, $15 weekly. G. M., 706 Union Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, desires permanent position; A1 reference; competent, ambitious; $15. L 321 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; bright; correct speller; reliable; willing. Stenographer, 804 Mechanics' Bank Building, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER; ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Two years' experience; accurate worker; references. E. M., 272 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Excellent penman; good detail worker; references; $10. Proficient, 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; competent; excellent mathematician; good penman. Miss B., 58 Beekman St., city.

STENOGRAPHER. — High School education; good worker; best references furnished; $8. Conscientious, 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; graduate Bryn Mawr College; knowledge of languages; expert proofreader. Address Y, 41 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—By girl, 16, as stenographer. C. Z., F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, capable; $15-$18. 22 Meeker St., West Orange, N. J.

YOUNG GIRL, 18, wishes position where quick attention to business is appreciated; experience in office routine; best references. Y 19 Times.

YOUNG LADY, several months' experience, desires position; willing to start at small salary. Estelle Trokie, care of Excelsior Pad Co., 428 Broadway, N. Y.

YOUNG WOMAN, college graduate, postgraduate course secretarial work, stenography, wants position. M., P. O. Box 1,055, New York City.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR
Desires position office manager. W 151 Times.

ARE YOU MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING A MERITORIOUS SPECIALTY? Dou you need a strong, versatile sales promoter to move that product a little faster? Write to me. Talk it over and let us compare notes. I have sold specialties for years. You may profit to the extent of a few useful hints. My present employment as sales promoter for large manufacturing company is guarantee that I shall not waste your time with footless talk. If we both agree that I could produce results for you we shall talk position and salary. Address Results, Y 55 Times.

BOY, 17, wishes position in office with chance of advancement; three years' experience; excellent references. B. M., F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BUTLER.—Japanese wants position as butler; excellent reference; $40. Ushe, 330 East 57th St. Plaza—6752.

CHAUFFEUR.—Expert mechanic and careful driver, five years' experience, wishes position out or in town; best reference. Y 50 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — Sober, careful driver; good reference. J. M., 121A West 12th St., Bayonne, N. J.

COOK or BUTLER.—Japanese; first-class cook or butler; wishes position; good reference. Shiro, 330 East 57th St.

EXPERIENCED office clerk, 33; typewriter operator; perfect French, English, and German correspondent; best references. Z 268 Times Downtown.

HIGH-GRADE MAN, 25, married, seeks position of trust; last two years successful manager stock transfer office for large corporation; has experience invaluable to growing corporation; will make good right-hand man to busy executive; good stenographer, bright, and versatile; object of change, bigger opportunity and more money. Faithful, 215 Times Downtown.

NURSE — COMPANION. — Young man, sanitarium experience, for pulmonary tuberculosis. H. T., 263 West 125th St.

OFFICE BOY.—By Boy, 15, as office boy. J. L., F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STOCK CLERK.—By young man, 20, as stock clerk in millinery house; has had five years' experience; would try to make good at any other line; can furnish best of reference. W 130 Times.

YOUNG ENGLISHMAN residing in Buenos Aires, thorough knowledge of Argentine business, speaks Spanish, well acquainted with wholesale and retail trade, desires representative lines for Argentina; finest references; state full particulars. E. H. Counter, 1,038 Trinity Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, (24,) wishes to make change; six years with present employer; desires position where there is a future. German-American, 214 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, has chosen accountancy as his future; wishes to gain experience in an accountant's office; at present employed as bookkeeper; best references; salary secondary consideration. Y 59 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, excellent education, desires position in law or brokerage office or bank till 3 P. M.; nominal salary. W 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, experienced, desires position on gentleman's place; city or country; A1 references. Steady, V 53 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED
EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

COOKS, laundresses, chambermaids, housework, elevator boys, useful. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d. 94 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 50th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, useful men; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th. Tel. 486—Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th; bond, $1,000, guarantees colored help. 1119—Harlem.

Where there is any question as to the legitimacy of an advertisement it is excluded by The New York Times.
—Adv.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (Cor. 103d St.)—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; beautiful, vine-covered house; finest location New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table; more foliage than country; cooler.

5TH AV., 46.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; good table; table guests accommodated; references.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123.)—Desirable, large, airy rooms; comfortable, clean; good, substantial board; references.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Large rooms; running water; good table; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; first-class; moderate.

58TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, scrupulously clean; good home table; table guests; accommodated.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

70TH ST., 32 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; table board.

72D ST., 122 WEST.
One, two, and three room suites; private bath; high-class accommodation at moderate cost.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, clean rooms; phone, L, Subway; home cooking; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; unexcelled cuisine; table guests.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated rooms, with or without bath; large closets; parlor, dining room; excellent table; transients accommodated; table board; telephone; Christians; references required.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms, all conveniences; parlor dining; table board; references required.

79TH, 121.—High grade throughout; 96th, 61; rooms; prices moderate.

80TH ST., 152 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests accommodated; telephone.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Large, small rooms; board optional; special rate to business people; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Double and single rooms; two suites; Southern cooking; table board.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Private baths, electricity, parquet floors; excellent table; steam heat; doctor's suite.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms; table guests; references; telephone; near "L."

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; hot baths; excellent table; telephone; table guests accommodated.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms, handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; near Park; telephone.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; all conveniences; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable, large, small rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Front rooms, adjoining bath; near Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome rooms; private baths; fine table board; near Park, Subway, elevated.

102D ST., 243 WEST, Near Riverside.—Exceptionally attractive double room with board; also table board.

116TH ST., 218 WEST.—First-class rooms and substantial German board; all conveniences; reasonable. Frankenberg.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Large, airy, comfortably furnished rooms; excellent board; homelike; well-kept house.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Large room; closets; running water; good table; American family; gentlemen; telephone.

A gentleman and daughter, owning their home on West 86th St., will rent with board a large second-story room with private bath; also a fourth-story large front room; excellent table; home environment; references indispensable. Adress Emoor, W 114 Times.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

MORNINGSIDE HEIGHTS, 400 W. 118TH.—Large corner rooms, overlooking Park; glorious view; delightfully cool; celebrated restaurant; every convenience; very accessible; moderate.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike; first-class table board; nicely furnished small rooms; telephone.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Second floor suite; other beautiful rooms; elevator; excellent table; parlor dining.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; tiled bathrooms; box spring beds; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

MADISON AV., 694-696, (23 East 23d St.)—Suites and separate rooms, with excellent board.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, (Overlooking Wall St., East River.)—Large, cool rooms, furnished, unfurnished; Subway five minutes to Broadway; twenty, seaside; neighborhood aristocratic; house exclusive, refined; table choicest products New York markets; $9, $10 weekly. 905—Main.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—$17.50 per week. American plan. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

BOARD WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER and GENERAL office assistant; understands some bookkeeping.—Competent young lady desires position as private secretary or with reliable firm; unquestionable references; salary $18. Y 6 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1st, 281 W.—Gentlemen; south front; reasonable.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Large, small, well-furnished rooms; southern exposure; also parlor floor, doctor.

73D ST., 177 WEST.—Desirable rooms, all conveniences; private family; references; telephone.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room, with private bath; smaller rooms; telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large room, private bath; small rooms; electric light, telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and medium-sized room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; all conveniences; handsomely furnished; reasonable; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and medium rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; references.

78TH ST., 185 WEST.—Handsomely furnished floor; private family; suitable three gentlemen; references. Owner.

78TH ST., 173 WEST.—Two connecting front rooms. Lewis.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large front room with bath; newly decorated and furnished; private family.

80TH ST., 110 WEST.—Desirable room adjoining bath in private house; southern exposure; telephone.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; running water; also doctor's office; service.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Medium room; running water; southern exposure; first-class house; telephone; gentlemen.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable, large, medium rooms with bath; parlor floor for doctor; references.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Desirable rooms; every convenience; private house; gentlemen; references.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; running water; every convenience; homelike; $4. Deisinger.

85TH ST., 212 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; convenient Subway; two in family; reasonable. Whelan.

85TH ST., 168 WEST.—Desirable rooms in private house; near Subway; telephone; gentlemen only; references.

85TH, 252 WEST.—Furnished room with private bath; telephone; two in family. Franklin.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable medium and single rooms; select house; "L," Subway; conveniences; telephone.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated large, small rooms; shower baths; select house; gentlemen.

91ST ST., 15 WEST.—Desirable furnished parlor suite; elevator apartment; every convenience. O'Connor.

93D ST., 35 WEST. — Large alcove room; lavatory; telephone; all conveniences; half block "L," Park.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large cool room, $3.50; every convenience; telephone; half block "L"; Park.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house near Riverside Drive; elegant furnished room; suitable for bachelor or married couple; telephone.

108TH, 211 WEST. — Desirable, light and cool, well furnished; 'phone, shower; gentlemen; $3.50. Howard.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; private French family; electric light, telephone; central. Moore.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Two rooms, front; permanent business people preferred; elevator; 'phone; references. Cooke.

114TH ST., 514 WEST.—Well-furnished room, Apartment 2; convenient Subway. Call evenings.

119TH ST., 450, (Manhattan Av.)—Beautiful large, clean parlor, bedrooms; all improvements; gentlemen, couple. Sloane.

123D, 509 WEST.—Special rates; front, attractive modern rooms, newly furnished; board optional. Miller.

123D ST., 524 WEST.—Light, airy, quiet room; bath convenient; between Riverside and Morningside Parks; in private family of two; $2.25; also double room; table board convenient. Eaton.

125TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; running water; private family.

136TH ST., 815 WEST.—Nice large front room, running water, bath; private house; near "L."

FURNISHED ROOMS for men only. Hotel Clemens, 98th St., Amsterdam Av.

East Side.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms; private house; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with or without bath; telephone; gentlemen.

58TH, 36 EAST.—Single or connecting rooms at exceptional Summer rates; references.

82D ST., 120 EAST.—Furnished parlor and bedroom; conveniences; bath; references required. Bock, 2d floor.

88D ST., 53 EAST.—Large, pleasant front room, second floor; all conveniences; private house; references.

BEAUTIFUL LARGE ROOM or suite; corner apartment; strictly private; no other roomers; private telephone; elevator; home comforts; Madison Av. Y 1 Times.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large and small rooms; private baths; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

PARK AV., 970, near 83d.—Rooms, large and small; all conveniences; private house.

PARK AV., 562, corner 62d St.—Large, nicely furnished hall room. H. W.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has cool, newly renovated rooms overlooking water, for men, with, without private baths; convenient Wall St., Subway, and Bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (Cor. 103d St.)—Block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; beautiful, vine-covered house; finest location New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table; more foliage than country; cooler.

5TH AV., 46.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; good table; table guests accommodated; references.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123.)—Desirable, large, airy rooms; comfortable, clean; good, substantial board; references.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Large rooms; running water; good table; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; first-class; moderate.

58TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, scrupulously clean; good home table; table guests; accommodated.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; finely furnished; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, private bath; physician or family; other large and small rooms; board optional; near Central Park.

70TH ST., 32 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; table board.

72D ST., 122 WEST.
One, two, and three room suites; private bath; high-class accommodation at moderate cost.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, clean rooms; phone, L, Subway; home cooking; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; unexcelled cuisine; table guests.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated rooms, with or without bath; large closets; parlor, dining room; excellent table; transients accommodated; table board; telephone; Christians; references required.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms, all conveniences; parlor dining; table board; references required.

79TH, 121.—High grade throughout; 96th, 61; rooms; prices moderate.

80TH ST., 152 WEST.—Pleasant, comfortable rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests accommodated; telephone.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—Large, small rooms; board optional; special rate to business people; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Double and single rooms; two suites; Southern cooking; table board.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Private baths, electricity, parquet floors; excellent table; steam heat; doctor's suite.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms; table guests; references; telephone; near "L."

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; hot baths; excellent table; telephone; table guests accommodated.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms, handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; near Park; telephone.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; all conveniences; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable, large, small rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Front rooms, adjoining bath; near Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome rooms; private baths; fine table board; near Park, Subway, elevated.

102D ST., 243 WEST, Near Riverside.—Exceptionally attractive double room with board; also table board.

116TH ST., 218 WEST.—First-class rooms and substantial German board; all conveniences; reasonable. Frankenberg.

123D ST., 168 WEST.—Large, airy, comfortably furnished rooms; excellent board; homelike; well-kept house.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Large room; closets; running water; good table; American family; gentlemen; telephone.

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FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Advertiser owning elegantly appointed

EJECT SQUATTERS, IS WHIPPLE'S ORDER

Adirondack Camps of Rich and Poor to be Torn Down if on State Land.

IGNORE EVICTION JUDGMENTS

Forest Protection Is Commissioner's Object—Order Affects One Hundred Families, Including New Yorkers.

ALBANY, Aug. 23.—Commissioner James S. Whipple of the Forest, Fish and Game Commission, has decreed that squatters on Adirondack State lands must go. Instructions have been issued to employes of the department to tear down the camps and eject their occupants, whether rich or poor, as soon as the fire season is over. The announcement was made by Commissioner Whipple this afternoon in the course of the inquiry into the affairs of the department which is being conducted by Commissioners appointed by Gov. Hughes.

John K. Ward, counsel to Mr. Whipple's department, was being questioned by Commissioner Austin as to why squatters on Racquette Lake, Indian Lake, and other parts of the Adirondacks had not been evicted from State lands after judgments of eviction had been secured against them, when Commissioner Whipple interrupted the proceedings with the announcement of his sweeping order.

He told the investigators that he had repeatedly recommended a Constitutional amendment which would permit the leasing of camp sites by the State, a plan which he said had been indorsed by the Association for the Preservation of the Adirondacks, an organization numbering many New York City residents who have Adirondack camps.

Such an amendment, he said, would permit leases to existing squatters under proper restrictions, would yield a substantial revenue to the State, and greatly lessen the danger of forest fires. The matter had been placed before the Legislature at the last session, but the recommendation was rejected, and Mr. Whipple declared he was through with "begging that the change be made."

"When the fire season is over," he concluded, "we are going to eject every person from State lands, rich or poor, and tear down the buildings. If the forests burn, the Legislature will have to take the responsibility."

Threats have been made by certain squatters that if ejected they would seek revenge by burning up the north woods. Mr. Ward testified that one Raquette Lake squatter had made such a threat to his face. The main object of the department, he said, was to protect the forests. The poor squatters had not before been evicted, as the rich campers could afford to defend suits and stave off action for years, and it was desired to treat all alike.

The camp occupied by ex-Senator Jotham P. Allds and others on Buck Island in Beaver River are, Mr. Ward said, on State land. Joseph H. Ladew of New York, Horace Inman of Amsterdam, and David C. Ball of New York, it is said, have camps on lands claimed by the State at Raquette Lake, and W. D. Mann of Town Topics is an occupant of State land on Lake George. About one hundred families would be affected by Commissioner Whipple's order, it was said.

Mr. Ward was questioned at length during the morning session concerning his purchase for $200 of a camp on Buck Lake, in St. Lawrence County, situated in the midst of a 9,000-acre tract, which the State purchased from Post & Henderson, a lumber company, in 1908.

"Do you consider it proper for the general counsel to the Forest, Fish and Game Commission, in possession of confidential information, to purchase a camp in the midst of a tract of land bought by the State?" asked Commissioner Austin.

"I certainly did," replied Ward.

"And you so consider it now?"

"I see absolutely nothing wrong about it except the motives imputed to me in the matter."

STEERS RESCUES A WOMAN.

Brooklyn Borough President Carries Invalid from a Burning House.

Borough President Steers of Brooklyn rescued Mrs. C. Robinson Griggs, who has been an invalid for six years, from a fire in her home, at 2,699 Bedford Avenue, yesterday. Mr. Steers lives across the street, at 2,604 Bedford Avenue. He was preparing to go to his office at the Borough Hall when he saw smoke coming out of the upper story windows of the Griggs house.

Mr. Steers knew that the woman was an invalid and incapable of helping herself. He rushed across the street and was about to go upstairs to the second floor, where she usually remained, when he heard her calling feebly. For the first time in several months she had been moved to the first floor. The rooms were fairly well filled with smoke and Mrs. Griggs was beginning to find difficulty in breathing when Mr. Steers reached her side. He carried her over to his own home.

Mrs. Griggs's husband, who is a retired railroad man, was not at home. The fire caused a loss of about $700. Its origin is unknown, but the police believe that it had been smoldering over night in one of the closets, where one of the servants discovered it.

IGNORES DEATH THREAT.

Murru Appears to Prosecute Three Men He Says Robbed Him.

Giachino Murru, a barber of 66 Summit Avenue, Brooklyn, ignored a threat to kill him which he said was made by three men who came to him in the interest of three burglars who were arraigned in the Butler Street Court yesterday, and appeared in court to press his complaint against the accused men. The three prisoners were Joseph Saia, Giuseppe Gerace, and Francisco Emma, all of Manhattan. They were charged with breaking into Murru's apartments on Friday morning and stealing a horseshoe pin and $18 in cash. The detectives who arrested them say the pin was found on Emma.

A few hours after Murru's home was robbed the apartments of Mrs. Lena Vasile of 111 Union Street, just around the corner, were entered. The same gang is believed by the police to have done both jobs.

All the prisoners were held in $1,000 bail each for examination on Thursday by Magistrate Voorheis.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:30—191 Av. C; Abe Renwick	$20
8:05—403 E. 100th St.; D. Goldstein	Slight
9:00—534 W. 53d St.; Joseph Clancy	$40
9:45—114 E. 23d St.; S. Silverberg	Trifling
11:05—Boston Road and 173d St.; Van Beuren Brothers	Slight
11:25—957 Union Av.; Louis Cassey	$50
11:45—354 E. 33d St.; Ridansky & Levy	Slight
11:55—50 Market St.; Francis Bvolosky	$50
4:35—Westchester Av. and Southern Boulevard; Interborough Railroad Co.	Slight
5:45—159 East 110th St.; N. Greati	None
8:00—1,404 Avenue A; C. Rosenbloom	$50
8:30—312 East 71st St.; S. C. Landus	$1,000
8:30—222 Wooster St.; R. Siegelman	$200
8:30—271 East 7th St.; B. Hoffman	$10
8:35—55 Clarkson St.; Trinity Corporation	Slight
8:50—3, 5, and 7 East 118th St.; Isadore Edelman	Slight
9:00—516 East 71st St.; Mr. Becker	Trifling
9:50—210 East 59th St.; Samuel Morris	$100
10:50—744 9th St.; Wm. Mackowitz	Trifling
11:10—502 1st Av.; H. Carpenter & Co.	Trifling

HELD FOR PIRACY.

Squadron Brings in Five of Whaler's Crew Arrested Off the Azores.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAUOLIS, Md., Aug. 23.—Five men, charged with piracy, were transferred from Capt. George R. Clark's Naval Academy practice squadron to the revenue cutter Apache at Solomon's Island, forty miles below Annapolis, this afternoon. The Apache proceeded at once to Baltimore, where the prisoners will be jailed pending trial before the Federal court in that city.

The prisoners are William R. Albert, Charles Mitchell, Edward W. Lilza, Charles Turner, and George White, all members of the crew of the American whaling schooner Pedro Varala of New Bedford, Mass. Two other men are also under arrest, and were transferred with them. They are John W. Haddock and Jeremiah J. McCarthy. Both are held as witnesses. Details of the charges against the men and the circumstances attending their arrest are lacking.

The men were arrested off Horta, Fayal, by Capt. Clark at the request of the Portuguese authorities through the United States Consul at Horta, when the squadron passed the Azores. The charges, it is understood were made by the Portuguese authorities, and a study of international law seems to be involved.

FLINT GAINS 194 PER CENT.

Busy Michigan Town Shows 38,550 Population, Against 13,103 in 1900.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The population of Flint, Mich., according to the new census, is 38,550, an increase of 25,447, or 194.2 per cent. over the 1900 figures of 13,103.

The population of Battle Creek, Mich., is put at 25,267, an increase of 6,704, or 36.1 per cent. over the 1900 figure of 18,563.

The population of Jackson, Mich., is 31,433, an increase of 6,253, or 24.8 per cent., as compared with 25,180 in 1900.

FLINT, Mich., Aug. 23.—The extraordinary growth of this city as indicated by the census figures announced to-day is attributable mainly to industrial expansion. In addition to being one of the largest carriage manufacturing cities in the country, Flint is the home of an automobile plant employing thousands of skilled mechanics, and there are many other large plants manufacturing automobiles and carriage parts. Only about 3,000 population has been added as the result of taking new territory into the city limits.

FICKLE BULLDOG LURED AWAY

Prince Chap Broke Leash to Follow Two Girls in an Automobile.

If you should find an English bulldog, answering occasionally to the name of Prince Chap, and return it to Mrs. J. M. Parish at 600 West 136th Street, it will be worth $25 to you. This reward is offered in the Lost and Found column in THE TIMES this morning.

The dog had been her only pet since he was four weeks old, and she is desolate over his disappearance on Saturday afternoon.

The maid was taking him for a walk at the end of a little leader, when Prince Chap suddenly grew interested in a passing automobile, from the back of which leaned two young men, waving canes with bright pennants floating from them.

It was altogether too much for the dog, who strained at his leash till it snapped, and away he trotted after the automobile, deaf to the cries of the maid. He was soon out of sight, and has not come home yet.

VOTE ON THE NECKTIE STRIKE

Workers of New York and New Jersey in Favor of It—Many Cities Involved.

The general strike vote of necktie workers of New York City and New Jersey was started last night, when 600 girls of the first division of the union at Clinton Hall voted to go on a strike unless the principle of the closed shop is recognized by the manufacturers.

General Organizer Abraham Miller stated that the voting of the other divisions, including Brooklyn, Brownsville, Harlem, and the Bronx, will be finished on Saturday, when the date of the strike, if decided upon, will be announced. He said 25,000 workers, including those in Philadelphia, Chicago, Toledo, Boston, Buffalo, and Baltimore, might be drawn into the strike. There are now 120 union shops in the city and 280 non-union shops, employing 8,000 union and 5,000 non-union workers.

SENATOR DEPEW RETURNS.

Back from Europe, Refusing to Talk Politics—Likes French Thrift.

United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew and his wife returned from Europe yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm. He said that he had spent most of the time abroad in Paris. He refused to discuss politics, but waxed enthusiastic over the thrifty habits of the French nation.

"The peasant farmer, small shopkeeper, and the workingman, all save money," he said. "They saved $500,000,000 last year and turned it over to the French bankers for investment. Russia now has $3,000,000,000 of French money, and the United States is beginning to get some of it. We have about $100,000,000 of French money invested with us."

NEW CHICAGO MUSIC HALL.

It Will Have a Woman's Smoking Room and Cost $3,000,000

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Chicago is to have a theatre with a woman's smoking room and a box office especially for women.

The new theatre will be housed in a twenty-story office building which William Morris (Inc.) will build at the southeast corner of Madison Street and Wabash Avenue at an announced cost of $2,000,000. It will be called the American Music Hall.

According to a representative of Mr. Morris the new music hall is to be modeled after types in London and Paris. There are to be a number of promenades, and the boxes will be fitted with hanging tables. Off the balcony will be a man's buffet.

Ford Motor Co. Files $350,000 Bond.

By order of Judge Hough the Ford Motor Company of Michigan, which with others is a defendant in the suit brought by the Columbia Motor Car Company and George B. Selden in the United States Circuit Court for alleged infringement of patent rights, yesterday filed a bond of $350,000 that the injunction may be suspended pending an appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

Italian Nobleman Here.

The Marchese A. Capece Minutolo di Bugnano arrived here yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Berlin, as special envoy from the King of Italy to the centennial celebration which is to be held in the City of Mexico to mark the one-hundredth anniversary of its independence from Spanish rule. He is accompanied by the Marchesa.

GENTLEMEN BEGGARS INVADE FIFTH AVE.

Live on the "Cab Fares" Inveigled from Unsuspecting Evening Promenaders.

ALWAYS DRESSED IN FASHION

One Even Confesses That He's a Member of a Club—$10 a Small Night's Harvest.

The beggar who sits all day crossed-legged in a busy thoroughfare like Twenty-third Street or Thirty-fourth Street ostentatiously exhibiting the stump of a leg or an empty sleeve, the while he sways a battered tin cup back and forth appealingly before the passing crowds, frequently has been exposed as an arrant fakir whose perfectly good leg has been folded cunningly beneath him, or whose husky arm is strapped tightly around behind his back so that even its protuberance through his coat shall not excite suspicion of the empty sleeve. The peddler of matches and other almost useless articles who never expects you to take his wares even when you drop a nickel or a dime into his extended hand is another well-known type of charlatan.

The public learn to recognize these cheats, although they frequently contribute a mite for fear "he really may be an unfortunate," as those whose business takes them forth at night have learned to shun the diamond ring, whose owner will sell it for as little as a dollar, simply because, "I found it, you know, and look at me! I couldn't get a regular jeweler to take it anyway. He'd call the cops."

But the dapper, well-dressed, quiet and gentlemanly mannered beggar is a type not quite so common, and one who only recently has begun to frequent the better class thoroughfares of the town, always, incidentally, after nightfall.

Fifth Avenue, between the Plaza and Thirty-fourth Street, the district of clubs, and in the side streets which run off of the broader avenue of fashionable hotels, also, is the new beggars' stamping ground. Here a score of more of the swindlers may be found any evening.

In dress the new beggar usually is the acme of good taste. His clothing shows the cut and finish of a high-class tailor. His shoes invariably are well polished. His hands are gloved, and probably he swings a stick. To the unknowing he never would be taken for what he is.

"Pardon, old chap," is the usual salutation. "I've run out of the club for a stroll, and just now noticed I hadn't a cent in my clothes. Can't even get a cab home. Could you let me have your card and a dollar. I'll refund, old chap, by first mail, honor bright."

Sometimes the ruse works. Sometimes it doesn't. This doesn't embarrass the new beggar a bit, however. He'll take a refusal with a laugh and go strolling down the avenue in search of a more pliant victim, or as likely as not he'll stop and argue it with you.

One of them explained the other night after his request had been refused by an indignant citizen who called the man's attention to the fact that his clothing was of better quality and more recently pressed, and his whole appearance more prosperous than that of the man he begged from.

"My story's not altogether a lie, old fellow. I really do belong to a pretty well-known club in this town, and it's true that I patronize a good tailor. Also I have apartments in a fairish sort of place not far from the avenue. However, it's the honest truth that I'm broke. Haven't got a red.

"I've been making my living this way for several years now, and I must say that since the regular professional has caught on to the stunt I think I'll have to go to work. It's a bad night when I pick up less than $10, and lots of nights I get more, especially from some wealthy chap who has had a good dinner and who hates to see one of his sort reduced to this. I've paid all my bills this way, and haven't had another penny from any other source in longer than I like to remember.

"Well, if you won't contribute, so long. I'll have better luck further on."

The new form of begging is unique in that it is almost impossible for the police to put a stop to it. To arrest one of these new-fashioned beggars takes more nerve than the average policeman possesses, for from outward appearances he can't tell whether he's picking up a well-to-do clubman or a swindler.

A walk down Fifth Avenue from the Plaza to Thirty-fourth Street will invariably bring one or more salutations of this sort.

MAN AND GIRL DROWNED.

Irving G. Paulding Loses His Life in Trying to Save Miss Bessie Drake.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 23.—There was a double drowning this afternoon at Pink's Pond, a pretty lake eight miles east of Rhinebeck. The accident was due to the overturning of a sailboat in which were eight young persons.

Those who were drowned were Irving Paulding, aged 38, an engineer of New York City, and Miss Bessie Drake, aged 19, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Drake of New Hamburg, N. Y.

Mr. Paulding lost his life in a heroic effort to save the life of Miss Drake. The other members of the party were clinging to the boat, when Paulding noticed that Miss Drake had drifted away. Without hesitation he struck out and grasped the girl, who in her frenzy threw her arms around his neck and dragged him down. Both sank in twenty-five feet of water.

Two campers, Pierre Cookingham and Worthington Marquette of Rhinebeck, had seen the sailboat overturn, and, jumping into a dinghy, they rowed to the scene. Their efforts got them to the side of the drowning couple as the latter disappeared for the last time.

Irving G. Paulding was the chief engineer of the Howard Building, 576 Fifth Avenue, and lived at 139 Lexington Avenue. He was unmarried. He had worked at the Howard Building for four years and left on his vacation last Saturday.

A most comfortable and stylish

ARROW COLLAR

FOR SUMMER

15c. each, 2 for 25c. Arrow Cuffs, 25c.
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Troy, N.Y.

FINEST IMPORTED NOVELTIES

This Summer and last Winter's suitings and overcoatings to measure $25.00. The fine imported stock of J. S. Teichner & Co. 171 Broadway. Their price was $75.00. Sale on second floor and ends Saturday at one o'clock.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

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